OL. XXXVII. WELLSBORO, TIOGA COUNTY, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1910. NO. 10.

HON. WILLIAM B. WILSON
ected Congressman from this District for the Third Consecutive Term by Over 2,500 Majority

BRIEF SUMMARY OF ELECTION.

Vilson beats Pedslee by more than 2,500
easlee's majority in Tioga county only about 250
ner carries Tioga county by less than 250
he House of Representatives is Democratic
ix gets big majority in New York
ix wins in Roosevelt's precinct at Oyster Bay
nm is third man in Pennsylvania.
erry polls amazing vote in every part of the State
Pennsylvania gives Tener a majority of about 20 000 Phil
na gives only 42,000, Allegheny, 15,000.
Vilson swept Lycoming county with about 2,300 majority
r gave Wilson 395 majority and Clinton, 370 Wilson's
rity in the district is estimated at about 2,500
emocratic landslide in New York, New Jersey, Massachu
Ohio and other States
ater election news on fourth page)

TH OF JEREMIAH KLOCK

Wellsboro's Oldest Residents Passes to His Reward.

sboro has lost one of its old
most highly esteemed citi
a man who was remarkable
active possession of all his
s up to the time of his death
n Jeremiah Klock passed
illy away at his home on
street last Sunday morning
passed his eighty sixth mile
His was a life of unusual
characterized by that success
invariably attends thrift, econ-
d integrity in all affairs Mr
had not been really sick it
ly a breaking down of his
constitution and he died as
lly as he lived safe in the
of Christian experience
Klock was born at Herkimer
May 7 1824 He came to this
when a boy locating in Char
where he engaged in farm
l spent a good portion of his
He was prosperous and sur-
as a farmer All he accom
was through his own re-
but it was the practical en
f a wife whose spirit that
m after his spirit had
rest from his labor in
n l m ve Wellsboro where
since lived
[illegible] member
first church and was
lar attendant regardless of
r conditions It was only
his health would not permit
r Klock failed especially
g and coming years He
staunch Republican but never
ed politics [illegible]
express [illegible] on
or other subjects He was a
ader kept his [illegible] well in
at all times and did [illegible]
express his honest convic
whenever occasion required
ck was just what he stood
he He was a good man
deceased is survived by three
n—Mrs Jennie D Ent of
ton Milton L Klock and Mrs
Kimball of Wellsboro He
survived by five brothers and
ter as follows Hiram Klock
rleston, Edward Klock of
ton Andrew Klock of Wells
Adam Klock of Illinois Henry
of Kansas and Mrs Lizzie
of Charleston
funeral was held from the
yesterday afternoon at 1 30
Rev Harry Walkins of
ville N Y a friend of the
d officiated assisted by Rev
G Langford

Bradford county farmer dug
ushels of potatoes from less
ree acres of land The White
rigions averaged about 300
s to the acre and the Rural
orkers" about 240 bushels an

DEATH OF MRS W A VANHORN.

Young Bride of a Month Succumbs to Operation.

A particularly sad and sorrowful death occurred last Sunday evening about 6 o'clock when Mrs Margaret E VanHorn the four weeks bride of William Allen VanHorn died at their new home on Walnut street Mrs VanHorn was born at James town N Y and was 21 years of age On October 10th last she was married in marriage to William Allen VanHorn eldest son of Mr and Mrs William D VanHorn of this borough The ceremony was performed in Jamestown Hospital that the bride's mother who has been seriously ill with heart trouble might witness it After a wedding tour Mr and Mrs VanHorn returned to Wellsboro and just one week before her death her began setting for housekeeping in the VanHorn house on Walnut street

The young bride had always enjoyed perfect health till she was stricken last Thursday Surgeons removed her vermiform appendicitis Friday an operation was performed but her vitality had developed and little improvement was given for recovery

Mrs VanHorn's sad and untimely death leaves inexpressible sorrow to the young husband and a host of relatives and friends to mourn her loss Besides her husband she leaves one brother Mr Frank Brown of Jamestown N Y

Funeral services were held from the home of William D VanHorn on Walnut street Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock Rev H H Hershey officiated Interment in the Wellsboro cemetery

Affairs at Asaph.

Asaph Nov 9 We learn that Mrs Mary Chaffee who left this place for Corning in October for Mr Elmira is very sick with typhoid fever

John Smith is quite ill at Gaines

Mrs Harvey Moore has been very ill for the past few days

Mr and Mrs F H Butler visited their son Isaac over Sunday

Mrs Jerome Frank of this place has moved to Wellsboro

The hunters are very numerous in this section but as yet very little game has been reported

Warren Butler and family have moved to Galeton where he has secured employment in the B & S shops

Letters received from Clarence Bradley and family of Saint Cloud Florida state that they are much pleased with that country

The Ladies' Aid will meet at Mrs Ella Hoadley's for dinner to-morrow

TO OPEN NEW COAL LANDS.

May Be Tapped By Erie Railroad, Which is Now Making Survey.

The Erie railroad is conducting a survey with the idea of getting at the cost of tapping the coal lands back of English Center by a branch road connecting with their own line at Blossburg and shooting into the mountains by way of Arnot Plank and Nauvoo The surveyors have been working in Liberty township the past week

It is said that the engineer in charge of the work will make a favorable report to his company in so far as the practicability of the work is concerned He estimates that the cost per mile through this mountainous country would be about $30 000 and that the most saving route would require a distance of twenty miles to be traversed by the steel

It has been a matter of common knowledge for almost a half a century that valuable coal lands are embraced in the great tract of land near English Center owned by Mrs Anna Penfield nee Anna Weightman Walker At one time the Pittsburg Binghamton and Eastern made a survey with an idea of tapping the rich mining country and a number of unofficial surveys have been made by the New York Central which seems to be the logical road to bear away the coal The last named railroad could follow the bed of Little Pine creek and not be called upon to do very much grading.

In an interview one of the engineers said that it would be necessary to haul 300 tons a day from the mines if the project was to be a profitable one for the railroad Asked if some sort of arrangement had been entered into with the management of the Walker estate he replied that that part of the work was outside his domain but that he understood that a contract would be demanded On the Walker lands there are five foot veins of coal and one seven foot vein In fact it is claimed the veins are of sufficient size and productiveness to yield three times the amount of coal called for in the saving clause of the railroad contract

The construction of the proposed line would mean an expenditure of some $400,000. Much interest in the outcome of the survey is manifested in Liberty as a railroad through the township would prove of incalcuable benefit to that section of the county

Welcome the Teachers.

Next Monday witnesses the commencement of the annual Teachers Institute which opens at the Auditorium at 2 p m Next week the population of the town will be increased between four and five hundred Taken as a class the teachers represent the cream of the citizenship of the county—the best people on earth While they will be only migratory residents Wellsboro would like to have such people live within its borders the year around, and while they are here they may be assured of receiving the best hospitality the town affords

The hotels boarding houses and many private houses will be filled with teachers and we expect Wellsboro people to do all in their power to make their visit here pleasant The teacher's life is not an easy one and the week's vacation from its trials and arduous work can be made a helpful rest giving vacation if the parties at whose home or boarding house they are entertained put themselves out even a little to give the hard working instructors a good time good food and lodge them in large commodious well ventilated and well heated rooms Asking a lot for the school teachers are we not? But then they deserve it and it is no more than they should receive

Little Marsh Matters

Little Marsh Nov The pie social held in the M E parsonage on Friday evening was a success in every way The proceeds amounted to $ 2

Mr and Mrs C D Davis of Middlebury were Sunday guests at the home of Mr and Mrs E S Davis

Mr and Mrs Ben Gee of Keeneyville visited over Sunday at the home of Mr and Mrs Herbert West

The Ladies Aid met last Wednesday at the home of Mrs Effie Rice for dinner Table fee $4 40

Fred Roach of Harrisburg is visiting at the home of Mr and Mrs Alex Wass

Mrs Minnie Spence was called to Williamsport on Friday to see her sister Mrs Clara Hill who is a patient at the city hospital

Mrs H B Closs and Katherine Miller of Middlebury were guests on Tuesday of Mrs Allie Strawn

Mrs K D Mitchell and son Foster returned on Friday from a two weeks visit at Roseville

Finds Valuable Metal

James Dougherty who lives near Roaring Branch has discovered an ore which he believes to be molybdenum Dougherty thinks that section is similar to the Tennessee copper districts and if ever copper is found in paying quantities it will be in the sulfide under the black oxide which is found in that locality Samples of the molybdenum ore have been sent to an assayer and his report is awaited with interest Molybdenum is worth $1 75 a pound at the present time

FOR RAISING THE MAINE.

Train Load of Steel Piling Passes Over the Pine Creek Division.

Last Friday night a train of 50 cars loaded with 2,100 tons of steel piling to be used in constructing two powerful coffer dams in raising the battleship Maine from Havana harbor, passed over this division of the New York Central At Newberry Junction the train was transferred to the Reading railroad Each car on which the steel was loaded had a large card announcing the fact that it was to be used in the raising of the Maine

The train was started from the yards of the Lackawanna Steel Company at Buffalo on Friday morning and was bound to Port Richmond, Philadelphia The train is one of several that are to be sent to Port Richmond loaded with steel The dams when completed will weigh several thousand tons and will be shipped by steamer direct to Havana American flags which will adorn them until their arrival at Havana harbor have been draped about the steel The dams will then be placed in position and the Maine raised to the surface The remains of a number of bodies of sailors supposed to be buried in the wreck will it is believed be recovered by this means

The destruction of the Maine in the harbor of Havana the night of Feb 15 1898, resulted in an exhaustive investigation at the time and although it was declared as the result of the investigation that the primary explosion that resulted in the wrecking of the ship came from the outside and resulted in the subsequent explosion of the magazines, nobody has ever been quite satisfied with the deliverance of the court of inquiry It is now believed the accuracy of recent reports concerning the blowing up of the Maine will be determined by the raising of the sunken battleship

DEATH OF MRS. J. H. NILES.

A Well-Known Nelson Lady Passes Away—Other News

Nelson Nov 9—A M Finch has purchased the home of Adelbert Price and will take possession this week Mr Price will move his family to Elkland

Mrs Eula Margraff of Knoxville was in town last Wednesday to consult Dr Phillips

Mrs. Wm. Coates was in Knoxville on business Friday

Mrs Wm Chilson has typhoid fever She has nursed three of her children through the disease and has finally succumbed to it herself

Mrs James Phillips of Westfield is visiting her son Dr B L Phillips

Miss Gertrude Robison of Ulysses is visiting her sister Mrs Ed Chilson

A Bright Idea Club was organized at the home of Mrs F L Tuttle on Saturday evening with about a dozen charter members If the Saturday night meeting was a sample of those to come their object Mutual benefit and improvement will be abundantly realized

Mrs L V Morgan is quite sick at her home in the parsonage

Mrs J H Niles died at her home in this place last week Sunday night She was a good woman and her quiet and pleasant disposition endeared her to all who knew her Mrs Niles was a former resident of Middlebury township where she was well and favorably known Besides her husband she is survived by one daughter Mrs William W Stevens of this place A prayer was offered at the house on Tuesday and the remains were taken to Niles Valley where funeral services were held from the church in that place

Notes From South Delmar

Delmar Nov 9 A team belonging to Robert Morrow driven by a hired driver for the occasion came home from Wellsboro last Tuesday night minus the driver who is supposed to have been lost on the way The team was stopped by Ed French who cared for them until the owner called for them The driver failed to show up until Saturday night

Mrs James Flemming and children of Teaskeville N Y are visiting at the home of her father Thomas Lindsay

Mrs C Krause of Wellsboro and Charles Krause and family of Manhattan were Sunday guests of Mr and Mrs [illegible]

Owing to unseasonable standing Congressman William B Wilson failed to reach here last Saturday afternoon to disappoint a good sized crowd of voters who had assembled to hear his talk He filled his appointment at Salt Lick and many were there to hear him

Miss Maud Christie and daughter Marian Lane are visiting relatives at Forestville N Y

Mrs D B Shumway is visiting her daughter Mrs Thomas Lindsay at Walsworth N Y

Two of the largest barns in Blair county worth $10 000 were burned to the ground the other night Investigation after a thorough inquiry put forth the theory that the barns were set on fire by wasps nests ignited by spontaneous combustion produced by the chemical action caused by the wax coming in contact with the paper-like substance of which the nests are composed

MIDDLEBURY MENTIONS.

Keeneyville Without a Pastor—Funeral of Mrs. J. H. Niles

French Hill, Nov 9—Keeneyville is still without a pastor, but the members of the church at this place have secured the services of Rev L Morgan of Nelson, former pastor of the Keeneyville charge to preside here until a pastor is arranged for

Mr and Mrs John Brown are both in very poor health and are failing rapidly Grave doubts are entertained for Mrs Brown's recovery Mrs Hiram Dewey of Presho is helping to care for her mother Mrs Brown

Mrs Helen French and Miss May Taylor spent several days in Rochester last week with friends During their stay in the city they listened to a speech by ex President Roosevelt

Mrs Beebout of Woodhull N Y was called here Sunday by the serious illness of her sister Mrs John Brown She was accompanied by her brother Daniel Taft of Bottom Hill

Quite a number of people from this place attended the funeral of the late Mrs James H Niles of Nelson which was held at the Niles Valley church last Tuesday Rev Goodrich of Nelson preached the sermon A large concourse of friends and neighbors attended the services Mrs Niles was loved and respected by all who knew her She was a devout and faithful member of the M E church and will be greatly missed by all The deceased is survived by her husband and one daughter Mrs Will Stevens of Nelson

The taxpayers of this section are still making an effort to secure a school or to provide means to have children taken to school The residents would like to know by what means the law of any provides to take away a school from a certain section of the township and still made no provision to care for the school children at some other near by school There are about 12 children here who have either to walk from one and a half to two and a half miles to the nearest school or else remain at home Where is the justice in this to the taxpayers and parents who are obliged to pay taxes for the other schools

DEEDS RECORDED.

With Location of Lands, Names of Parties and Consideration

Hamilton—Morris Run Coal Mining Company to Morris Run Polish Congregation 2¾ acres $10

Elk—Chas A Reinwald and wife et al to Fred H Reinwald 82¼ acres $1

Westfield township—Waldo H Edgcomb and wife et al to F M Atwell 85 acres $2 00

Clymer—Jas C Goodspeed and wife to F M Atwell lots $1

Westfield borough—Chas F Krusen and wife to Frank A Ackley 272 acres $9 000

Mansfield—Edwin Butler by Sheriff to Willard Dewey lot $44

Charleston—Angeline A Rumsey and husband et al to Manning C May 103 acres $1

Westfield township—Jennie Frazier and husband to Charles S Bates lot $ 00

Union—G F Williams by Sheriff to Mort Williams 67 acres $470

Ward—Thos Darling and wife et al to Laning Harvey et al lots $1

Middlebury—Albert Shepard and wife to Silas F Shepard 5 acres $200

Tioga borough—Natha D Shappee and wife to Nancy W Wickham lot $250

Lawrence—Walter F French to Eva M Trounsberry 54 acres $1500

Wellsboro—Harriet A Alexander et al to John Lynch lot $1 00

Richmond—George Allis and wife to D H Pitts 2¾ acres $[illegible]

Elkland—Eva A Force and husband to Elvira Trowbridge [illegible] acres $4

Mansfield—Edward C Sake and wife and Charles A Holden lot $100

Mansfield—Albert H Lansing and wife to Gertrude Makley 1 acre $[illegible]

Mansfield—Charles A Holden and wife to Frank F Wilcox lots $2 00

Brookfield—Wesconi E Blank and wife et al to B Kocher [illegible] acres $1 024

Blossburg—Edward Davis [illegible] Terrence Conway lot $600

New Rule of Court

And now October 1 1910 Rule XVI of the Rules of Court entitled Divorce is hereby amended by adding after Section 8 the following

Section 9 No decree will be awarded unless the libel avers the county and state in which the parties were domiciled at the time of the happening of the alleged cause of divorce and the residence of the libellant at the date of the swearing to the libel and how long he or she has resided there giving the county and state also the residence of the respondent at the same date and how long he or she has resided at the place stated, naming the county and state or in case of an inability to so state, an averment that the libellant cannot state such residence positively or on information and belief At the trial evidence must be offered in support of said averments

BY THE COURT

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

Summary of the Local Events and Happenings of the Past Week.

—Mrs Elizabeth Payne, of Jackson Summit, died recently at the home of her daughter at Morris Run

—Last Saturday a Lycoming county hunter killed a 200-pound bear with a shot gun loaded with No 6 shot

—Edward Chamberlain, of Clymer, died of heart failure a few days ago, following an illness of four months duration

—Rev Nathaniel Johnstone, who recently came from England has been called to the pastorate of the Covington and Sullivan State Road Baptist Churches

—Chester Beach, of Mansfield, has resigned his position in the First National Bank at that place and entered a railway training school in Elmira

—James W Binkie, aged 40 years, car inspector for the New York Central at Avis near Jersey Shore was run over by a train last Friday night and his body cut in two

—Miss Grace Goodrich daughter of Mr and Mrs G H Goodrich of Elkland and William Shanley of Shingle House were united in marriage at Elkland, Oct 29 by Rev D E Parcells

—M B Wheeler who a few months ago moved from Mansfield to Elmira has resigned his position with the Swift Beef Company and is conducting a grocery and meat market in that city

—A touring car owned by Howard H Roberts of Blossburg, was burned near Ithaca, N Y, one day last week The accident was due to a leak in the generator, which became ignited from an oil headlight A strong wind fanned the blaze in the pan under the engine and the destruction of the car followed

—Harry Gee, formerly of Sabinsville and later of Galeton has purchased the Hofbrau cafe in Elmira and is now in charge of the place The Hofbrau was started and controlled by Volney Hal Smith, who shot and killed Edward Sullivan on the morning of October 21 Mr Smith has been in jail since that time The cafe is one of the finest of its kind in Elmira

—Frank Potter, of Westfield who for about three weeks was confined in the Detention Hospital in Elmira suffering from acute spinal paralysis recently termed as infantile paralysis was taken to a Philadelphia hospital last week for treatment The hospital is conducted in connection with a medical school and the disease is being investigated thoroughly by those in charge in the hope of mastering the causes and the best cure

—It will be of interest to Tioga county veterans to learn that 64 handsome granite and bronze markers will have been placed along the Confederate lines of battle at Gettysburg by the end of this month according to the plans of the National Park Commission Of this number the majority are already in place Seventy five similar monuments are to be placed on the Union lines next year The brigade markers are of Westerly Me granite with large substantial bronze tablets giving the history of each brigade surrounding the battle

—A movement has been launched by a number of sportsmen of Williamsport to circulate petitions to the Legislature looking toward the abolishment of bear traps The only persons using traps are those who want bears for market and sportsmen are anxious that the bear be protected rather than under the present law killed in traps It is pointed out by those back of the movement that the catching of bears in traps not only tends to extermination of this species of game but is cruel practice, as the animal frequently free themselves leaving a leg or other limb in the trap

Legislators from some sections of the state indicate that a bill to amend the game laws in relation to the number of rabbits killed in a day by the hunters Ten a day for one gunner seems to them and while most farmers would hardly oppose any reduction in the number of these animals killed upon their lands yet so long as there is a law prescribing a limit those who exceed are liable to have penalties invoked This being the case rabbit hunters are cautioned against violations for at the rate of five per shot rabbits would be killed in a day

A correspondent writes an inquiry as to how eggs a day has been taken from a farmer's hen in Lycoming county Chicken legs off the hens have been seen around the farm of F A Stabler had one leg cut off by getting under a horse's hoof The hen can only travel by the movement of the wings and the other crippled foot so that the matter of getting about the place is accompanied by constant exercise A month ago the young hen began to lay and it has repeatedly laid two eggs in one day This productivity is ascribed to its great amount of bodily exercise But Mr Stabler has not yet made up his mind to cut the legs off any more of his hens for the sake of inducing them to lay

THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

An Excellent Corps of Instructors and Entertainments Secured.

The annual session of the Tioga County Teachers Institute will be held at the Bache Auditorium next week The lecturers, both day and evening, are of exceptional ability. There is not a "cheap number on the program The evening features will consist of two lectures and two musical entertainments, each one of first-class reputation

Monday evening a concert will be given by the International Sextette, composed of ladies The members of this company are all artists and their program is replete with bright and amusing novelties requiring many changes of costume, representing the Irish, witty and winsome, the French, chic and artistic, the Japanese, dainty, the Spanish, fantastic and gaudy; the German, classic the American, vim and vigor In representing the above nations the International Sextette depict in motion, picture and song the life and customs of their subjects They also introduce native musical instruments as well as the songs in the native language of the foreign countries

Prof L B Wickersham, the popular lecturer, will entertain on Tuesday evening In speaking of this 'Great Master Lecturer' the St Francis (Kansas) Herald says

Those who attended the Wickersham lecture at the church Tuesday evening went out expecting to hear something good but few were prepared for the rare treat which they enjoyed For an hour and forty minutes Mr Wickersham held his audience spellbound and at the close nearly all rushed forward to grasp him by the hand Mr Wickersham's mastery of ideas control of language and self possession are truly marvelous and he has been voted by many the strongest man who ever appeared upon our platform. No one heard the lecture who didn't receive many times the worth of his money, and those who failed to hear him suffered an irreparable loss"

Wednesday evening the Wilbur Starr Quartette Company promise A Program Worth While The company consists of Wilbur Starr, baritone and impersonator, Chas W Donald, first tenor, Joseph Worthington second tenor, Chas H Reid, basso and Mrs Wilbur Starr, pianist and cellist M. Starr appears in a series of impersonations and character songs which are pronounced by the press among the best ever" He is a good impersonator and a singer of magnificent voice and splendid personality The trio of singers whom Mr Starr has selected to accompany him are highly capable of carrying out the high class program to be presented Mrs Starr is a brilliant pianist and 'cellist and her work adds much to the musical features presented The program is rich in variety, but quality is not sacrificed for the sake of variety, and it is carried out faultlessly

William Edward Geil the eminent American traveler author and orator is the attraction for Thursday evening the last of the series Dr Geil is a native of Pennsylvania and a graduate of Lafayette College. He is the world's greatest traveler, is the only living man who has crossed both China and Tropical Africa through the vast dangerous Pigmy Forest was the first traveler to go up the Yangtze on a native gunboat accompanied by a mandarin especially appointed, has seen more savage and pagan tribes than any other explorer of modern times is the most extensive traveler in hot and heathen parts of the world today no other living man has performed such prodigious journeys in widely-separated regions and among peoples of the most divergent characteristics Dr Geil is one of the very few white men who have penetrated savage cannibal New Guinea as far as Mount Douglass visited the head hunters of Borneo and eaten with violent wild men in other South Sea Archipelagoes He has a world of pipes nightly a ready wit, and will give a most interesting and instructive lecture on the peoples and religion of Africa with special reference to the Pigmies based on a tour through the vast Continent

Full course tickets will be sold at $1 and $2 according to location of seats single admission, 50 cents

Locals From Lawrenceville

Lawrenceville Nov 9—The Gilson family reunion held for the benefit of St Johns church, was well attended

Edgar Croffut of Elmira spent Sunday with his parents here

Mrs A F Swan still continues in very poor health

Mrs Maud Croffut of Nelson visited her brother Wilson Robins in this place last Thursday

A daughter was born last Saturday to Mrs Obed Dillon

—Burr DeVed of Springfield, Bradford county died at the Williamsport hospital on Monday following the amputation of his arm as the result of injuries sustained by the accidental discharge of a gun while hunting The accident happened on Saturday and the young man was taken to the hospital that night He lost a large quantity of blood before he was taken out of the woods after the accident, and placed in the care of doctors

NOV 1 9 1 0

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY AT

WELLSBORO, TIOGA COUNTY, PA.

TERMS, $1.50 Per Year in Advance

FRANK CONEVERY, Editor and Prop'r.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

TIME.	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	4 in.	5 in.	10 in	20 in.
1 Week..	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
2 Weeks.	1 50	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	9 00	15 00
3 Weeks.	2 00	3 50	5 00	6 00	7 00	12 00	18 00
1 Month.	2 50	4 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	15 00	20 00
2 Months	4 00	6 00	8 00	10 00	12 00	20 00	28 00
3 Months	5 00	8 00	12 00	13 00	15 00	25 00	35 00
6 Months	8 00	12 00	18 00	20 00	22 00	35 00	60 00
1 Year..	12 00	18 00	24 00	25 00	32 00	50 00	100 00

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BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. H. W. BAILEY,
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Successor to Dr. Frank H. Rose, office over Graves & Mathers' store, Main street, Wellsboro, Pa—Feb. 1-07.

JOHN GERKIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR.

Over Agitator office Wellsboro, Pa. Samples of Imported and Domestic cloths, of beautiful patterns.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Special attention given to diseases of women and Electro Theraph, also diseases of Ear, Nose and Throat.

GET AWAY FROM THAT FROWN

That's what you do when you wear SO-EASY EYE GLASSES fitted by

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WELLSBORO, PA.

WILLARD G. LENT, M. D.

COMPLETE Equipment. Trained Nurses. Massage. Vibratory Massage. Electricity Surgery. Diseases of Women and Rectual Diseases. Rupture and Hemorrhoids cured without operation. Catarrh and Catarrhal Deafness and all Diseases of the Ear Nose Throat and Lungs.

CANCER TREATED BY THE ALEXANDER METHOD

OPIUM AND MORPHINE HABITS CURED.

Facts Worth Knowing

When in need of high-class tailoring: We more than doubled our business last season. Our motto—the best is none too good for our customers, offering only the best of Foreign and Domestic Woolens in exclusive and smart styles, has proven a winner. Owing to the fact that we have no rent to pay, owning our store building, we are in a position to offer high-class tailoring at a price that invites your inspection.

E. E. BUCK
WELLSBORO, PA.
IN REAR OF THE POSTOFFICE BLOCK

$ Boost! $
Keep Boosting

Advertise in this paper. Plug hard, regularly, systematically. Play up the best goods you sell at the right price in this paper.

(Copyright 1909 by W. N. U.)

YOU ARE READING THIS AD.—OTHERS WILL READ YOURS

MOST everybody reads the ads. in this paper. They furnish so much news to the men in town and on the farm as the personals, and often more. ¶ Peter Smith's wife wants a new hat. Smith sees by the paper that Jones is selling hats at so much. Johnson's store ad. is missing from the paper—Johnson's trying a non-advertising policy.

RESULT—Jones gets Smith's money

Smith's wife gets her hat.

(Copyright, 1909, by W. N. U.)

The MAN in LOWER TEN

by MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

AUTHOR of THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

ILLUSTRATIONS by M. O. KETTNER

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SYNOPSIS.

Lawrence Blakeley, lawyer, goes to Pittsburg with the forged notes in the Brenzen case to get the deposition of John Gilmore, millionaire. A lady requests Blakeley to buy her a Pullman ticket. He gives her lower 11 and retains lower 10. He finds a drunken man in lower 10 and retires in lower 8. He awakens in lower 7 and finds his clothes and bag missing. The man in lower 10 is found murdered. Circumstantial evidence points to both Blakeley and the man who stole his clothes. The train is wrecked and Blakeley is rescued from a burning car by a girl in blue. His arm is broken. The girl proves to be Allison West, his partner's sweetheart. Blakeley returns home and finds he is under surveillance. Moving pictures of the train taken just before the wreck reveal to Blakeley a man leaping from the train with his stolen grip. Investigation proves that the man's name is Sullivan. Mrs. Crawley, the woman for whom Blakeley bought a Pullman ticket, tries to make a bargain with him for the forged notes, not knowing that they are missing. Blakeley and an amateur detective investigate the home of Sullivan's sister. From a servant Blakeley learns that Allison West had been there on a visit and Sullivan had been attentive to her. Sullivan is the husband of a daughter of the murdered man. Blakeley's house is ransacked by the police.

CHAPTER XXVI.—Continued.

He drew a chair near the lamp and lighted a cigarette, and for a time we were silent. I was in the shadow, and I sat back and watched him. It was not suprising, I thought, that she cared for him; women had always loved him, perhaps because he always loved them. There was no disloyalty in the thought; it was the lad's nature to give and crave affection. Only—I was different. I had never really cared about a girl before, and my life had been singularly loveless. I had fought a lonely battle always. Once before, in college, we had both laid ourselves and our callow devotions at the feet of the same girl. Her name was Dorothy—I had forgotten the rest—but I remembered the sequel. In a spirit of quixotic youth I had relinquished my claim in favor of Richey, and had gone cheerfully on my way, elevated by my heroic sacrifice to a somber, white-hot martyrdom. As is often the case, McKnight's first words showed our parallel lines of thought.

"I say, Lollie," he asked, "do you remember Dorothy Browne? B-r-o-w-n-e! That was it!"

"Dorothy Browne?" I repeated. "Oh—why yes, I recall her now. Why?"

"Nothing," he said. "I was thinking about her. That's all. You remember, you were crazy about her, and dropped back because she preferred me?"

"I got out," I said with dignity, "because you declared you would shoot yourself if she didn't go with you to something or other!"

"Oh, why yes, I recall now!" he mimicked. He tossed his cigarette in the general direction of the hearth and got up. We were both a little conscious, and he stood with his back to me, fingering a Japanese vase on the mantel.

"I was thinking," he began, turning the vase around, "that, if you feel pretty well again, and—and ready to take hold, that I should like to go away for a week or so. Things are fairly well cleaned up at the office."

"Do you mean—you are going to Richmond?" I asked, after a scarcely perceptible pause. He turned and faced me, with his hands thrust in his pockets.

"No. That's off, Lollie. The Seiberts are going for a week's cruise along the coast. I—the hot weather has played bob with me and the cruise means seven days' breeze and bridge."

I lighted a cigarette and offered him the box, but he refused. He was looking haggard and suddenly tired. I could not think of anything to say, and neither could he, evidently. The matter between us lay too deep for speech.

"How's Candida?" he asked.

"Martin says a month and she will be all right," I returned, in the same tone. He picked up his hat, but he had something more to say. He blurted it out, finally, half way to the door.

"The Seiberts are not going for a couple of days," he said, "and if you want a day or so off to go down to Richmond yourself—"

"Perhaps I shall," I returned, as indifferently as I could. "Not going yet, are you?"

"Yes. It is late." He drew in his breath as if he had something more to say, but the hour so passed. "Well, good night," he said from the doorway.

"Good night, old man."

The next moment the outer door slammed and I heard the engine of the Cannonball throbbing in the street. Then the quiet settled down around me again, and there in the lamplight I dreamed dreams. I was going to see her.

Suddenly the idea of being shut away, even temporarily, from so great and wonderful a world became intolerable. The possibility of arrest before I could get to Richmond was hideous, the night without end.

I made my escape the next morning through the stable. Back of the house, and then by devious dark and winding ways, to the office. There, after a conference with clerks whose features fairly jerked with excitement, I double-locked the door of my private office and finished off some imperative work. By ten o'clock I was free, and for the twentieth time I consulted my train schedule. At five minutes after ten, with McKnight not yet in sight, Hobs knocked at the door, the double rap we had agreed upon, and on being admitted slipped in and quietly closed the door behind him. His eyes were glistening with excitement, and a purple dab of typewriter ink gave him a peculiarly villainous and stealthy expression.

"They're here," he said. "Two of 'em, and that crazy Stuart wasn't on, and said you were somewhere in the building."

A door slammed outside, followed by steps on the uncarpeted outer office.

"This way," said Blobs, in a husky undertone, and, darting into a lavatory, threw open a door that I had always supposed locked. Thence into a back hall piled high with boxes and past the presses of a bookbindery to the freight elevator.

Greatly to Blobs' disappointment, there was no pursuit. I was exhilarated but out of breath when we emerged into an alleyway, and the sharp daylight shone on Blobs' excited face.

"Great sport, isn't it?" I panted, dropping a dollar into his palm, inked to correspond with his face. "Regular walk-away in the hundred-yard dash."

"Gimme two dollars more and I'll drop 'em down the elevator shaft," he suggested ferociously. I left him there with his blood-thirsty schemes, and started for the station. I had a tendency to look behind me now and then, but I reached the station unnoticed. The afternoon was hot, the train rolled slowly along, stopping to pant at sweltering stations, from whose roofs the heat rose in waves. But I noticed these things objectively, not subjectively, for at the end of the journey was a girl with blue eyes and dark brown hair, hair that could—had I not seen it?—hang loose in bewitching tangles or be twisted into little coils of delight.

CHAPTER XXVII.

The Sea, the Sand, the Stars.

I telephoned as soon as I reached my hotel, and I had not known how much I had hoped from seeing her until I learned that she was out of town. I hung up the receiver, almost dizzy with disappointment, and it was fully five minutes before I thought of calling up again and asking if she was within telephone reach. It seemed she was down on the bay staying with the Samuel Forbeses.

Sammy Forbes! It was a name to conjure with just then. In the old days at college I had rather flouted him, but now I was ready to take him to my heart. I remembered that he had always meant well, anyhow, and that he was explosively generous. I called him up.

"By the fumes of gasoline!" he said, when I told him who I was. "Blakeley, the Fount of Wisdom, against Woman! Blakeley, the Great Unkissed! Welcome to our city!"

Whereupon he proceeded to urge me to come down to the Shack, and to say that I was an agreeable surprise, because four times in two hours youths had called up to ask if Alison West was stopping with him, and to suggest that they had a vacant day or two.

"Oh—Miss West!" I shouted politely. There was a buzzing on the line. "Is she there?"

Sam had no suspicions. Was not I in his mind always the Great Unkissed—which sounds like the Great Unwashed and is even more of a reproach. He asked me down promptly, as I had hoped, and thrust aside my objections.

"Nonsense," he said. "Bring yourself. The lady that keeps my boarding-house is calling to me to insist. You remember Dorothy, don't you, Dorothy Browne? She says unless you have lost your figure you can wear my clothes all right. All you need here is a bathing suit for day time and a dinner coat for evening."

"It sounds cool," I temporized. "If you are sure I won't put you out—very well, Sam, since you and your wife are good enough. I have a couple of days free. Give my love to Dorothy until I can do it myself."

Sam met me himself and drove me out to the Shack, which proved to be a substantial house overlooking the water. On the way he confided to me that lots of married men thought they were contented when they were merely resigned, but that it was the only life, and that Sam, junior, could swim like a duck. Incidentally, he said that Alison was his wife's cousin; their respective grandmothers having, at proper intervals, married the same man, and that Alison would lose her good looks if she was not careful.

"I say she's worried, and I stick to it," he said, as he threw the lines to a groom and prepared to get out. "You know her, and she's the kind of girl you think you can read like a book. But you can't; don't fool yourself. Take a good look at her at dinner, Blake; you won't lose your head like the other fellows—and then tell me what's wrong with her. We're mighty fond of Allie."

He went ponderously up the steps, for Sam had put on weight since I knew him. At the door he turned around. "Do you happen to know the MacLure's at Seal Harbor?" he asked irrelevantly, but Mrs. Sam came into the hall just then, both hands out to greet me, and, whatever Forbes had meant to say, he did not pick up the subject again.

"We are having tea in here," Dorothy said gaily, indicating the door behind her. "Tea by courtesy, because I think tea is the only beverage that isn't represented. And then we must dress, for this is hop night at the club."

"Which is as great a misnomer as the tea," Sam put in, ponderously struggling out of his linen driving coat. "It's bridge night, and the only hops are in the beer."

He was still gurgling over this as he took me upstairs. He showed me my room himself, and then began the fruitless search for evening raiment that kept me home that night from the club. For I couldn't wear Sam's clothes. That was clear after a perspiring seance of a half hour.

"They're Here," He Said.

"I won't do it, Sam," I said, when I had draped his dress-coat on me toga fashion. "Who am I to have clothing to spare like this, when many a poor chap hasn't even a cellar door to cover him. I won't do it. I'm selfish, but not that selfish."

"Lord," he said, wiping his face, "how you've kept your figure! I can't wear a belt any more; got to have suspenders."

He reflected over his grievance for some time, sitting on the side of the bed. "You could go as you are," he said finally. "We do it all the time, only to-night happens to be the annual something or other, and—" he trailed off into silence, trying to buckle my belt around him. "A good six inches," he sighed. "I never get into a hansom cab any more that I don't expect to see the horse fly up in the air. Well, Allie isn't going either. She turned down Granger this afternoon, the Annapolis fellow you met on the stairs, pigeon-breasted chap—and she always gets a headache on those occasions."

He got up heavily and went to the door. "Granger is leaving," he said. "I may be able to get his dinner-coat for you. How well do you know her?" he asked, with his hand on the knob.

"If you mean Dolly—?"

"Alison."

"Fairly well," I said cautiously. "Not as well as I would like to. I dined with her last week in Washington. And—I knew her before that."

Forbes touched a bell instead of going out, and told the servant who answered to see if Mr. Granger's suit-case had gone. If not, to bring it across the hall. Then he came back to his former position on the bed.

"You see, we feel responsible for Allie—near relation and all that," he began pompously. "And we can't talk to the people here at the house—all the men are in love with her, and all the women are jealous. Then—there's a lot of money, too, or will be."

"Confound the money!" I muttered. "That is—nothing. Razor slipped."

"I can tell you," he went on, "because you don't lose your head over every pretty face—although Allie is more than that, of course. But about a month ago she went away—to Seal Harbor, to visit Janet MacLure. Know her?"

"No."

"She came home to Richmond yesterday, and then came down here—Allie, I mean. And yesterday afternoon Dolly had a letter from Janet—something about a second man—and saying she was disappointed not to have had Alison there, that she had promised them a two-weeks' visit! What do you make of that? And that isn't the worst. Allie herself wasn't in the room, but there were eight other women, and because Dolly had put belladonna in her eyes the night before to see how she would look, and as a result couldn't see anything nearer than across the room, some one read the letter aloud to her, and the whole story is out. One of the cats told Granger and the boy proposed to Allie to-day, to show her he didn't care a tinker's dam where she had been."

"Good boy!" I said, with enthusiasm. I liked the Granger fellow—since he was out of the running. But Sam was looking at me with suspicion.

"Blake," he said, "if I didn't know you for what you are, I'd say you were interested there yourself."

Being so near her, under the same roof, with even the tie of a dubious secret between us, was making me heady. I pushed Forbes toward the door.

"Interested!" I retorted, holding him by the shoulders. "There isn't a word in your vocabulary to fit my condition. I am an island in a sunlit sea of emotion, Sam. A—an empty place surrounded by longing—a—"

"An empty place surrounded by longing!" he retorted. "You want your dinner, that's what's the matter with you—"

I shut the door on him then. He seemed suddenly sordid. Dinner, I thought! Although, as a matter of fact, I made a very fair meal when, Granger's suit-case not having gone, in his coat and some other man's trousers, I was finally fit for the amenities. Alison did not come down to dinner, so it was clear she would not go over to the clubhouse dance. I plied my injured arm, and a fictitious, vaguely located sprain from the wreck, as an excuse for remaining at home. Sam regaled the table with accounts of my distrust of women, my one love affair—with Dorothy; to which I responded, as was expected, that only my failure there had kept me single all these years, and that if Sam should be mysteriously missing during the bathing hour to-morrow, and so on.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Perfectly True in Theory

Impossible to Refute Arguments Made as to the Uprightness of Mankind.

"Here is a curious paradox," said George. "If a thousand soldiers are drawn up in battle array on a plane—they understand him to mean 'plain'—only one man will stand upright."

Nobody could see why. But George explained that, according to Euclid, a plane can touch a sphere only at one point, and that person only who stands at that point, with respect to the center of the earth, will stand upright.

"In the same way," he remarked, "if a billiard table were quite level—that is, a perfect plane—the balls ought to roll to the center."

Though he tried to explain this by placing a playing card on an orange and expounding the law of gravitation, Mrs. Allgood declined to accept the statement. She could not see that the top of a true billiard table must, theoretically, be spherical, just like a portion of the orange peel that George cut out. Of course, the table is so small in proportion to the surface of the earth that the curvature is not appreciable, but it is nevertheless true in theory. A surface that we call level is not the same as our idea of a true geometrical plane.

Made Oliver Herford Famous.

Oliver Herford first sprang into fame as a wit so long ago as when Mrs. James Brown-Potter, whose husband was a near relative of the late Bishop Potter, created a sensation by relinquishing home and family to go upon the stage. While the sensation was at its height the bishop, who felt that disgrace had been brought upon the Potter name by the lady's choice of a career, chanced at a dinner at the Players' club in New York to challenge anyone present to make a joke about him that was not a pun based on the verb "to potter." Herford's response, "Actresses will happen in the best regulated families" won him the laurel wreath of the club and it has not yet gone out of his possession.—Frank M. White, in American Magazine.

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is marvelously efficient in clearing the skin of impurities and keeping it in a perfect state of health. It beautifies the complexion, while as a healing agent for sores and wounds it passes all praise. It removes pimples, blotches, eczema and unsightly eruptions, and there is no form of eruptive disease for which this soap has not proved efficacious. In the bath it is as beneficial as the waters of the renowned sulphur springs. Linens and woolens washed with it are rendered superlatively white, and are disinfected if the material has been exposed to disease germs. The value of sulphur as a cleansing and purifying agent is everywhere recognized.

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PROMINENT PEOPLE

IS ESTEEMED BY QUEEN MARY

The beautiful Lady Lister-Kaye, who was Natica Yznaga, the youngest of the three charming Yznaga sisters of New York, is one American resident in England who need have no fear for her position in society or of her reception by royalty. For some time speculation has been rife as to the social fate of the American women in King George's reign. There is a general feeling that for a while at least they will be much less conspicuous at court than they were during the late King Edward's regime. However, Lady Lister-Kaye is sure of her standing and knows that she will be quite welcome at Buckingham palace.

This gracious daughter of America is a sister of the late Dowager Duchess of Manchester (Consuelo Yznaga), who was one of King Edward's most esteemed confidants and with whom her friendship was of long duration. Unlike many of the late ruler's associates the dowager duchess was a close friend of Queen Alexandra and held a prominent place in all things social in the royal set. Lady Lister-Kaye was not only highly regarded by the late king and Queen Alexandra, but she has enjoyed the warm friendship of Queen Mary for several years, which is somewhat unusual, as Queen Mary and Queen Alexandra have few friends in common. While the queen was princess of Wales she honored this American woman conspicuously by dining in her home several times. Beyond these personal ties is the fact that her husband, Sir John Lister-Kaye, is a groom-in-waiting upon King George.

Though certain of the residents in the American colony in London may not be in first favor in royal society this winter, Lady Lister-Kaye will not be denied her position and, as has been the case for many years past, a member of the Yznaga family will be prominent in the social affairs of royalty.

PRESIDENT OF PORTUGAL

Theophile Braga, provisional president of Portugal, in an interview, emphasizes what he calls the "philosophical" source of the revolution.

The men who have been spreading the doctrines of republicanism, he says, are professors, mathematicians, writers and generally men of learning. The result, he thinks, is, first of all, a victory for the cause of "education"—an effort to restore the Portuguese people to the intellectual rank lost for so long a time.

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite, both physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the world that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

From the names announced of the provisional government the "intellectuals," the idealist republicans who dream of making Portugal worthy of her former glory, have carried through this movement, or at any rate are for the moment in control. Putting Theophile Braga, the one Portuguese scholar of international reputation, at their head, is a shrewd move on the part of the revolutionists. It follows the curious Latin fashion of bestowing political power on literary men, but it also declares to Europe that the true men of progress, the men of education and of position, are directing the revolution, and not the street rabble of Lisbon. Among Senhor Braga's colleagues are many college professors, while military and naval men are noticeably absent.

Dr. Theophile Braga is a man about fifty-five years old and a graduate of a leading European university. He began the practise of medicine in Lisbon when a young man and has been prominent throughout Portugal for many years past.

LEADS NEW YORK DEMOCRATS

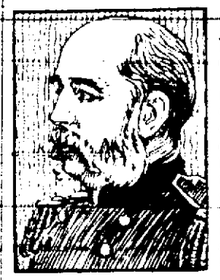
John A. Dix, the Democratic nominee for governor in New York, is a prosperous business man and interested in various corporations. He was born at Glens Falls in 1860. He was educated at the academy there and entered Cornell university in the class of 1883, but left in his junior year. In 1889 he married Miss Gertrude Allen Thomson, the daughter of a lumber merchant. He began his business career as a member of the firm of Reynolds & Dix, dealers in black marble, and later became associated with Lemont Thomson in the lumber business.

Mr. Dix is not unfamiliar with politics, however, being chairman of the Democratic state committee and a former candidate for lieutenant-governor, when he ran with Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler in 1908. Even prior to that time, in 1906, when William R. Hearst was nominated for governor at Buffalo the name of John A. Dix went before the convention and he received some complimentary votes.

His work in creating a county chairman's organization won him the nomination for lieutenant-governor two years ago. He favored them, and does now, a system whereby the power of the county chairman should be more absolute than at present.

After his unsuccessful campaign two years ago Mr. Dix certified to the secretary of state that he contributed $3,983.50 for campaign expenses, of which $2,500 went to the state committee.

LOS ANGELES TIMES' OWNER



Gen. Harrison Gray Otis is the owner and editor of the Los Angeles Times, the building and plant of which was recently wrecked by an explosion attributed to enemies of the paper.

General Otis was born near Marietta, Ohio, February 10, 1837. With the breaking out of the Civil war he enlisted as a private in the Twelfth Ohio infantry, June 25, 1861. He was made a second lieutenant November 12, 1862, and a first lieutenant May 27, 1863. He was transferred to the Twenty-third Ohio infantry July 1, 1864, and made a captain July 25, 1864. He was brevetted a major and lieutenant colonel March 13, 1865, for gallant and meritorious service during the war and was honorably mustered out July 26, 1865. He was twice wounded during the war.

In 1866-67 General Otis was official reporter for the Ohio house of representatives and was foreman of the government printing office 1868-69. During 1870 and 1876 he was chief of a division in the United States patent office, and special agent of the United States treasury in charge of the seal islands of Alaska, 1879-81.

General Otis was appointed a brigadier general of the United States volunteers May 27, 1898, and placed in command of the First brigade, Second division of the Eighth army corps, in the Philippine islands. He led the brigade at the capture of Caloocan, February 10, 1899. He was brevetted a major general of volunteers March 26, 1899, and honorably discharged July 2, 1899. He entered journalism in California thirty-three years ago.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

OPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR ECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHBY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURNCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STITUTION.

Number One.
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

osing an amendment to section twenix of article five of the Constitution the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. solved (if the Senate concur), That ollowing amendment to section twent, of article five of the Constitution ennsylvania be, and the same is hereproposed, in accordance with the eenth article thereof:—

t section 26 of Article V., which as follows: "Section 26. All laws reg to courts shall be general and of rm operation, and the organization, diction, and powers of all courts of ame class or grade, so far as regu by law, and the force and effect of rocess and judgments of such courts, be uniform; and the General Assemis hereby prohibited from creating courts to exercise the powers vested his Constitution in the judges of the ts of Common Pleas and Orphans' ts," be amended so that the same read as follows:—

ction 26. All laws relating to courts be general and of uniform operaand the organization, jurisdiction, powers of all courts of the same class ude, so far as regulated by law, and oree and effect of the process and rents of such courts, shall be uni; but, notwithstanding any provi of this Constitution, the General mbly shall have full power to establew courts, from time to time, as the may be needed in any city or counnd to prescribe the powers and juction thereof, and to increase the er of judges in any courts now ex or hereafter created, or to reorganie same, or to vest in other courts urisdiction theretofore exercised by s not of record, and to abolish the wherever it may be deemed necesfor the orderly and efficient adminisof justice.

rue copy of Resolution No. 1.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.
RESOLUTION

osing an amendment to the Constion of the Commonwealth of Pennrania, so as to eliminate the requirt of payment of taxes as a qualifion of the right to vote.

solved (if the House of Representaconcur), That the following amendto the Constitution of the Commonh of Pennsylvania be, and the same reby, proposed, in accordance with ighteenth article thereof:

t section one of article eight be nded, by striking out the fourth ered paragraph thereof, so that the section shall read as follows:

tion 1. Every male citizen twentyyears of age, possessing the followqualifications, shall be entitled to at all elections, subject however to laws requiring and regulating the tration of electors as the General mbly may enact.

st. He shall have been a citizen of United States at least one month.

ond. He shall have resided in the one year (or if, having previously a qualified elector or native-born n of the State, he shall have reed therefrom and returned, then six ths), immediately preceding the elec-

rd. He shall have resided in the ion district where he shall offer to at least two months immediately ding the election.

rue copy of Resolution No. 2.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three.
A JOINT RESOLUTION

osing an amendment to the Constion of the Commonwealth of Pennvania, so as to consolidate the rts of common pleas of Allegheny nty.

tion 1. Be it resolved by the Senate House of Representatives of the monwealth of Pennsylvania in Gen Assembly met, That the following ndment to the Constitution of Pennnia be, and the same is hereby, prod, in accordance with the eighteenth le thereof:—

t section six of article five be nded, by striking out the said sec and inserting in place thereof the wing:

tion 6. In the county of Philadelall the jurisdiction and powers now d in the district courts and courts of non pleas, subject to such changes ay be made by this Constitution or w, shall be in Philadelphia vested in distinct and separate courts of equal co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed ron judges each. The said courts in delphia shall be designated respect as the court of common pleas numone, number two, number three, er four and number five, but the er of said courts may be by law ased, from time to time, and shall be e manner designated by successive hers. The number of judges in any ald courts, or in any county where establishment of an additional court be authorized by law, may be inred, from time to time and whenuch increase shall amount in the e to three, such three judges shall pose a distinct and separate court as said, which shall be numbered as said. In Philadelphia all suits shall nstituted in the said courts of compleas without designating the numof the said court, and the several ts shall distribute and apportion the as among them in such manner as l be provided by rules of court, and court to which any suit shall be assigned shall have exclusive jurisor thereof, subject to change of e as shall be provided by law.

the county of Allegheny all the diction and powers now vested in several numbered courts of common pleas, be vested in one court of compleas, composed of all the judges in mission in said courts. Such jurision and powers shall extend to all eedings at law and in equity which l have been instituted in the several bered courts and shall be subject to changes as may be made by law, subject to change of venue as prod by law. The president judge of court shall be selected as provided law. The number of judges in said t may be by law increased from e to time. This amendment shall take t on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

true copy of Resolution No. 3.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four.
A JOINT RESOLUTION

osing an amendment to section eight, icle nine, of the Constitution of Pennvania.

tion 1. Be it resolved by the Senate House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General mbly met, That the following is prod as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvain accordance with the provisions of eighteenth article thereof:—

endment to Article Nine, Section Eight.

tion 2. Amend section eight, article of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, h reads as follows:—

ection 8. The debt of any county, borough, township, school district, or r municipality or incorporated dis, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the ased value of the taxable property therehor shall any such municipality or ict incur any new debt, or increase ndebtedness to an amount exceeding per centum upon such assessed valon of property, without the assent of electors thereof at a public election in manner as shall be provided by law; any city, the debt of which now exs seven per centum of such assessed ation, may be authorized by law to ease the same three per centum, in aggregate at any one time, upon such ation," so as to read as follows:—

ection 8. The debt of any county, city, ough, township, school district, or oth municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That a sinking fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

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RELISHES FOR MEAT

GIVE SHARP, APPETIZING FLAVOR TO STEAKS AND CHOPS.

Pepper Relish In Which Cabbage Is Substituted for Tomatoes Is Particularly Fine—Two Kinds of Piccalilli.

Pepper Relish.—Pepper relish is usually made of green peppers, green tomatoes and celery; but cabbage may be substituted for the tomatoes. For the latter, chop fine a small head of firm, white cabbage, six large green peppers, taking care not to leave in any of the seeds, and a nice bunch of celery, removing all the fibrous green outer leaves; put into a large bowl, sprinkle with a half cupful of salt, mix well, cover and let stand over night. The next morning drain in a colander, then pack in a stone jar with two tablespoonfuls of mustard seed mixed through it. Put into a porcelain kettle three pints of vinegar, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, one tablespoonful each of whole cloves, allspice and whole pepper, a clove of garlic and one onion minced; simmer gently twenty minutes, to extract the virtue of the spices; drain and pour boiling hot over the vegetables. There should be enough of vinegar to cover. When cold cover the jar and keep in a cool place. A little red pepper may be added, if you like it very hot.

Piccalilli.—Allow to a gallon of sliced green tomatoes one pint grated horseradish, eleven ounces brown sugar, two tablespoonfuls each fine salt and ground mustard. Put the tomatoes in a large stone crock, sprinkle the salt over them and let stand over night with a slight press on top. The tomatoes may be chopped instead of sliced if preferred. In the morning add to the tomatoes the other ingredients, and set in a warm place, the compound forming its own vinegar.

This will take several weeks.

Set in a cool place. The vessel containing the pickle must have a cloth and weight on top to keep the pickle under the liquor.

Piccalilli With Cider Vinegar.—Where cider vinegar is used it is made in this way: Chop fine one peck green tomatoes and one head cabbage. Mix with them a large cupful salt and put all into a coarse cheesecloth bag to drain over night. Chop six large onions and four green peppers, mix with the cabbage and tomatoes and pour over them enough hot weak vinegar to cover, then drain again. The next morning heat the same amount of sharp cider vinegar, pour over the pickle, add two tablespoonfuls whole mustard seed, and when cold it should be ready for use.

Chutney Sauce.—Chop coarsely twelve sour apples after paring and coring. Seed one cup of raisins and two green peppers, add four medium sized onions and six green tomatoes and chop very fine. Put four cups of vinegar, two cups of brown sugar, two tablespoons each of mustard seed and salt in a preserving kettle and bring to the boiling point. Add the chopped mixture and simmer one hour. Now add the chopped apple and cook until soft. Seal in pint jars.

Sliced Oil Pickles.

Slice very thin 100 small pickles about the circumference of a quarter, and, if liked, six onions also sliced. Cover with salt and let stand overnight. In the morning rinse with cold water and put in a sack to drain. Mix three quarts cider vinegar, one-half cupful each white and black mustard seed, one cupful olive oil, one heaping tablespoonful celery seed, a half teaspoonful red pepper and a half teaspoonful white pepper. Pour cold over the cucumbers in an open jar, let stand a day or two, stirring occasionally, then seal in jars.

Grape Juice.

Use Concord grapes. Wash and bruise the grapes. Cook and strain one quart of juice, one quart of water, two cups sugar. Boil five or ten minutes. Put hot into bottles and seal. I use a double cheese cloth bag. Do not squeeze, but turn the bag often around. From two small baskets of grapes I get three pints of juice. Small bottles are better to use though the juice will keep several days in the ice chest after being opened.

THAT STRANGE APPARITION!

TAX ON EVERYTHING

SOME FACTS CONCERNING TARIFF AND THE HOME.

As an Object Lesson, Here Is How the Poor Washwoman Is Called on to "Dig Up" to Enrich the Big Trusts.

When the wrinkled, chapped laundress finishes the week's wash and delivers it Saturday night she has received during her week's labor the following blessings from the Payne-Aldrich tariff:

On her soap she has been tariff-taxed 20 per cent.

On the wrapper in which the soap comes, 25 per cent.

On the ammonia that helps to keep the flannels soft, 25 per cent.

The washing soda is tariff-taxed one-quarter of a penny a pound.

The starch is tariff-taxed 1½ cents a pound and the borax two cents a pound.

The bluing is protected with a 30 per cent. tariff.

She wrings them out on a wringer the metal castings of which are tariff-taxed one cent a pound, and the wooden frame 35 per cent., and the rubber rollers 35 per cent.

The washboard itself is tariff-taxed 35 per cent. and the ribbed zinc 1½ cents a pound.

She dumps the damp clothes into a wicker clothes-basket that is tariff-taxed 35 per cent.

Merrily she trips up on the roof and hangs them on the clothes-line—clothes-line tariff-taxed 45 per cent.—with clothes-pins tariff-taxed 35 per cent.

If instead she balances herself on the fire escape the rope is taxed the same and the pulley is also taxed 45 per cent. A wooden frame dryer is taxed 35 per cent.

She gathers them in the tariff-taxed basket and irons them with irons tariff taxed 8-10 of a penny on a pound.

She heats the irons on a tariff-taxed stove; keeps her coal in a scuttle tariff taxed 45 per cent. If she uses charcoal it is taxed 20 per cent., or coke 20 per cent. Even the matches are tariff taxed one-half penny a dozen boxes. "Many a mickle makes a muckle"—motto of match trust.

On the tub over which she bends and scrubs there is a tariff tax of 35 per cent. The bench or chairs it rests on are taxed 35 per cent. and the paper pail beside them is tariff taxed 35 per cent.

The big boiler in which the clothes are boiled is tariff taxed not less than 45 per cent.

If she has been able to save up and get a mangle, the metal castings for it are tariff taxed one penny a pound, the wooden rollers 35 per cent., and the framework 35 per cent. Nothing is too small and no one too poor to be overlooked.—New York World.

Tariff Board Futile.

The tariff board is going to investigate the cost of making wood pulp and paper. A special committee of the house investigated this subject two years ago under the reliable supervision of Mann of Chicago, as chairman. If the enactors of tariffs could not make the evidence of the committee precided over by one of their own number, what probability is there that it will beed the finding of the tariff board?

Roosevelt Champion Straddler.

"Don't flinch" is one of the colonel's favorite shibboleths. He counsels the beloved people to stand fast always and to put up a bold front against any effort on the part of undesirable persons to check the march of honesty. Out in Iowa they seem to think that he didn't boss his job at Saratoga quite up to the Osawatomie standard. They are reactionaries and poltroons of course. What has Kansas to do with the effete east? They must be fed according to their appetites.

The Old Moralities.

Why does the legislative graft committee make such a fuss about the payment of a few thousand dollars by the Lyons Beet Sugar Refining company to Senator John Raines and Assemblyman Burnett as a mark of its "appreciation" of the services of those two legislators, both of whom are now dead, in procuring the passage of bills for the payment of bounty to the sugar company? Raines and Burnett merely applied the old Republican moralities to new beet sugar conditions.—New York Sun.

THE PROGRESSIVE DEMAND

Mr. Roosevelt Does Not Seem to Realize What the New Spirit of the Country Is.

The fact, surprising as it may seem, is that Mr. Roosevelt does not realize the depth and the strength of the public sentiment which he himself has helped so much to arouse. His homilies have been a potent factor in fixing the attention of the people upon the political, economic and social abuses which prevail in the country. While he was president, he understood the people pretty well, but when he was in Africa, he got out of touch with them. Since his return he has not fully caught the new spirit of the country. He has no idea of the extent of the progressive movement. He does not realize that the fight now in progress is a fight to the death.

Tories and progressives look very much alike to him. Thus he promises to help Senator Lodge in Massachusetts and Senator Beveridge in Indiana. He asks for support of tory congressmen in South Dakota, and he says a good word for Miles Poindexter in the state of Washington. He labors under the delusion that the crucial contest which is now being waged within the ranks of the Republican party can be settled on the basis of compromise. Any man who knows the situation understands that this is impossible. The Republican party must be wholly redeemed or it will be wholly destroyed. There is no room in the party for many of the men with whom Mr. Roosevelt is willing to work or for some of the men whom he has commended to the support of the people.

In its leadership the progressive movement demands grim, unyielding determination and constructive ability of a high order. Colonel Roosevelt does not possess these qualities. He talks fiercely and he acts tamely. His inconsistencies and his willingness to accept compromise rather than defeat make him an unsuitable leader. The people themselves are wiser and firmer than he. The progressive movement is their movement and they will not brook compromise. They are going to fight it out to the end. As leaders they require men who are strong enough, courageous enough and persevering enough to direct a war rather than men who are content to appear on the skirmish line now and then and to spend the rest of their time in preaching against the enemy or in singing songs across the lines.—Milwaukee Journal.

Not Entirely Disinterested.

The tariff law as it was signed by the president has resulted in a general revision downward, and no amount of special pleading, no misstatement of facts, and no suppression of the material fact will ever make it appear otherwise.—Representative Payne.

The Hon. Serno Elisha Payne would be an unnatural godfather if he did not praise the bantling.

No Real "Protection."

This country produces its own coal, and exports many times more than it imports. The duties on breadstuffs may retard the free flow of grain over the Canadian border, and may sometimes affect local prices temporarily, but in all food products we are an exporting nation, and prices are determined in the markets of the world. Nothing is really "protected" by these sentimental duties.

Friend of Monopolists.

It is of common knowledge and it has been for more than a generation an open scandal that the protected interests have paid the Republican party in campaign contributions for enacting the tariff schedules they desired. The Republicans have not only taken this money, but they have insisted on having it. In 1890 the representatives of the protected interests in congress gave votes to pass the silver coinage bill in exchange for votes of the silver men for the McKinley tariff.

Explanation Not Forthcoming.

It seems never to have occurred to Mr. Roosevelt that the glaring discrepancy between his Saratoga platform and his Sioux Falls speech required explanation until he was sharply called to account by his friends in the west. His subsequent utterances have not mended matters. The only possible conclusion is that when he was at Sioux Falls he felt that he was among downward revisers, when he was at Saratoga he felt that he was speaking to standpatters.

Felicity Secret

Wise Man Knows Exactly What He Needs

By SIDNEY DARK

THE WISE MAN discovers exactly what he needs to be happy, and endeavors persistently to acquire the essentials.

It is easy to blunder badly about these essentials. Lots of men are furiously anxious to marry. They are persuaded that life is impossible without one particular woman, often to discover that life is impossible with her. Similarly, money popularly is regarded as necessary to happiness, although we all number men among our acquaintance far more miserable in a costly residence than they were when living in a humble "home."

Indeed it is fairly evident that to the majority of human beings "what one is" is of infinitely greater importance than "what one has." There are, of course, exceptions, but they are comparatively few. The passion for mere possession is rare. The miser is abnormal. Men love money because money means power, or, maybe, good wine.

Women love money because it means costly clothes and many jewels. The desire to wear beautiful clothes is entirely admirable. A woman often expresses her personality with splendid completeness in her dress. We are apt, perhaps—particularly if our incomes are small—to denounce the love of diamonds as vulgar; but, after all, children and all lovable, simple souls adore things that glitter.

In attempting to discover the secret of happiness—which is the aim of all philosophy—the initial difficulty is the variation of individuality, the fact that one man's food is another man's poison. But this difficulty is superficial. We are all more alike than we are inclined to admit. Besides, I am not concerned with the extraordinary man, with the possessor of the great soul or with him who has no soul at all.

The industrious and the lazy, the silent and the loquacious, the domesticated and the gypsies, the married and the unmarried, the bond and the free, believers and unbelievers, socialists and anti-socialists, are all divided, some happy and some unhappy. The greatest thing in the world cannot be obtained by opinion, conviction, circumstance, or virtue.

The unhappy man is the dull man, and the dull man is the man without a soul. That is the truth, and the whole truth. The dull man eats and drinks and works and sleeps and grumbles and sniggers and is just a rate payer. Most of us have to do all these things. We have to be rate payers. The horror comes when we are just rate payers—and nothing more.

Think of the happy people one knows, and inquire! I know a clerk who is happy on $15 a week because his wife thinks he is a hero and he thinks she is beautiful. He is not a hero to you and me, but in her dream world Launcelot is nothing by comparison, while in his dream world she is another Helen.

I know a nun who is happy dreaming of the glories of a wonderful gray wonder-world. I know a Salvationist who is happy because he is a son of God. I know a cheerful, roystering, often penniless, writer who is happy because to him all men are good fellows and all women adorable. The happy socialist dreams of the brotherhood of men; the fractious socialist yearns to interfere with his fellows.

It often happens that the men who stimulate imagination and encourage our dreams themselves fail to attain happiness. They stand on the mountain and point out the way, but they themselves never reach the land of delight. They are, however, the great men, and you and I are the common wayfarers. Their way is not our way, and it may be that that their sorrow is more precious than our joy.

Utility of New Language Uncertain

By PROF. J. L. LANIER
New Orleans

The scholars may extol the beauties and scientific superiority of the Esperanto language, but it will be [illegible] generation before it can be brought into general use.

It is a sort of a composite speech, a blend of various tongues, and is of course, an artificial product, the utility of which on any broad scale is very uncertain.

I have never gone into it very deeply, but I confess that a casual examination of it does not reveal many attractions.

Its promoters are sanguine and very enthusiastic, but so were the advocates of Volapuk, which was a manufactured language and also intended for universal use, but which is now only a memory.

Esperanto may live longer than Volapuk and attain a greatly wider vogue, but its general adoption by any large numbers of the human family is entirely out of the realm of practicability.

Raise in Salary Proves Severe Test

By REV. H. B. HOLT

A raise in salary is a more severe test of character than poverty.

I knew a man who did well on $1,800 a year, but he went all to pieces when raised to $3,500.

Prosperity is more responsible for the breaking of the Sabbath than any other single cause.

Men in business who are successful feel that they are too tired to attend church services on Sunday.

Their money gives them an opportunity to go automobile riding and participate in other enjoyment, which keeps them away from the church they were in the habit of attending when they were in humbler circumstances.

Teach Children to Swim at School

By CLARENCE R. SERGERT

The great number of deaths from drowning throughout the year calls for an easy and positive remedy. Every day people fall off piers or tip over boats and drown, or some one in walking out into the water steps into a deep hole, there is a few moments' struggle, and all is over. And this because they have never known the first points about swimming.

Few girls really swim. I think it would be safe to say that not over one per cent. of the girls in this country can swim over ten feet.

I have learned from recent inquiries that about three-quarters of the boys and girls in some of the poor districts never go farther than half a mile from their homes.

They have no chance to learn to swim nor any money to pay to go for a swim in any of the pools near their homes. Supposing these children had large tanks in their school and a swimming instructor.

They would all then like school and begin to like the water, which is a big question in itself, for anyone who likes to swim and can do so will like the water.

RHEUMATISM

I want every chronic rheumatic to throw away all medicines, all liniments, all plasters, and give MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM REMEDY a trial. No matter what your doctor may say, no matter what your friends may say, no matter how prejudiced you may be against all advertised remedies, go at once to your druggist and get a bottle of the RHEUMATISM REMEDY. If it fails to give satisfaction, I will refund your money.—Munyon

Remember this remedy contains no salicylic acid, no opium, cocaine, morphine or other harmful drugs. It is put up under the guarantee of the Pure Food and Drug Act.

For sale by all druggists. Price, 25c.

FOR SALE—Improved Farms and Farm Lands in Crawford Co., Mich., in good farming community, good climate, water, close to market towns, schools and railroad. Liberal terms. Largest apple orchard in Michigan near these lands. Write to HENRY A. BAUMAN, Grayling, Mich.

TRUSSES EXPERT FITTING 45 years' experience. Prices low. E. M. HESSLER, 64 Public Sq., Cleveland

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D. C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Fable of Pan of Biscuits.

A Vassar girl married a Kansas farmer.

Two weeks later a cyclone made the happy pair a friendly call.

It cavorted around the premises, ripping up the fences, scattering the haystacks and playing horse with the barn, but when it looked through the open window it drew back in alarm.

There lay the bride's first pan of biscuits.

"I ain't feelin' very strong this morning," murmured the cyclone.

And with another glance at the terrible pan it blew itself away.

REST AND PEACE

Fall Upon Distracted Households When Cuticura Enters.

Sleep for skin tortured babies and rest for tired, fretted mothers is found in a hot bath with Cuticura Soap and a gentle anointing with Cuticura Ointment. This treatment, in the majority of cases, affords immediate relief in the most distressing forms of itching, burning, scaly, and crusted humors, eczema, rashes, inflammations, irritations, and chafings, of infancy and childhood, permits rest and sleep to both parent and child, and points to a speedy cure, when other remedies fail. Worn-out and worried parents will find this pure, sweet and economical treatment realizes their highest expectations, and may be applied to the youngest infants as well as children of all ages. The Cuticura Remedies are sold by druggists everywhere. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, Mass., for their free 32-page Cuticura Book on the care and treatment of skin and scalp of infants, children and adults.

Deadlock.

"Who is that man who has been sitting behind the bar day after day?" inquired the stranger in Crimson Gulch.

"That's Stage Coach Charley. He's in a peculiar predicament. He went to town last week and got his teeth fixed. Then he came here, and, bein' broke, ran up a bill on the strength of his seven dollars' worth of gold fillin'. Charley won't submit to havin' the nuggets pried out an' the proprietor won't let him git away with the collateral, and there you are!"

She Probably Could.

Senator La Follette, apropos of certain scandals, said at a dinner in Madison: "These things recall the legislator who remarked to his wife, with a look of disgust: 'One of those land lobbyists approached me today with another insulting proposition.'

"The wife, a young and pretty woman, clapped her hands. 'Oh, good!' she cried. 'Then I can have that sable stole, after all, can't I, dear?'"

So They Say.

Stranger—I say, my lad, what is considered a good score on these links?

Caddie—Well, sir, most of the gents here tries to do it in as few strokes as they can, but it generally takes a few more.—Scottish American.

We surely owe to men the same duty as we owe to pictures—to try and see them in the best light.—Emerson.

WISE WORDS.
A Physician on Food.

A physician, of Portland, Oregon, has views about food. He says:

"I have always believed that the duty of the physician does not cease with treating the sick, but that we owe it to humanity to teach them how to protect their health, especially by hygienic and dietetic laws.

"With such a feeling as to my duty I take great pleasure in saying to the public that in my own experience and also from personal observation I have found no food equal to Grape-Nuts, and that I find there is almost no limit to the great benefits this food will bring when used in all cases of sickness and convalescence.

"It is my experience that no physical condition forbids the use of Grape-Nuts. To persons in health there is nothing so nourishing and acceptable to the stomach, especially at breakfast, to start the machinery of the human system on the day's work.

"In cases of indigestion I know that a complete breakfast can be made of Grape-Nuts and cream and I think it is not advisable to overload the stomach at the morning meal. I also know the great value of Grape-Nuts when the stomach is too weak to digest other food.

"This is written after an experience of more than 20 years, treating all manner of chronic and acute diseases, and the letter is written voluntarily on my part without any request for it."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Gazette.

WELLSBORO, PA.

THURSDAY, NOV. 10, 1910.

FRANK CONEVERY, - Editor and Proprietor

Peaslee captured Wellsboro by the large plurality of 9 votes, while Tener carried it by 7 votes

Postmaster General Hitchcock has announced that before the close of another fiscal year the Postoffice Department will be self sustaining and then penny postage will be in sight That sounds good, but the general will have to show the people.

Edwin S Underhill, editor of the Corning Leader, was elected to Congress from the Thirty third district in New York State, defeating Congressman J Sloat Fassett, of Elmira Underhill has a plurality in the four counties of the district of 1,879 It was a great victory for Mr Underhill, as he faced a district which in 1908 gave Mr Fassett a plurality of 4,261

Fifteen thousand dollars a year for a baseball player This is the salary that is unofficially announced that Christy Matthewson will receive from the New York club next year It is the highest in the history of baseball, outside of managers and presidents salaries Last year Matthewson received $10,000 and the $5 000 boost was given by President Brush, it is said, without any solicitation.

The members of the Democratic County Committee are to be highly commended for the excellent work accomplished in each and every one of their respective districts on Tuesday The tabulated vote elsewhere speaks for itself Owing to the untiring efforts of County Chairman Hugh L Kerwin never before was the committee better organized and produced better results than during the campaign just closed

The election of a stand pat Legislature on Tuesday will result in the election of George T Oliver, of Pittsburg, for another six-year term in the United States Senate Oliver is a millionaire iron manufacturer, and has no claim to represent the people of Pennsylvania in the national congress other than his wealth, and his adherence to the Penrose machine In comparison the re-election of Oliver is yet more to be deplored than is that of Penrose The latter is the head of the organization and its chief manipulator, but Oliver is the money center and from that channel flows the corrupting influences that make the success of the machine possible

That Jose Zavaldo, a Spanish electrician, working in Morro Castle and probably a fanatic, is responsible for the destruction of the battleship Maine, was the statement made one night last week by Colonel Jasper E Brady in a speech at Kansas City, Mo Colonel Brady says he was one of a committee of four who investigated the explosion and reported their findings to President McKinley Of course, I did not see this man turn on the switch which set free the powerful mines that caused the disaster, said the colonel, but the evidence in the case pointed directly to his guilt Three other army officers, whose names I do not care to give, and myself, reported to the President that in our belief Zavaldo was responsible He was later executed on the command of General Blanco None however was ever able to learn for what reason.'

WILSON'S GREAT VICTORY

The Democrats and Keystone Party men of Tioga count, gain much consolation in the loss of the State, by a close margin, by the fact that William B Wilson has been re-elected to represent this Congressional district for the third consecutive term by about 2,000 majority over Peaslee

The tabulated returns in another column show that Peaslee has only about 250 majority in this county Wilson swept Peaslee's home county, Lycoming, by about 2 300 majority. Clinton gave Wilson 571 majority over Peaslee, while Potter rolled up 395 majority for Wilson

No Republican in this county will have occasion to regret that he voted for William B Wilson at the polls on Tuesday. He has reflected credit on himself and the county and district which he represents No one will question his independence No man or set of men control his actions or political life Those who voted for him know that he is honest and will do the bidding of no man The votes he may cast on public questions will be from his sense of what is best for his constituency Was it not better in this situation, to lend support and countenance to a man of Wilson's political make up than it was to turn over the district and all it stands for to a gang of ringsters of the Penrose stripe?

The defeat of Clarence Peaslee at the polls on Tuesday was a deserved rebuke to the character of politics that was employed in this State to subvert the rights of the people and to thwart their interests. It is a strong indication and a rice to the State leaders and to the voters of this district that in the future the rights of the people must be represented, and that men must show qualification to represent them better than the political leadership have in justly supposed.

THE VOTE OF TIOGA COUNTY, NOV. 8.

Districts	Governor			Congress		Representative		
	Tener, Rep	Grim, Dem	Berry, Ind.	Peasley, Rep.	Wilson, Dem	Rockwell, Rep	Williams, Rep	Webb, Dem
Bloss, 1st Dist	60	17	266	67	292	185	160	80
Bloss, 2d Dist	7	1	24	6	27	18	9	3
Blossburg	123	70	201	117	320	197	163	118
Brookfield	58	6	28	57	25	61	58	15
Charleston	116	3	99	123	93	155	162	35
Chatham	76	7	43	82	49	84	82	32
Clymer	122	11	22	131	25	123	122	16
Covington	54	6	38	60	35	84	68	11
Covington boro	28	2	28	32	28	48	44	11
Deerfield	50	3	63	71	41	80	69	23
Delmar, North Dist	56	9	70	67	66	91	103	37
Delmar, South Dist	80	4	64	81	69	97	84	50
Duncan	50	25	155	41	199	100	91	54
Elk, North Dist	18		3	17	3	19	19	
Elk, South Dist	16	3	16	30	6	29	24	4
Elkland	58	25	108	65	128	90	87	60
Farmington	80	6	27	91	23	94	93	13
Gaines	77	9	34	83	35	90	78	21
Hamilton	68	14	279	37	351	164	197	67
Jackson	113	17	50	118	59	125	129	41
Knoxville	82	15	69	100	66	106	105	29
Lawrence	68	8	12	68	16	70	67	14
Lawrenceville	47	4	36	59	25	60	61	15
Liberty	54	28	74	59	101	69	63	82
Liberty boro	32	5	23	37	22	36	33	22
Mansfield	147	11	138	167	127	214	209	37
Middlebury	13	11	40	142	42	159	149	23
Morris	3	23	84	92	97	109	90	56
Nelson	[illegible]	5	5	3	14	10	5	6
Nelson boro	37	6	49	47	47	57	49	28
Osceola	20	1	73	34	56	37	42	10
Richmond	114	4	92	119	62	133	133	36
Rutland	57	15	37	95	52	98	103	30
Shippen	49	5	24	47	32	57	51	22
Sullivan	103	11	46	110	45	120	111	22
Tioga	101	14	22	103	35	106	102	25
Tioga boro	65	3	38	72	35	88	87	15
Union, North Dist	54	6	40	62	26	63	54	13
Union, South Dist								
Ward	34	4	22	40	20	44	40	10
Wellsboro, 1st Ward	148	11	169	150	177	226	205	105
Wellsboro, 2d Ward	139	14	111	162	116	193	203	69
Westfield, No 1	41	3	35	49	29	51	44	15
Westfield, No 2	66	[illegible]	6	68	12	68	68	4
Westfield boro	129	23	69	146	78	150	144	38
Total	3144	470	2896	3393	3209	4289	4069	1427

Geo W Williams Rep, received 289 votes on Prohibition ticket.

GREAT SWEEP BY DEMOCRATS

Elect Governors in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts and Ohio---May Control Both Houses---Other Results.

The elections held throughout the country on Tuesday resulted in a political convulsion of far reaching extent, similar at many points to the famous tidal wave of 1882 and apparently more widespread in its effect Returns from all sections of the country indicate enormous gains everywhere for the Democratic party

The National House of Representatives has been carried by the Democrats reversing the present Republican majority of 43 The United States Senate will have a reduced Republican majority as a result of legislative elections held in many States

The latest returns from the State indicate that John K Tener, the Republican candidate for Governor, has been elected by a majority estimated at [illegible] Tener received a plurality of 46 [illegible] over Berry in Independent and 2 [illegible] in Allegheny Returns in Tioga County place a majority in Tioga of less than 2 [illegible]

The Pennsylvania Congressional delegation, according to the latest figures stands Republicans 22 Democrats 8 with two districts doubtful as compared with the present delegation of [illegible] Republicans and five Democrats The Legislature remains strongly Republican on joint ballot

In New York State John A Dix Democrat is elected over Henry L Stimson Republican by a plurality of about [illegible] reversing the Republican plurality of [illegible] in 1908 for Governor Hughes

In New Jersey Woodrow Wilson Democratic candidate for Governor is elected over Vivian M Lewis Republican by about 1[illegible]0 plurality reversing the previous Republican plurality of [illegible] for Governor Fort

In Massachusetts Eugene N Foss Democratic candidate for Governor has defeated Governor Eben S Draper Republican candidate for re-election by about [illegible] plurality

In Ohio Judge Simon Wolf is elected over Charles A Poolevan by about 4[illegible] plurality, reversing the previous Republican majority of [illegible]

In Ohio Governor Judson Harmon Democrat and his entire election ticket is elected by about 1[illegible] over Warren G Harding Republican candidate

In Rhode Island for Governor both Republican and Democratic parties claim victory with the Republicans having a lead of [illegible] votes

In Maine the Republican ticket with a majority of [illegible] from [illegible]

In Connecticut the Republican candidate for Governor has been elected by a majority estimated at [illegible]

In Iowa the Democrats claim the election of Claude R Porter for Governor but this is not yet conceded

In Michigan Charles E Townsend the Republican candidate for Governor is given a safe lead over L T Dickinson Democrat

The sweep of the political tidal wave which rolled over the country is further emphasized by additional and later returns The Democratic majority in the House of Representatives will be at least 42 and possibly more as compared with the present Republican majority of 43

Added to the reversal in the lower branch of Congress the returns show the Republican majority of 26 in the United States Senate rapidly approaching the vanishing point although the Republicans are now reasonably assured of 48 Senators or one more than the necessary majority, with a number of states still in doubt

A Washington dispatch says The results of the election it is said here indicate conclusively that the Payne-Aldrich tariff law which President Taft signed was the issue and the high cost of living the argument The rebukes administered throughout the country have all been aimed at the supporters of the Aldrichism and Cannonism

Tuesday's elections will bring about one of the greatest form reversals since 1892 A Democratic House is assured and from the trend of the returns the United States Senate will be a battleground between stand pat Republicans and a coalition of Democrats and insurgent Republicans The latter faction will have a shade the better of it and with Boss Aldrich gone on March 4 the solidarity of the stand pat faction will have been lost

The election of the Democratic House which has been assured, will precipitate a fight for the Speakership

INTERESTING FIGURES

Resume of Result of Former Gubernatorial Elections in This State.

Former elections in Pennsylvania supply interesting figures

Governor Stuart carried Pennsylvania in 1[illegible]6 by a plurality of 200 [illegible]071 receiving 501 518 votes to 301 [illegible]47 for Emery on a straight vote Emery was also the candidate of the Lincoln Commonwealth and several other alleged parties and Stuart's actual plurality was whittled down to 48 [illegible]4

The first time Robert A Pattison Democrat was elected Governor, he received 375 794 votes to 315 588 for James A Beaver his majority over Beaver being 4 202 In this campaign there were Independent Republican Greenback Labor and Temperance tickets in the field It is significant that the Independent Republicans cast 4[illegible]743 votes enough to have elected Beaver with a considerable margin had they been cast for him John Stewart was the Independent Republican candidate This was in 1882

In the campaign of 1886 Beaver defeated Chauncey Black by a plurality of 42 651 Prohibitionists and Greenbackers figured in this campaign to the extent of about 37, 000 votes

Pattison went again into the campaign in 1890 and was victorious over George W Delamater by a plurality of 16 554 The Prohibition and Labor votes combined amounted to a little more than 16 000

In the campaign of 1894, Daniel M Hastings won over William M Singerly by a plurality of 241 317

In 1898, William A Stone had a plurality of 217 906 over George A Jenks In this campaign the Rev Silas C Swallow who was candidate of the Prohibition Peoples, Liberty and Honest Government parties received 172 931 votes

Pattison came back into the election of 1902 and was beaten by Samuel W Pennypacker by a plurality of 142 370 Pennypacker was on the Republican and Citizens tickets and Pattison's name appeared on the tickets of the Democratic Anti Machine and Ballot Reform parties Mr Swallow was again the Prohibition candidate, but he received only 23 327 votes There was also Socialist and Socialist Labor tickets in the field

Mr and Mrs George Rexford well known residents of Gaines, expect to leave this week for Florida to spend the winter

Deliberate Suicide

Not for a single day can a cough be safely neglected in this climate. Without delay resort to Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. This balsamic vegetable preparation extinguishes a cough or cures a cold with unexampled rapidity. Sold by all druggists Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of CHAS W YAUDES, deceased The undersigned having been appointed by the Orphans' Court of Tioga county to restate the account of Cora Yaudes, Administratrix of Charles W Yaudes, of Liberty township, deceased, and report distribution of the same, will meet the parties interested at the office of Sherwood A Gwinn in Wellsboro, Pa, on FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1910, at 1 o'clock p m to perform the duties of his appointment. WALTER SHERWOOD
Oct 13 1910-4t Auditor

PROCLAMATION IN DIVORCE — To MARSHALL J GREENFILLD You are hereby notified that Lucetta Greenfield your wife has applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and the said Court has appointed MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28 1910, at two o'clock p m, for hearing the said Lucetta Greenfield in the premises, at which time and place you can appear if you think proper
LYMAN D GOODSPEED,
Wellsboro, Pa., Oct 27, 1910-4t. Sheriff.

MILLINERY

A FULL LINE OF

FALL AND WINTER HATS

ON DISPLAY AT OUR STORE.

John Fischler & Son

Don't Buy a Cheap Gun

As a general proposition it doesn't pay to buy cheap things of any kind It is surely dangerously unwise to buy any but a good gun Get a Safe Gun and one that puts the pellets of shot where you aim, one that sends the bullet where you draw your bead Get a Gun you will be proud of

The Fall Hunting Season is now at its height, and if you are going to enjoy the Sport let us show you a Winchester Repeating Rifle or Shot Gun, Marlin Repeating Rifle or Shot Gun, Remington—Ithaca—Baker, Hopkins and Allen Stevens—Harrington and Richardson—Iver Johnson—and Savage

We have these makes in different styles—all good If you haven't looked at Guns lately, better have a look You have no idea of the improvements that have been made. Arms and Ammunition, all kinds Hunters' Knives, Axes, Coats and Belts, Hunting Caps, etc Everything to bring home what you went after.

ROBERTS HARDWARE CO.,

Next Door to the First National Bank.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Letters of administration on the estate of PERRY VAN ZILE, late of Nelson, Tioga county, Pa, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons who are indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and all persons having any legal claim against or demand upon said estate are requested to make the same known without delay J R MACK, Administrator
October 20 1910 6t Nelson, Pa

COURT PROCLAMATION —Whereas, Hon David Cameron President Judge of the Fourth Judicial district of Pennsylvania, composed of the county of Tioga has issued his precept, to me directed, for the holding of an Orphan's Court, Court of Common Pleas, General Quarter Sessions and Over and Terminer at Wellsboro in and for the county of Tioga, Pennsylvania on the FOURTH MONDAY OF NOVEMBER (being the 28th day) A. D. 1910, and to continue three weeks

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in and for said county of Tioga, to appear in their own proper persons with records inquisitions exemptions and remembrances to do those things which of their offices and in their behalf appertain to be done, and all witnesses and other persons prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any person or persons are required to be then and there attending, and not to depart at their peril Jurors are required to be punctual in their attendance at the appointed time agreeably to notice

Given under my hand and seal at the Sheriff's office in Wellsboro the 22nd day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten
LYMAN D GOODSPEED
Oct 27, 1910 5t Sheriff

ORPHAN'S COURT NOTICE — Notice is hereby given that the following inventories of real and personal estate selected to be retained by the widow and children of decedents, will be presented in the Orphans Court to be held at the Court House in Wellsboro, in Tioga county, Pa, on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1910, at 2 o clock p m for confirmation nisi, and will be finally confirmed on MONDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1910 unless cause be shown why said accounts should not be confirmed

Estate of B J Burrell late of Mansfield deceased widow's inventory of real and personal property

Estate of Herbert Emmis, late of Hamilton township deceased widow's inventory of personal property

Estate of Lewis W Kennedy, late of Delmar, deceased widow's inventory of personal property

Estate of Albert D Kemp late of Farmington township, deceased, widow's inventory of personal property

Estate of Fred J Lum, late of Jackson township deceased widow's inventory of personal property

Estate of S E D Rawson, late of Middlebury township deceased widow's inventory of personal property

Estate of Square Southworth late of Chatham township deceased widow's inventory of personal property RANSFORD W FIELD
Clerk of Orphans Court
Wellsboro Pa Nov 3 1910

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the executors administrators and guardians named below have filed their accounts in the register's office for Tioga county Pa, and that the said accounts will be presented to the Orphans Court to be held at the Court House in Wellsboro Pa in said county on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28 1910 at 2 p m, for confirmation nisi and will be finally confirmed on MONDAY DECEMBER 12 1910 at 2 p m, unless cause be shown why said accounts should not be confirmed

First and final account of Angie S Blair Executrix of the will of Lewis M Blair late of Wellsboro deceased

First and final account of Herbert Roblyer Executor of the will of Henry Fred Sr late of Delmar deceased

First and final account of Frederick B Smith, Guardian of Julia Ella Clem minor child of Joseph A Julia Dunkelberger

First and final account of Lyde Gaylord Administratrix of the estate of Alexander I Gaylord late of Blossburg, deceased

First and final account of Chester F Garrison, Administrator of the estate of R Wilbert Garrison late of Jackson township deceased

First and final account of Sylvanus P Hake Trustee of Jeanette M Heskes under the will of Philo Fuller late of Covington township deceased

First and final account F E Warren Administrator of the estate of Sarah E Locke late of Wellsboro deceased

First and final account of Dr Frank C Master, Executor of the will of Nancy C Master late of Westfield township deceased

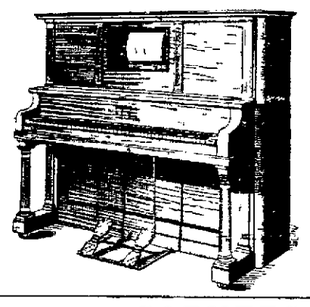
First partial account of George W Curran Executor of the will of Alice Matte late of Knoxville deceased

First and final account of G G Saxton Administrator of the estate of J F O'Neill late of Tioga township deceased

First and final account of J Dennis Executor of the will of David [illegible] late of Liberty township deceased [illegible]
Wellsboro Pa Nov 3 1910 Register

Special Invitation to Teachers

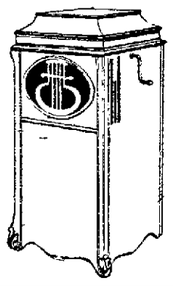
During Institute Week the teachers of Tioga county and their friends are invited to call at my music store and see and hear the wonderful



Apollo Player Piano

also Edison's latest and most wonderful invention

THE AMBEROLA



You can also see 14 different makes of the finest line of Pianos and Organs ever displayed in Tioga county Hear the Edison or Victor Phonographs Over 2,000 Records to select from

CORNETS, VIOLINS, MANDOLINS
GUITARS, BANJOS AND ACCORDIONS

A full line of musical supplies All instruments sold on easy terms

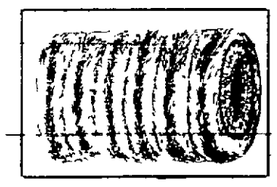
Sheet Music at Special Prices Over 1,500 copies of the latest sheet music during Institute Week at 40 and 15 cents per copy.

CHAS. A. FOCHT, Wellsboro, Pa.

FUR WEATHER IS AT HAND

Now is the Time to Make Your Selection

We are showing a superb line of the splendid new Furs for winter. In style, quality and excellent values we have never known their equal. The Furs were selected early in the summer and are the cream from the stock of one of the very best furriers in the country. By making a practice of early buying, we get only prime skins. This privilege of early selection is now yours. Even if you know nothing about Furs you can make no mistake in buying here.



We have all the latest varieties. French, Russian, Fox, Martin, Jap Minx and Persian Paw.

PRICES, $2 to $60

This promises to be a record breaking fur season. Come early.

We Have Received Many Compliments on Our Line of Coats and Suits.

It has been a common occurrence for customers to remark that here they have found the finest line of Coats to be seen. Our styles are distinctive Every woman has an opportunity to exercise her individual taste The PRINTZESS garments are famous for their good style and accurate fit. The NEW PRINTZESS PLIO CANVASS, with which they are made, is an added feature of superiority. This new canvass won't shrink, wrinkle or sag, and insures the permanent shape of the garment under all conditions

MODEL DRY GOODS & STAR CLOTHING HOUSE,

THE LARGEST EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING STORE IN TIOGA COUNTY.

Bell Phone, 70 L. B. FINKELSTEIN, WELLSBORO, PA. Farmers' Phone, 62-B

Kitchen Cabinets for $8.00.

WE will sell for a short time only Hathaway Kitchen Cabinets the best in the market, for $8 only Cabinets can be seen at J A COLVERT'S mill —May 5-tf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

)ft in the Night

WHEN TAKEN WITH A PAIN, NOTHING WILL RELIEVE IT SO QUICKLY AS A HOT WATER BOTTLE.

In time of health it is a luxury and comfort. In time of sickness it is a necessity. The family without one is the family without a good and true friend. We have them, many styles, fresh, pure rubber. Call and let us show them to you.

orner Drug Store. : : : : FAY F. HOWD

French Olive Oil

IPORTED DIRECT
ROM NICE, FRANCE

believe this to be one of purest and best Olive Oils r imported into this coun- If you wish a perfect icle, remember the name— RI.

ed by the best cooks in ellsboro. Recommended by leading physicians. Sample nished to each lady on appli- ion.

L. BLATCHLEY
DRUGGIST.

CONGO OOFING

ding and Roofing Papers
All Kinds, Coal Tar
at Wholsale Only.

alers in Roofing and Build- Papers in Tioga county:— are Sales Agents for Tioga ty for the United Roofing nufacturing Co.'s products. ave a full line of Building rs and Roofing in stock. on account of local freight believe that we can save money.

RITE US FOR DELIVERED ICES AND SAMPLES

o. M. Spalding
WELLSBORO, PA.

Local Notices.

ladies of the Presbyterian will hold a cake and food sale & Stone's store on Saturday on, from 2 to 5 o'clock, for the of the Ashville fund.

el Flour, the choicest of spring patents, and guaranteed to better bread than any other Only $1.50 per sack, cash, at llsboro Feed Store or Wells- oller Mills.
GEO. C. & F. A. BROOKS.

TED.—Every one in Wellsboro inity to read the opening chap- the new serial by Robert W. ers in the November number Cosmopolitan Magazine. It is atest novel of the year and is ted by Charles Dana Gibson.

he Gazette.

URSDAY, NOV. 10, 1910.

New Advertisements:

ice—L. H. Klock.
t Message—Bell Telephone Co.
Player Piano—Chas. A. Foehl.
enons—Montgomery Ward & Co.
e Sales—L. D. Goodspeed, Sheriff.
rs Institute Week—F. W. Siemens.
g Blocks—Montgomery Ward & Co.
ather is at Hand—L. B. Finkelstein.
Buy a Cheap Gun—Roberts Hardware

Late Local Brevities.

achers' Institute next week.

ncle Tom's Cabin" this even-

anksgiving two weeks from to-

ss Lucy Smith is visiting rela- t Troy.

e deer hunting season opens nesday, the 15th.

L. Herrington was home from to vote for Berry.

ss Sarah Derbyshire is visiting es at Hornell, N. Y.

ss Minnie B. Truman is visit- ends at Madison N. J.

me men are such liars that annot take their own word.

e skating rink was opened for nter last Saturday evening.

he Passing of the Third Floor Friday evening, Nov. 18th.

thur Harding has gone to Roch- where he has secured a position.

tective S. J. Lebo, of Williams- had business in town yesterday.

eclipse of the mgon will occur Wednesday evening, visible in cific.

ank Forsythe and Leland Smith gone to Buffalo, where they secured employment.

-County Commissioner S. O. m, of Covington, had legal busi- t the county seat Monday.

rs. William B. Sullivan was call- Bloomsburg last week by the ill- f her sister, Miss Morarity.

daughter was born Oct. 30th to and Mrs. Wallace Codney, of nsport, formerly of Wellsboro.

r. and Mrs. A. A. Truman are g Mrs. Truman's sister, Mrs. J. W. VanValkenburg, at Philadelphia.

—Mrs. Geo. B. Mathers left yesterday for a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. Frank J. Bullard, of Williamsport.

—Mrs. George L. Dale, of Elmira, was the guest of her brother, Dr. John P. Longwell, a few days last week.

—Mrs. Clinton Williams, of Germantown, Philadelphia, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Graves.

—John Cameron, of Jamesville, Wisconsin, spent a few days the past week with his brother, Judge David Cameron.

—Mr. and Mrs. Dewitt Fowler, of Ithaca, N. Y., were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Mitchell last week.

—Miss Margaret Reese will leave to-morrow for Williamsport to spend the winter with her niece, Mrs. James Cockburn.

—J. O. Banning, representing the Pennsylvania Oil Land Development Co., of Gaines, was a business visitor in town last Thursday.

—Miss Culver, the elocutionist, gave several short and interesting readings before the pupils of the High School last Friday afternoon.

—Mrs. Arthur Shumway left last Friday night for North Judson, Ind., being called there by the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Bunnell.

—During the course of a few hours hunt last Saturday afternoon Postmaster Champaign and Borough Janitor Smith shot four rabbits and three pheasants.

—Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Bowers and daughter and Miss Nina Personeus, of Horseheads, N. Y., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Allen Deane a few days the past week.

—The Superior Court of Pennsylvania has recently decided that the act relating to foreigners being compelled to take out a license to hunt in Pennsylvania is constitutional.

—Local poultry dealers who have made investigations make the welcome forecast that turkeys will be plentiful in the Thanksgiving market. The past summer was a good one for raising turkeys.

—O. L. Ingerick has sold an interest in his livery on Water street to Leon Reese, who has been conducting the transfer coach for some time. The new firm will be known as Ingerick & Reese.

—Burt Potter, of Elmira, former landlord of Potter's Hotel at Middlebury Center, was in town Monday. Mr. Potter has a position as shipping clerk with Booth, the chocolate manufacturer of Elmira.

—The law requires all schools to be closed during the week of the Teachers' Institute and teachers are allowed $2.00 a day for their expenses. Every teacher is expected to be present and attend every session during the week.

—E. H. Green, Esq., civil engineer, has been running the lines for the site of the new Helvetia condensery at Westfield the past week. The main building of the condensery will be 225x60 feet and will be erected with concrete walls and floors.

—Last Friday morning trainmen on the New York Central reported seeing about 200 wild geese swimming in Pine creek near Cammal. The birds had apparently taken refuge there from Thursday night's storm. They made no effort to leave the water when the train thundered by on its way from Corning.

—Clarence B. Hollenbeck, of Corning, and Miss Nettie E. Bockus, of this borough, were married at Hornell, N. Y., Oct. 25th. The bride is a graduate of the local High School, class of 1906, and has taught several successful terms of school in this vicinity. The groom is an employe of the New York Central.

—Borough Janitor Billy Smith did a good job last week when he moved a building from the residence portion of the Simpson homestead to the corner of Grant and Meade streets, on the estate. The building is being fitted up for a dwelling house for the use of Patrick Sullivan, the faithful caretaker of the premises.

—According to reports of medical authorities from a reliable source, infantile paralysis generally begins to prevail late in the summer and ends after a few hard frosts in October. Parents have a right to feel that the danger of the spread of the disease is practically past in this place as well as other parts of the county.

—L. M. Fleming, of Corning, a former resident of Wellsboro, is constructing a greenhouse at the corner of Austin street and Park avenue. There is an excellent field for an industry of this kind in Wellsboro and it will undoubtedly receive the substantial encouragement of the citizens of this place and surrounding country.

—The mother of David Johnson, of Grant street, who resides in Scranton, if she lives until next Thursday, will be 100 years old. A remarkable fact connected with her long, busy, useful, active life is that of the twelve children born to her all are living, though their father died in the sixties. The eldest is above 80. She was married 84 years ago.

—A Troy correspondent says: "A beautiful wedding took place at Burlington, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Foulke, at high noon last Wednesday, when Rev. E. S. Annable, the bride's pastor, united in marriage Miss Mary Foulke and Lee Peters of Osceola." The bride is well-known in Wellsboro, where she was employed at the home of Dr. M. L. Berry until a few weeks ago.

—Walter L. Peake, Esq., who recently passed, with high honors, a rigid examination before the Pennsylvania State Board of Examiners, will locate at Knoxville for the practice of his profession. He has secured an office in the Dearman block at that place and will be ready to receive clients next week. We take pleasure in recommending Mr. Peake as an able young lawyer to the citizens of the Cowanesque valley.

—It is said that a party of Charleston hunters who have been down Pine creek secured 200 pounds of honey from a bee tree a few days ago. During their stay down the creek they located a fine supply of honey in a stump, marked it and left it till morning, on account of increasing darkness. During the night bears visited the supply, and what they didn't eat they left in a condition that no self-respecting hunter would care for it.

—Among the State nurseries it is said the one at Asaph is one of the best producing and most successful, due to the intelligent and scientific efforts of its superintendent, Paul H. Mulford. He has gathered from the surrounding hills two tons of red acorns for planting and also a large quantity of white pine seed, which is very expensive to buy and exceedingly difficult to germinate. He has vastly better success with the native seed.

—Don't kick because you have to button your wife's waist. Be glad your wife has a waist and doubly glad you have a wife to button a waist for. Some men's wives have no waists to button. Some men's wives' waists have no buttons on to button. Some men's wives who have waists with buttons on to button don't care a continental whether they are buttoned or not. Some men don't have any wives with waists with buttons on to button any more than a rabbit.

—The poor luck that many local hunters have met with so far this season can only be accounted for by the fact that rabbits, like all other game, must be scarce. Of course there are some, and with the right kind of weather and good dogs hunters will no doubt have some luck in killing rabbits before the season comes to an end; but hunting rabbits, pheasants and all other kinds of game is not what it used to be fifteen years ago. But then it affords a good excuse for a day in the woods.

—Monday morning Charles H. Roberts, of the Roberts Hardware Co., declared that he was satisfied that advertising in the Gazette paid. The Gazette was the only paper in Wellsboro that advertised the demonstration of the Majestic Range held at the above store last week. The advertising in the Gazette attracted a sufficient number of people at the demonstration to sell fifteen of the Majestic Ranges. While the Gazette does not boast of "the largest circulation in the county," still it has a following in the way of subscribers who "get there just the same."

Thomas Moran is very ill with pneumonia.

—Max Horam, of Lewisburg, is the guest of his brother, William Horam.

—A son was born last Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. Ray Balfour, of Delmar.

—A son was born Monday to Mr. and Mrs. William Olinger, of Nichols street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Walbridge, of Montana, are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

—Messrs. Fred Beach and Horace Rees, of the State Capitol, have been in town this week.

—Ex-Sheriff W. H. Hatfield, of North Woodstock, N. H., has been visiting friends in town this week.

Tom W. Judge, a prominent and well-known business man of Mansfield, died at his home in that place Tuesday night after a prolonged illness.

Rev. P. H. Hershey will be installed as pastor of the First Presbyterian church this evening. Rev. J. W. Wagenhurst, of Harrisburg, will preach the sermon.

—William Margraff has resigned his position as bookkeeper for the Wellsboro Electric Company and has accepted a position at Elmira with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Riebe, of Corning, are visiting relatives here. Mr. Riebe has just returned from the Rochester hospital, where he recently underwent an operation for appendicitis.

—Miss Ethel Peterson, of Wellsboro, and Fred Lundell, of R. D. 1, were married at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. S. P. Lungreen, Monday evening, Oct. 31, by Rev. C. G. Langford.

—Miss Margaret Roberts has not resigned from the faculty of the Wellsboro schools as reported. She was obliged to suspend work on account of illness. Miss Effie Schanbacher is teaching in her place.

—Rev. Horace Stowell, of Beverly, W. Va., formerly of Wellsboro, has been visiting relatives here. He gave a very pleasant talk to the High School students last Friday, about old times when he attended school.

—Lyman Brown, the 14-year-old son of Mrs. Louis King, met with a serious accident yesterday afternoon about 3:30 o'clock at the meat market of Yahn & Westbrook on Main street. He was engaged in feeding the steam meat cutter when his left hand was caught by the swiftly revolving knives and the hand was severed near the wrist. The lad was taken to his home in rear of King's billiard rooms, on East avenue, and Dr. J. P. Longwell amputated the mangled hand above the wrist.

—Miss Helen Culver, of the College of Spoken Word, gave her original dramatization of "Hearts and the Cross" at the court house Monday evening before a large audience. She has a strong musical voice and dramatic talent of high order, and when it is considered that thirteen men and five women are cleverly impersonated by her without costuming or scenery of any character, we realize the magnitude of the undertaking she has before her. The audience was delighted with Miss Culver, she holding them completely in her power during the entire entertainment.

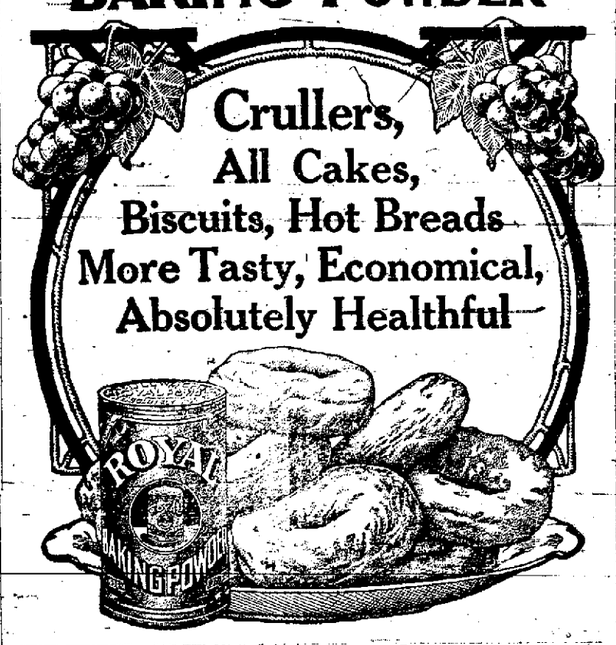
Smart Aleck Got His.

Recently one of the very smart young men in a neighboring town bought a pair of overalls and found in them the name of the sewing girl who made them. He very promptly wrote her a letter with all the effusiveness necessary in such a case, and in due time received a reply, which, however, was void of romance usual in such cases. Here is the girl's reply: "I am a working girl. It is true, but I make a good living and do not care to support a husband, as I would have to do if I married some silly noodle who gets mashed on a girl he never saw. Permit me to say that I do not know how my card got in that pair of overalls, and when I do marry, if ever, it will be some fellow who can afford something better than a 47-cent pair of breeches."

The Country Editor.

A Mississippi editor makes this appeal to delinquent subscribers: "Fish down into your pocket and dig up dust, the editor is hungry and the paper 'bout to bust, we're trusted you for several months, and did it with a smile, so just return the compliment and trust us for awhile. Our wife she needs some stockings and baby needs a dress; Jimmy needs some breeches, and so do Kate and Bess. Pud is on the hog train and Peggy sick with grief, good gosh almighty, can't you give a man relief. Shell out those nickels and turn loose the dimes, turn 'em loose and whistle and we'll have better times; there will be fewer patches on the bosom of our pants and we'd make the paper better if we had half a chance. Don't give us that old story, long gone to seed 'bout taking more papers than the family want to read; but help to feed the printer, and he'll help the town to grow, and thus escape the sulphur in the regions down below."

Royal BAKING POWDER



A Farewell Surprise Party.

Ex-Postmaster Samuel J. Hayes, of Middlebury Center, was in town Tuesday morning. Mr. Hayes and family left on the noon train for Woodbine, Georgia, where they will make their future home. They take with them the best wishes of their many friends. Mr. Hayes will engage in growing rice and cotton, having purchased 50 acres of land near Woodbine.

On Monday evening Mr. Hayes and family were given a pleasant surprise in the shape of a farewell party at the home of H. P. West in Middlebury, when about 65 of their friends and neighbors met to bid them farewell. All brought eatables and a very pleasant evening was had.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

10 a. m.—Brotherhood meeting.
10:30—Sermon.
11:45—Sunday-school.
6 p. m.—Epworth League.
7 p. m.—Sermon.
Midweek service, Thursday, 7:30 p. m.

Sunday-school conference Friday, 2 and 7 p. m., conducted by Dr. Barclay, of Chicago, and Dr. Jones, of Hornell, N. Y. All are cordially invited.

F. P. SIMMONS, Ph. D., Pastor.

—A Trout Run lad a few days ago shot the largest bear that has ever been taken out of the Trout Run section. The animal weighed over 400 pounds and was killed with a shot gun loaded with bird shot.

FINE FARM FOR SALE

Farm of 125 acres, well fenced, in splendid state of cultivation, in good neighborhood. 15 acres of woods; large white house in good state of repair, containing two never-failing wells of water; outside cellar way. Soil, clay loam. Barn, 54x29 ft., cow stable attached, 18x54, another barn, 26x36 ft., stable attached, 14x37, and shed, 14x48, hen house, 12x16, hog pen, 42x12, two story, also a good silo and large granary. Entire farm well seeded with exception of 12 or 13 acres now under the plow. Orchard of 40 apple trees, also some small fruit. Sixty acres flat land, balance sloping. Can run reaper over entire farm with exception of 3 acres. Farm well watered by never-failing springs and creek. Owner has lived on the farm for several years and has paid for it and has a good bank account to his credit. Farm has been well stocked and is to-day. Owner raised good crops of oats, wheat, rye, barley, potatoes and hay this year, and is at present milking 10 cows. Good school in the district. General reputation of the farm is the best. Price, $2,200—$900 down and $1,300 mortgage, as follows: $100 on principal annually, with interest at 5 per cent. until principal and interest is paid.

All of the above description is guaranteed and if not as represented, I will refund your railroad fare, coming and returning from inspecting said farm. Farm values are steadily increasing in this locality. Come at once and see this farm before snow covers the ground and see the crops that were raised this year. The first one here complying with the above terms gets the farm. References, Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, Spencer, N. Y.

C. O. SEABRING,
Spencer, Tioga county, N. Y.

My railroad station is on the Lehigh Valley R. R., on lines from Sayre to Ithaca, and from Elmira to Ithaca.

Spot Cash for Poultry

The Highest Market Price, spot cash, will be paid for chickens and other poultry.

R. J. DUNHAM, Wellsboro

The Man Who Invented Interest

did a big thing for those who deposit their surplus dollars with this bank. TWENTY-FOUR HOURS each day your money works for you when it is here, including Sundays.

INTEREST AT 3½% Compounded Semi-Annually

Remember, this is the first Bank to start a compound interest account in this county and the first Bank to pay this rate of interest.

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Fire, Life, Accident and Liability

Tomorrow may be too late.
Get insured while you can.

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TEACHERS' INSTITUTE WEEK

A CORDIAL INVITATION extended to every one attending the Institute to visit our store and see the many pretty pieces of Furniture we have for your inspection. We have your parlor 3 piece Suits, 5-piece Suits, Odd Chairs, Rockers and Settees, a Rug for the floor or the Lace Curtains for for the window, a Picture for the wall and the Draperies for the archway.

For the Dining Room we have the Table, Chairs, Buffett, China Closet, Sewing Table, Rug and Curtains, also a pretty piece of China Vase or Jardiniere.

For the Library—Tables, Mahogany and Oak in several styles and finish, large room Rockers and Chairs, Leather, Wood or Flag Seats, Book Cases, Desks, Pictures for the wall, Draperies for doors and Rugs for the floors.

WE HAVE JUST THE PIECE FOR EVERY PLACE WHEN YOU ARE TIRED COME IN AND TRY ONE OF OUR ROCKERS. YOU WILL BE WELCOME

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EVERY BOY AND GIRL

in the whole country ought to have an account when it is so easy to start.

A dollar planted now can easily be made the basis of a fortune in years to come. Systematic saving will do it.

WHY NOT START TO-DAY?

The First National Bank
WELLSBORO, PA.

NOV 1910

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Why We Should Fertilize the Soil

by BURT E. POWELL

MAN'S best friend is his mother—the earth. All she asks is the opportunity and she will yield him the wealth of an account that has been growing for ages. And he has treated her as he usually treats his best friends. He has taken all she had to give, bought an automobile and a house in town, and then hid his address from his relatives of the soil for fear they would bring their earthy smell into his new residence.

With quiet indifference old Mother Earth endures this ingratitude, but the time comes when she has nothing for his greed. What happens then? Look to India for one answer. Ten million of our own Aryan blood starve there in a single famine year—starve upon a soil that once was, and still could be, almost inconceivably fertile.

Russia offers another reply, where with stomachs empty men enter a world that never fills them. Yet another answer centuries old may be found in the Tigris Euphrates valley, which once marvelously fertile now scorches, useless, in the tropic sun. The necessity of man freed a weapon that brought him plenty, but the greed of man forged a weapon that brought him penury. Fertile you think there can be prosperity when the earth no longer yields? Do not forget that the shame of Rome was coincident with the time when one bushel of seed returned but four in the harvest. When the soil exploited that is when it is so farmed that the essential elements are taken out in crops and nothing returned to build it up, the result

TWO FIELDS OF CLOVER IN SOUTHERN ILLINOIS SHOWING EFFECT OF USING LIME STONE, ROCK, PHOSPHATE IN ADDITION TO MANURE

CORNFIELD IN URBANA PLAT, 8 YEAR ROTATION, NO TREATMENT

ALFALFA - SHOWING ADVANTAGE OF HAVING THE SOIL INOCULATED WITH BACTERIA

is exactly the same as when men are exploited in workshops and no hire returned to build up their bodies. You cannot haul phosphorus and nitrogen in oats and wheat and corn from your farms year after year and maintain the fertility of the soil if you give back no phosphorus and nitrogen in return. Twelve thousand abandoned farms in the state of New York alone testify to this. After sixty years of cultivation the lands of the corn belt are beginning to hint at the same thing.

We all feel the results, and it is not the man with the navy seed in his hat who feels it first but the man with the pen behind his ear. Month by month the price of each separate commodity puts a little larger mortgage in his salary until by the end of the year his savings, which began hopefully as an unknown quantity, have ended as a X = nothing. He it is who knows the cost of living first of all, for unless the land can be induced to yield abundantly prices will not settle down to the point where the man on a moderate salary can live free from fear. Farmer and corn alike we are all vitally concerned in the problem of maintaining and increasing the fertility of the soil that is first and of restoring soils that have been or are being exploited.

Fortunately they can be restored. Intelligence is more potent than a notice and can undo the evil it has wrought. Even Pennsylvania that have been exploited to the point of a tenant ruin can be nursed back to health. Dr. Cyril Hopkins, head of the agronomy department of the University of Illinois, a soil specialist of national reputation and the author of numerous pamphlets and a book entitled "Soil Fertility and Permanent Agriculture," is one of the most enthusiastic workers along this line. He is a man of hard facts and loves pretty theories even as the devil loves holy water. Every fact that he gives out must prove itself over and over again in tests upon his own farms or those belonging to the university or upon one of the various experimental plots. There are about thirty of these plots scattered through the state of Illinois where the soils are carefully examined and then cropped according to their needs. I can tell you tales of what Mother Earth has done in the way of corn, wheat, oats, or clover when she has received proper treatment that would set you to building castles in the air upon an earthy foundation. The corn field on one of the university farms in 1909 was 87 bushels to the acre due to treatments with limestone and phosphorous. But before we go farther let us consider a few fundamentals of crop growing.

First there are six positive absolutely essential factors. These are (1) the seed, (2) the plant home, (3) the food of which the plant is made, (4) moisture, (5) heat, (6) light. Now except in the case of the seed and plant food these factors are largely beyond the farmer's control. Dame Nature can however be induced to yield to the man's satisfactorily. How then has the farmer made use of his ability to control the two factors? By exercising judgment in the care of the seed, and by making the right of plant food control. The test of Nature and man was worked out when food to give the good seed the agricultural [illegible] in farmers' fields and [illegible] weight of the seed [illegible] the point of [illegible] in [illegible] crops, and as [illegible] the case of the seed.

What are these elements? There are ten in the [illegible] eight are provided abundantly. Three, oxygen, hydrogen and carbon—come free from the air and water. Most normal soils contain enough potassium, magnesium, iron, calcium and sulphur although sometimes the first must be supplied. The problem of plant food therefore narrows itself in most cases to maintaining and increasing the phosphorus and nitrogen.

Now nitrogen is as easy to catch as the measles if one knows how. The air contains it in incomprehensible amounts. Dr. Hopkins has estimated that the air above an acre of ground contains about $10,000,000 worth, if sold over the counter at ordinary commercial rates. In order to make this nitrogen to enter the earth where it may respond as food for man and beast a necessary is to plant clover, a alfalfa, peas or any legume. By means of the bacteria on their roots these legumes draw the nitrogen into the soil. How necessary the element of nitrogen is may be seen from the fact that a 100 bushel crop of corn takes from the soil almost 100 pounds of nitrogen in the corn and about 48 pounds in the stalks. Rich well balanced land in the corn belt contains about 8000 pounds of nitrogen. Therefore if the process of subtraction of nitrogen goes on year after year with never an addition it can be seen clearly that the farmer's finances can not multiply. Rotation plans for grain farmers always should include a crop of legumes. Wheat, corn, oats and clover is a satisfactory rotation, as wheat, corn and cow peas, also corn, corn and oats and cow peas. The first of these rotations should include a catch crop of clover seed, the first year and plowed under for corn as its a practicable the second year. The other two should include catch crops of legume where possible. Legumes [illegible] the services [illegible] supplying the soil with nitrogen as [illegible] this supply organic matter to the soil which helps to hold the plant food so free from the earth and into the farmer's bank account.

Now that the question of nitrogen has been outlined suppose we turn to the problem of phosphorus, the only element of plant food we ever shall have to buy. As to the importance of the use of phosphorus upon the common soils of the United States Dr. Hopkins has this to say:

Phosphorus is the key to permanent agriculture on these lands. To maintain or increase the amount of phosphorus in the soil makes possible the growth of clover or other legumes and the consequent addition of nitrogen from the inexhaustible supply in the air and with the addition of decaying organic matter in the residues of clover and other crops and in manure made in large part from clover hay and pasture and from the larger crops of corn and other grains which clover helps to produce comes the possibility of liberating from the immense supplies in the soil sufficient potassium, magnesium and other essential abundant elements supplemented by the amounts returned in manure and crop residues for the production of large crops at least for thousands of years, whereas if the supply of phosphorus in the soil is steadily decreased in the future in accordance with the past and present most common farm practise then poverty is the only future for the people who till the common agricultural lands of the United States."

Phosphorus may be applied in liberal amounts—as much as 1,000 pounds to the acre every three or four years—and it costs about $7 a ton.

After the problem of returning the elements to the soil has been solved the farmer may find another condition of the soil which must be corrected before his farm will produce as it should. This is the tendency of certain soils to acidity. Clover, alfalfa and other valuable legumes cannot thrive upon soil that is sour. Sometimes on acid soils when applications of farm manure are made the legumes will seem to grow well but examination reveals the fact that the nitrogen gathering bacteria fail to develop properly. Hence the most valuable contribution the legumes have to make to the soil is largely lost. Upon certain fields belonging to one of the most famous agricultural stations in the world, that of Rothamstead, England, applications of natural limestone were made a century ago. They are still moderately productive, although other fields near by which have never received the application are extremely unproductive.

Care should be taken that limestone is used for the one and only purpose of correcting soil acidity.

And while we are upon this subject of soil stimulation have you ever thought that most of our improvements have that in view and that only? Improved seed, improved machinery, irrigation, even crop rotation, all are means for extracting from the soil the richness that is in it, not for returning any of the food elements of grain building. All of these methods of soil stimulation are excellent in their way if used in connection with methods of returning the elements of plant food, but if used without them they are means of hastening the impoverishment of the soil.

To return to the question of limestone, one ton to the acre finely ground will correct the acid condition of most soils. It is, however, in the end cheaper and easier to apply more and to apply it less often. As much as ten tons to the acre was applied to the soil of one of the experiment fields in southern Illinois and the crop yields there have been greater than upon any other fields in that district.

A question that has been given much attention lately is the question of crop rotation. Undoubtedly it is absolutely essential for successful grain farming, but it is not the universal panacea some would have us believe. For instance a group of theorists have declared that fertilization is unnecessary if crop rotation will keep the soils in perfect condition. The idea is that plants do not injure the soil because they use its plant food elements but because they throw off poisonous excreta as animals do. Therefore a so-called worn-out soil simply has become saturated with this excreta. Plant a crop which will neutralize the poison of the last crop and the soil will be sweetened and the breasts of Mother Earth kept dripping with plenty for ever. This is very attractive—as a theory. It has however no foundation in fact. As Dr. Hopkins has said the rotation of crops has just the same effect upon wealth in the soil as the rotation of the check book among the members of the family has upon the wealth in the bank. Plant food elements cannot be used up, all not returned without resulting in impoverishment of the soil.

On Hell-For-Sartan Creek

I had been to Hell-for-Sartain and I had heard preaching there. If I went back now the way I had come I should save six long weary miles. I was tired as was Old Faithful, but I had not been to the mouth of Hell-for-Sartain and I had not seen the church there, and while my curiosity was sat[illegible], my conscience wasn't, and so [illegible] I saddled Old Faithful and rode on down Hell-for-Sartain through an avenue of cucumber trees. Never had I seen so many cucumber trees in my life as were on that one rocky road, and had they only been starred with their great [illegible] blossoms they would have been compensation for the whole tollsome trip. Disappointment awaited me at the mouth of the creek. The church there was closed, and above its doors was not the picturesque title of the stream but some fernlike name that was easily traceable to some shocked feminine taste from the outer world. Half a mile on I got a dinner of cold beans and cold cornbread, and joined by a 20-year-old school teacher on a big black mule turned my face toward Jackson. This young school teacher was making money in his native mountains in order to study law outside. He had gone to school in the Bluegrass and he knew my books. Just then he was electioneering for his brother, who was running for a county office and he shouted his slogan to some native playing baseball up the creek to the porches of the houses as we passed, and when we met a voter in the road he stopped while I rode discreetly on and he never failed to overtake me with a wink of success. I'd like to wager that the brother won. Hell-for-Sartain Creek had once deserved its name, he said, for there had been a "heap of devilment done up there. There had been several fights in the schoolhouse, where where I had heard preaching, but everything had quieted down there as it was quieting down all through the mountains except over toward Jackson. Yes, the good old times were gone!—John Fox Jr. in Scribner.

First and Foremost

"My wife has a great deal to say to me about her first husband."

"Nonsense, you're wife was never married before."

"I know it. That's what makes her reflections so painful."—Puck.

PURITY

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HALE'S HONEY

of Horehound and Tar

for many years a standard and sterling remedy for

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness and Sore Throat.

It seldom fails to give relief and is a reliable remedy for children or adults.

Prepared and sold strictly in compliance with the Pure Food and Drugs Act regulations. Sold by druggists generally.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS

For an Aching Tooth

His Dreams

By EDITH GRAY

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Outside the shack a Mexican half-breed strummed his guitar and sang in a voice inclined to nasality, but not utterly unmusical, the refrain of a popular song then much in vogue at Vera Cruz.

Richard Marston, the young American seated within translated to himself: "My soul, my life, I love you," and flung aside his cigarette in a sudden gesture of despair. "My soul, my life, I love you! Truly of what use this daring plunge into the mountain lumber camp of El Oro, this exile from friends and family in persistent quest of forgetfulness? Of what use when the forgetting is as far distant, now in the continual round of tedious duties, the overseeing of Indian gangs and balancing of numberless accounts, as it was in the first days?"

The long hours of morning toil brought for a time detachment and mental relaxation, but when evening came with its crying demand for physical rest, its breathing of wind in the oak trees and glittering of first stars above the shadowy pines, Marston was invariably overwhelmed with old memories, and a slender girl, red cloaked, her hood drawn over her soft brown hair, stood once more before him, gazing wistfully outward through her tear-dimmed eyes. Unnumbered times had the bitterness of that parting been renewed.

"My soul, my life, I love you!" Marston tilted his chair legs back against the crude unfinished boards and stared meditatively out through the open window. His glance ignored the miserable outlying huts of the laboring half-breeds, passed along the narrow dirt road cut and scamed with the continual repassing of the heavy loads and lingered above on the hillside where its lights gleaming

"My Soul, My Life, I Love You"

brightly through the intervening trees stood the comparatively princely cottage of his friend and employer, Lewis Pemberton, promoter and engineer.

Several days ago Lewis Pemberton had resigned to confide to his attentive ear a fact that had long since been suggested by the radiant shining of his eyes and his frequent outburst of gay, impulsive laughter—that the young lady back home had finally come to a favorable decision and was now expected accompanied by her mother and several friends to spend a month or so in the crude but hospitable shelter of her fiance's cottage. Pemberton had selected three of the boys to act as guides and general cavaliers to the ladies during off hours, Newton, Jim Howard and young Dick Marston.

Newton and Howard had jumped at the invitation, but Dick had shaken his head with finality, pleading that he was too busy. Pemberton had replied: "Wait till you see the girls, my boy," and had laughed immoderately.

What pleasure could companionship with any girl be since Natalie had gone? At best these friends of Pemberton's betrothed would be colorless, insipid creatures or the usual forward type of chattering girls. Natalie, with her deep, grave eyes, her tactful understanding, her unfailing sympathy, had spoiled him for the frivolous banter of the girls whom Newton and Jim Howard were now finding so enchanting in their first enthusiastic greetings at Pemberton's festive little cottage on the hillside.

To Marston, accompanied by his loneliness and sorrow, occasional peals of girlish laughter mingled with broken snatches of conversation and song, softened by the distance and the trees, floated downward through the night. He closed his eyes in hopeless surrender to homesick longing, depression. And even now, in the midst of gloom, seared and overshadowed by the contrasting gayety above, his thoughts turned to Natalie and the days long past.

How sweet she had been! How brave! How loyal to her cross-grained old father, who, in a burst of ungovernable rage had forbidden Marston the house and further communication with his only daughter! It was on that never-to-be-forgotten night of humiliation and dismay that Natalie had explained out under the stars of the great suburban estate.

"You see, Dick, he's very old, and mother left him to me when she died. Always think first of your father," she said, and so Dick, dear, you had better go away somewhere for I can't possibly marry you. Go away somewhere and forget."

He had gone away to the ends of the earth, it had seemed. At first he had received unselfish, hurried letters from his far-away sweetheart, but soon these were entirely dropped, and his only news of her was gleaned from the month-old newspapers from home. But in spite of seeming indifference on her part and persistent endeavor on his, he had in no way followed out the injunction of the piteous pleading girl: "Dick, please, Dick, forget."

Not even after a long period of neglect on the part of the social section when he had perceived this glaring headline: "Broker's Daughter Betrothed—Miss Vernon to Wed Son of British Peer," had he denounced the loved one.

"Natalie, Natalie!" Without the wind whispered tender things to the towering pines, and the stars still shone unheeding and unmindful of his hurt. Only the guitar, sounding mellow and deep toned, seemed in sympathy with the throbbing tyrant bound fast within his breast: "My heart, my soul, I love you."

For a long time he sat there, his eyes closed, oblivious to his surroundings. So completely had he been swept onward by the ever-increasing current of his deep musings that when he opened his eyes again it seemed that a strangely familiar figure stood framed within the doorway. The rising moon from without enveloped her soft brown hair, a heavy cloak enfolded her, her hands reached outward, and even in the shadows he saw the questioning wonder of her eyes.

She stepped forward, trembling and half afraid: "Dick, you haven't forgotten?" "I came with Ellen Du Val Lewis Pemberton's fiancee." "Lewis knew from the beginning. He told me to find you here."

The boy's chair legs were still tilted carelessly against the wall, his mud-caked boots twisted carelessly about them, his hands thrust deep into his pockets. Though he had been lounging thus for the last hour in meditative abandon of despair, he did not feel the cramped unnaturalness of his position nor the growing ache across the muscles of his back so forgetful had he been of his physical self in the pain of despondency.

Even now, confronted by the entranced little figure, he did not move a muscle, so assured was he that it was but the embodiment of his dreams before him. Surely if he quivered a fraction of an inch the silvery shimmering of the moon-crowned head would vanish utterly into the fathomless nowhere whence it had so suddenly arisen. "Dreams are good. He would go on dreaming."

"Dick, you don't understand. You see, father, father——" The voice faltered, then continued brokenly: "Father died, and there is no one to care now. I thought that you might still want me, Dick, and so I came."

He managed to stammer as one addressing a pleasantly shimmering but utterly impractical delusion: "The Englishman?"

She laughed: "Dick, foolish Dick, it was only a rumor. Surely you never believed."

He stood then, his arms stretched outward in a pleasantly shimmering possession, and she found her way to them.

Without a voice was raised, sweet toned, melodious:

"My soul, my life, I love you."

New Wrinkles

An Irishman desired to become naturalized, and after the papers were signed the judge turned to him. "Now, Dennis," he said, "you can vote."

"Will this ceremony," inquired the new citizen, "help me to do it any better than I have been voting for th' last ten years?"—Success.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

For Sprains

"Gave Me Instant Relief"

fell and sprained my arm was in terrible pain. I d not use my hand or arm out intense suffering until eighbor told me to use n's Liniment. The first ication gave me instant f and I can now use my as well as ever."—MRS. H. PRINGER, 921 Flora St., abeth, N. J.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

xcellent antiseptic and germ — heals cuts, wounds, and ions, and will the poison sting of poi- s insects.

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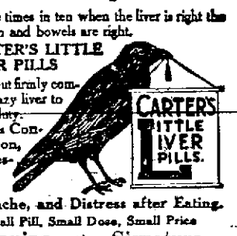
ake the Liver its Duty

times in ten when the liver is right the n and bowels are right.

TER'S LITTLE R PILLS

ut firmly com- zy liver to ty.

Con- on, es-



che, and Distress after Eating. all Pill, Small Dose, Small Price nuine must bear Signature

Fred Good

REMEMBER PISO'S COUGHS & COLDS

Wrong Guess.

is exhibition day at No. 3, and parents of Jack Grady, the pupil, were listening hopefully, cher tried her best to help the How did Charles I. of England he asked, assigning the easiest n on her list to Jack. As he at her, with no indication of a answer, the teacher put her up to her neck. Jack saw the ent and understood its mean- he thought. "Charles I. of Eng- ied of cholera," he announced.—Youth's Companion.

A Logical Landlord.

y a tenant will sympathize with n in this story, from the Phila- Record. He was renting a house which the landlord had to repair. One day the owner to see him.

es," he said, "I shall have to our rent."

at for?" asked Jones, anxiously. taxes gone up?"

" the landlord answered, "but I ve painted the house and put w range and bathtub. That, of , makes it worth more rent."

The Family Growler.

y are you weeping, little boy?" roke de pitcher."

ll, there's no use crying over milk."

wan! Dis wuz beer."—Louisville er-Journal.

happiness is found in great manifesting itself in service.— an.

When It's "What for Breakfast?"

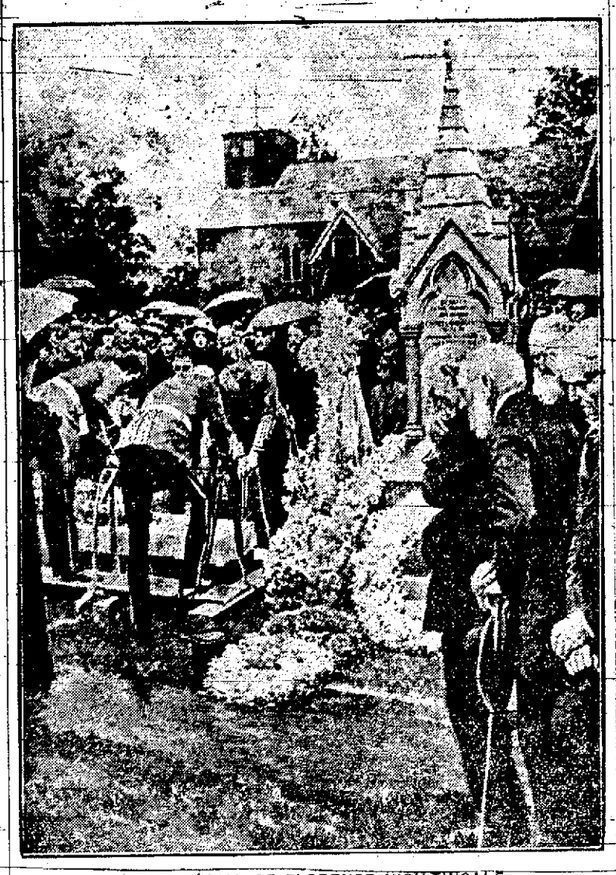
Post Toasties

Serve with cream or lk and every member the family will say "rip- g" good. And don't surprised if they want second helping.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

The Last Resting Place of Florence Nightingale



THE BURIAL OF FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE.

THE funeral of Florence Nightingale, as described by a London correspondent, was an exceedingly simple one. The coffin, covered with Miss Nightingale's white cashmere shawl, was taken from South street and conveyed to Waterloo. The coffin was carried to the train by Grenadier, Coldstream and Scots guards. The procession reached East Wellow at three o'clock. Rev. S. M. Watson and Rev. T. G. Gardiner officiated at the grave. The mourners here were restricted to relatives of Miss Nightingale—Doctor and Mrs. Shore Nightingale, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Shore Nightingale, Mr. and Mrs. Vaughan Nash, Sir Harry Verney, and one who bore the honored name of Arthur Hugh Clough.

The death of this remarkable woman at the age of ninety-seven marks an era. Her intelligence was inseparable with an intense interest in the alleviation of human suffering. This, at the early age of twenty-one, led her to give attention to the condition of hospitals. Like John Howard before her, she started upon a "circumnavigation of charity," visiting and inspecting the civil and military hospitals all over Europe. With the Sisters of Charity in Paris she studied the system of nursing and management in the French hospitals, and herself went into training seven years later as a nurse in the institution of Protestant Deaconesses at Kaiserswerth. Returning to England, she put into thorough working order the sanatorium for governesses in connection with the London Institution. The term of apprenticeship, which thus served as an unconscious preparation for her life work, extended over a decade of years.

When in the spring of 1854 war was declared with Russia, a British army of twenty-five thousand men embarked for the scene of the conflict. The battle of Alma was fought September 20, and the wounded and sick were sent to the rude hospitals prepared for them on the banks of the Bosphorus. These were soon overcrowded and their unsanitary condition was such that the rate of mortality far exceeded that of the fiercest and bloodiest battle itself.

It was at this great crisis that Miss Nightingale offered to organize at Scutari a nursing department upon the latest sanitary basis, and Lord Herbert, then of the war office, gladly accepted the offer. Within a week, October 21, she actually was on the way with her band of nurses, and arrived in Constantinople November 4, on the eve of Inkerman and at the beginning of the famous and terrible winter of that disastrous campaign. She found the wounded from that second battle filling the wards with 2,300 patients, and during that critical period she exhibited a devotion to her work and to the comfort of the sufferers that has passed into history as one of the most remarkable exhibitions of self-oblivious love that the world has ever recorded. This grand woman stood for twenty hours out of the twenty-four to see the wounded and sick provided with every accommodation and comfort that was possible in their condition.

In the spring of 1855, while in the Crimea organizing the nursing department of the camp hospitals, her unturing toil and uninterrupted labors brought on a prostrating fever. Nevertheless, she refused to leave her post. Slowly recovering, she stayed at Scutari until, in 1856, the British evacuated Turkey on July 28. She saved not only the health but the life of hundreds and thousands of soldiers at the price of the exposure of her own health in the severe physical, mental, and especially emotional strain to which she had voluntarily subjected herself. And it is not too much to say that the result was a permanent breakdown in her own health. She became a chronic invalid.

Nevertheless, even in her sickroom her mind and heart were still busy devising means for the permanent improvement of the health of the soldier and the diminution of the awful exposures incident to war.

When the Crimean war closed there was a public sense of the indebtedness not only of the British army and nation, but of the whole civilized world to Miss Nightingale.

Surviving by all these years nearly all of her Crimean contemporaries, she has borne a fame which none of them surpassed, if indeed any of them has ever rivaled it. That war had the advantage of being chronicled by one of the most engaging historians of the century, and celebrated in song by the most popular poet of the period. It developed at least three of the most splendidly heroic warriors which war has produced in later days, and heroic deeds which will never cease to appeal to the admiration of the human race; but that great conflict was marked with the most abominable horrors which can characterize warfare, with the most disgraceful examples of incapacity and blundering in administration, and, worse than all, by what has been called a sordid scoundrelism which has greatly dimmed the luster of what some have called "the glorious war," and the verdict of intelligent observers and historians is that it was not any soldier of Balaklava, or Alma, or Sebastopol that deserves to stand first in renown, but the humble chief nurse of Scutari.

The work of Florence Nightingale during that war was like the life of Daniel in Babylon—one in which not even an enemy could find a fault. If it was exceptionally benevolent in motive, it was exceptionally effective in execution. She was devoted to her work as no Indian fakir to his sacrifices. Yet she never degenerated into a fanatic.

She ventured to antagonize former traditions and stubborn prejudices. It has been well said of her that she set herself to overthrow the fetish "It-can't-be-done," and of the superstitiously supposed inevitable. Her success was beyond words, though her task was a stupendous one. She was not only a missionary in the highest sense to the sick and the wounded, but she was a pioneer and a leader. She left the way open on the part of all that might follow her to a success like to her own. Her work has been calmly and judiciously pronounced epochal, like that of Lister and Pasteur in therapeutics. The subsequent achievements wrought in the department of military nursing and hygiene from those days on, and down to the sanitary commission in the American war, and the remarkable feats of the Japanese surgeons and doctors in the late war with Russia, are to be traced to Florence Nightingale as their real mother. Perhaps the greatest result of all has been effected in providing the impetus in the direction of the rational, sanitary and scientific care of the sick and wounded.

"Thrillers" Poorly Staged.

"Undoubtedly theatrical realism should be the real thing. The New York Sun notes how effects may be queered: 'The moving picture representation of an Indian attack upon the cabin of a New England settler was thrilling until you noticed that the settler was knocking over the redskins with quick-firing from his repeating rifle, and then you wondered what was the matter with history,' said a theatergoer. 'There was another thriller in which a child was knocked down by an auto. A physician appeared and he felt of the child's pulse without taking off his glove. He was a wonder. He inclined his head to listen to the heart beats, but in his hurry put his ear to the right side. Then he shook his head in sorrow that he could not hear any heartbeats, and the child must be dead. The scene shifted, and there was a snowstorm; while in the background could be seen hardwood trees with green leaves a plenty.'"

White Long Considered Hoodoo.

For a long time in English history white has been considered the unlucky color for coronations. Charles I wore white vestments when he was crowned.

Its Sentimental Value.

"I suppose when you gave that pretty girl a copper you meant it for a dollar, as a matter of business."

"Not at all. It was a matter of feeling. It was a cent I meant."

The KITCHEN CABINET

WHO is good, except he be made so by loving?
—St. Augustine.

Laughter is the sun that drives winter from the human face.
—Victor Hugo.

Palatable Liver.

Lamb's or calf's liver is not a dish to be despised. The common method of serving it fried with bacon is very appetizing if well cooked; but one likes variety even in serving liver.

Try this way and see how choice a dish it is: Fry three slices of salt pork until brown, lay in the liver and sear well on both sides, then put into a covered baking dish with a few potatoes parboiled, a few carrots and an onion that has been fried brown in the pork fat. If you have a little broth or stock pour it over the meat and vegetables, if not use boiling water, cover and cook for several hours until the vegetables are tender. Serve in the casserole. Season when the dish is about half cooked.

Another nice way to serve liver is to wrap a piece of bacon around each piece of liver after seasoning well and rolling in flour then bake in a hot oven until the bacon is crisp. Turn once during the cooking. Liver with curry sauce is another way to add variety to its serving. Cook the liver as usual, adding a bit of onion to the fat for flavor. Remove the liver and add two tablespoonfuls of flour, a half teaspoonful of curry powder and a cup of stock. Strain over the liver and serve with rice.

Things Worth Knowing.

When a stitch is dropped in a fine silk stocking which will cause "railroading" wet the place to arrest any further damage and then it will go no further and the place may be darned when the stocking is removed. Stockings that have been dipped in water and dried before wearing will not be so apt to drop stitches.

Try using varnished paper as covering for shelves; it is easily wiped and kept clean.

To clarify fat, add a raw potato cut in small pieces to the fat and allow it to heat gradually. When the potatoes are well browned remove them and strain the fat through a cheese cloth.

The potato absorbs any odors and collects some of the sediment, the remainder sinks to the bottom of the kettle.

I LOVE the smell of apples when they're getting ready red.
And I love the smell that tinkles from an autumn pickle bed.
The earthy spice of new-plowed fields is a delight sublime,
But there isn't no smell that deals the smell of pickin' time.

There are so many good things to prepare for the winter that it is hard to choose when one can have but a few on account of the expense. Those fortunate enough to possess a good garden may be independent of the markets.

Pickling Time.

There are so many good things to be prepared in the fall that the housewife who has not a well-stored fruit closet may well feel that she, like the butterfly, has idled the summer hours away, and the winter will find her with bare shelves. Most housewives have old and tried recipes that have been handed down from mother to daughter, so that those need not be repeated.

French Pickles.—Reject the seeds from six green peppers, cut the stem end from one peck of small green tomatoes and take four medium-sized onions, chop separately. Chop two tablespoonfuls each of mint and nasturtium seed, sprinkle with one cupful of salt and let stand 24 hours. Mix one cupful of grated horse radish with two tablespoonfuls of white mustard seed, one tablespoonful each of pepper corns, ground cinnamon and sugar, one half teaspoonful each of ground cloves, allspice, mace and ginger. Add to the vegetables, cover with vinegar and cook slowly for four hours, seal hot in pint fruit jars.

Plum Catsup.—Boil the plums with as little water as possible until soft, rub through a colander, and to every five pounds of pulp add two and a half pounds of sugar, a cupful of vinegar and a teaspoonful each of cinnamon and allspice. Boil half an hour, strain and bottle.

Chow Chow.—Take two quarts of small green tomatoes, 12 small cucumbers, three large onions, one cauliflower, one quart of small onions, two quarts of string beans, one pint of mustard seed, one ounce of turmeric, one ounce of celery seed, one ounce of cloves, one pint of salt, one gallon of vinegar. Slice the tomatoes and cucumbers, let stand overnight in a brine made with salt and half a gallon of vinegar. Drain. Make the vinegar and spices into a paste with the flour and add to the remaining vinegar. Cook the onions, beans and cauliflower in boiling water until tender, then add the tomatoes and cucumbers and cook until thoroughly heated. Pack in jars and pour the vinegar with spices and cover tightly.

Nellie Maxwell.

a sharp knife remove a small piece from the side, take out the stone and rub the cavity with a little celery seed. Make a filling with one cupful of chopped sour apple, one tablespoonful each of white mustard seed and grated horse radish, one teaspoonful of mace and half a teaspoonful of ground cloves. Fill the peaches, replace the piece cut out, tie securely, and stand in jars cut side upward. For every quart of vinegar add one cupful of brown sugar, and one-fourth teaspoonful of cayenne; bring slowly to the boiling point, skim carefully, pour over the peaches, seal and in ten days they will be ready to use.

'TIS beauty that doth oft make women proud,
'Tis virtue that doth make them most admired;
'Tis government that makes them seem divine.
—Shakespeare.

Pickles Like Mother Used to Make.

The following are old and tried recipes which are never quite outclassed by the new and up-to-date pickles:

Green Tomato Pickles.—Slice one peck of green tomatoes into a jar, put a layer of tomatoes, then a few slices of onion, using half a dozen onions, sprinkle with a cupful of salt and let stand 24 hours, drain and add one quart of vinegar and choice of spices; cook until the vegetables are tender. When cold add a tablespoonful of ground mustard mixed with a little vinegar.

Ripe Cucumber Pickles.—Cut ripe cucumbers in halves, cover with water, allowing two teaspoonfuls of powdered alum to each quart of water. Heat gradually to the boiling point, then let simmer for two hours on the back part of the range. Drain and chill in ice water. Make a strip of two pounds of sugar and a pint of vinegar, with two tablespoonfuls each of whole cloves and cinnamon tied in a cloth. Remove the cucumbers and put in a stone jar; pour over them the boiling strup. Scald the strup three successive mornings and pour over the cucumbers. Sweet pickles of different kinds may be prepared from the following recipe: Take 3½ pounds of brown sugar, a pint of vinegar and seven pounds of fruit. Spicing is varied to suit the taste. Always put the spices in a small muslin bag, then it may be removed if the pickles are too strong with spice. Most people like one part cloves to two parts cinnamon for spicing. Crab apples are delicious pickled in this proportion; also pears and peaches.

Pickled Onions.—For those who like pickled onions here is a good recipe: Select small silver-skinned onions, put them in a brine, after peeling carefully. Let stand three days in a brine that will float an egg. Drain and put in a jar, making a layer three inches deep; sprinkle with horse radish, cayenne pepper or chopped red pepper, cinnamon and cloves; repeat until the jar is full. Take vinegar to cover, add a cupful of brown sugar to a quart and pour boiling hot over the onions.

WHEN we say we have not time for anything, we usually mean that we have not inclination for it. It is significant that most persons find time for what they are bound to do."

Helpful Hints.

Closely woven goods require less starch to stiffen.

All fats except mutton can be used in cookery, that may be used for salves and soaps.

Put the roast in a very hot oven at first, then after ten or fifteen minutes lower the heat so that it will cook slowly and retain the juices.

When coloring, use a little vaseline on the hands to keep the dye from sinking in and then wash them using lemon juice to remove the stains.

Bits of dampened paper thrown over the carpet before sweeping will aid in keeping down the dust. Tea leaves are also good and tend to brighten the carpet.

For a long-sleeved corset cover cut the top off of your worn winter union suits. Such a corset cover costs nothing and is as good looking as one made for the purpose.

When having a rug dyed, save some of the shingles and leave them exposed to the air and sun until well weathered, then when a few shingles are wanted for patching the roof it will not have that patched look.

When the time is ripe, fix up the grape juice and pick the kind used for the same. Many workers prefer them in a large glass jar and if lost can be easily replaced. The cyclists made up in smooth and perfect shape by the sculptors.

Spiced Cucumber Pickles.

Soak cucumbers and cucumbers for 12 hours in strong salt water, then take them out, wipe and pack in jars. Prepare the vinegar with spices and pour boiling hot over them. Use whole spices.

Nellie Maxwell.

The Rice in Germany.

[illegible]

Novel Check.

[illegible]

All She Wanted Was the Man.

"They wire didn't ask me to stop over my fortune when I married her," said the man in the corner seat. "She was too glad to get me to bother about trifles."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

HARDY.

Mr. Heavyweight—Well, Willie, why do you look so studious?

Willie—I was wonderin' if you ever married sis, if I could be able to wear yer cast-off clothes.

Easy for Her.

An extremely corpulent old lady was entertaining her grandchild at luncheon when she found occasion to reprimand the little girl for dropping some food on the tablecloth.

"You don't see grandma dropping anything on the table," she said.

"Of course not," replied the child; "God gave you something in front to stop it."

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

An Exacting Personage.

"I suppose you find life easier since the summer boarders have gone?"

"Nope," replied Farmer Corntossel; "we're workin' an' worryin' just as much as ever tryin' to keep the hired man contented."

Resinol Quickly Cures Ills and Accidents the Skin Is Subject To, Also Heals Wounds.

I find occasion almost daily to recommend Resinol to some of my friends, and hear of most gratifying results. We use the ointment altogether in my family, and are never without a jar of it, for it promptly cures the ills and accidents the skin is subject to. D. M. Castle, Philadelphia, Pa.

No Hurry.

"What are you in such a rush about?"

"Promised to meet my wife at three o'clock down at the corner."

"Well, there's no hurry. It isn't four o'clock yet."

"SPOHN'S."

This is the name of the greatest of all remedies for Distemper, Pink Eye, Heaves, and the like among all ages of horses. Sold by Druggists, Harness Makers, or send to the manufacturers, $.50 and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Send for free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Old Oaken Bucket.

Doctor (to typhoid patient)—Do you remember where you drank water?

Patient (an actor)—Oh, yes! It was back on the dear old farm—twenty years ago!—Puck.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Both Unpardonable.

"Agnes says she will never have anything more to do with Gladys."

"Which did Gladys recommend? A dressmaker or a summer hotel?"—Harper's Bazar.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

When a man dresses like a monkey it's a pretty good sign that he either ought to get married or get divorced.

Pettit's Eye Salve Restores.

No matter how badly the eyes may be diseased or injured. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

A woman hates her enemies longer than she loves her friends.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Some politicians are too modest to face the nude truth.

ANOTHER WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Black Duck, Minn.—"About a year ago I wrote you that I was sick and could not do any of my housework. My sickness was called Retroflexion. When I would sit down I felt as if I could not get up. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and did just as you told me and now I am perfectly cured, and have a big baby boy."—Mrs. ANNA ANDERSON, Box 19, Black Duck, Minn.

Consider This Advice.

No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made exclusively from roots and herbs, a fair trial.

This famous medicine for women has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ills, and creates radiant, buoyant female health. If you are ill, for your own sake as well as those you love, give it a trial.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

When the Liver is Out of Tune

the whole system is off the key—stomach upset, bowels sluggish, head heavy, skin sallow and the eyes dull. You cannot be right again until the cause of the trouble is removed. Correct the flow of bile, and gently stimulate the liver to healthful action by taking

BEECHAM'S PILLS

the bile remedy that is safe to use and convenient to take. A dose or two will relieve the nausea and dizziness, operate the bowels, carry new life to the blood, clear the head and improve the digestion.

These old family pills are the natural remedy for bilious complaints and quickly help the liver to

Strike the Keynote of Health

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Do it Now

Tomorrow A. M. too late. Take a CASCARET at bed time; get up in the morning feeling fine and dandy. No need for *sickness* from *over-eating* and *drinking*. They surely work while you sleep and help nature help you. Millions take them and keep well.

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month. 884

The par excellence of all razors

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE. NORTHROP & LYMAN CO. Ltd., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair troubles. 50c and $1.00 at Druggists.

W. N. U., CLEVELAND, NO. 44—1910.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

BOYS' SHOES, $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. Douglas $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes are positively the best made and most popular shoes for the price in America, and are the most economical shoes for you to buy.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years, that I make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U. S., and that DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR, I GUARANTEE MY SHOES to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other $3.00, $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy? Quality counts. It has made my shoes THE LEADERS OF THE WORLD.

You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last ones worn so well, and gave you so much comfort.

CAUTION! TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

If your dealer cannot supply you, write for Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, 146 Spark Street, Brockton, Mass.

American Seating Company

215 Wabash Ave. CHICAGO, ILL.
New York Pittsburg Boston Philadelphia

MANUFACTURERS PUBLIC SEATING EXCLUSIVELY FOR

Schools, Churches and Theaters

Save money by buying from the manufacturer.

ARE YOU BUILDING OR RESEATING? If you are write for Catalogue A. M. at once, mentioning class of building.

Dealers should write Thomas M. Boyd, President, McClurg Bldg., Chicago, for our *exclusive* agency proposition on SCHOOL FURNITURE AND SUPPLIES.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

15 TON ANCHOR FOR GIANT SHIP

Marvels of Mechanism Shown in "Hall of Ten Thousand Wheels" at Olympia

STEEL MELTED LIKE BUTTER

Bar of Wrought Iron Five Inches in Diameter Tied When Cold Into a True Lover's Knot by a New Mechanism.

London, England.—"The Hall of Ten Thousand Wheels," into which Olympia was transformed for the Naval, Mercantile, Marine and General Machinery Exhibition, was an object lesson of the remarkable progress that has been made in all things mechanical since the last exhibition of the kind was held there three years ago.

Among the curiosities of most interest to the lay mind was the largest anchor ever made. It weighs fifteen and a half tons and has a chain of which each link weighs several hundred pounds. It is intended for the Olympic, the new giant White Star steamship, which Messrs. Harland & Wolff, of Belfast, are building. Twelve horses were required to drag it to its place in Olympia. By its side was a bar of Staffordshire wrought iron, five inches in diameter, tied by some new sort of mechanism in a true lovers' knot when the bar was cold.

A portion of a cable intended to hold a Hamburg-American steamship was close by. Every link is two feet long and weighs 200 pounds. As a contrast to this display of strength was a delicate recording instrument used on large liners which shows to a hair's breath every motion of the vessel, even when she is hurling herself through the ocean at a speed of twenty-five knots. Another remarkable exhibit was the oxy-acetylene blowpipe, which melts armor plate like butter, and can eat a hole in a steel safe as quickly as can a mouse in a cheese. The blowpipe is a long, thin nozzle of brass with a down-turned burner through which a jet of acetylene gas produces a white heat. A tiny spray of oxygen forced through the centre oxidizes any metal the jet touches. Eight-inch steel can be cut through in half a minute.

Divers in helmets and outfits which make air tubes unnecessary descended into glass fronted tanks in full view of visitors and walked under the water as comfortably as through strolling in the street. A "room of death," which was filled at intervals with dense sulphur fumes, in which no unprotected man could live for an instant, was another of the sensations of the exhibition. Every now and then a man with a patent smoke helmet entered this room and took a seat. He could remain there for six hours without the slightest discomfort. It is this ingenious invention which has saved many lives in recent colliery disasters.

"Wireless" apparatus, herculean lathes, which can "turn" a great gun as easily as a broomstick, and a novel instrument by which a captain in his cabin can check every turn or twist of the men at the wheel, are other marvels of the exhibition.

WOMEN CAN'T BE ARTISTS.

Boston Doctor Says Nature Has Denied Them Esthetic Sense.

Boston, Mass.—"Not one woman in a hundred has a true artistic sense, or even a genuine liking for the esthetic in any of its forms," declares Dr. John Jenks Thomas, a Boston physician and neurologist. Furthermore, nine out of every ten, when asked for a sensible criticism of anything, can't give it, he asserts, and adds that the idea of Boston "as a centre of culture and artistic sense is founded on nothing but the misguided antics of a bevy of illusioned women."

"In the first place, woman," says Dr. Thomas, cruelly, "is by nature unfitted for true appreciation of things artistic. She lacks poise and balance. Her enthusiasm goes the least of her and runs riot. The overbalance of the feminine in artistic life is demonstrated every minute. She shows no stability of purpose, no discrimination, and as artist or sane critic of art is woefully incompetent. She does not and can not judge, and. The whimsical [illegible] of the woman makes her an impossible factor to judge sanely and give an opinion of weight on anything truly artistic.

"Women may be successful in the business world, as school teachers, or even as politicians, but as artists, never."

A RACE OF VEGETARIANS.

Predicted by Horace Fletcher Within Next Ten Years.

Pittsburg.—Dr. Horace Fletcher, commenting on the increased cost of living, prophesies the paseling away of meat as a common article of diet, and justifies this by citing its alleged ill effects.

"It is my firm belief," he says, "that meat will cease to be eaten in America in the next ten years. By the continued eating of meat there is in time produced a condition known as auto-intoxication, which is akin to alcoholic poisoning and just as fatal in its effects. Meat is in no wise needed in the economy of the body. In every test I have made it has been found to be positively deleterious."

Mack Sennett Becomes Real Robber.

Dallas, Tex.—J. C. McLaughlin, the young robber who was shot while attempting to hold up Max Hermann's jewelry store in Houston died in a hospital. McLaughlin confessed to robbing a Houston restaurant to robbing streetcar conductors and operations in Beaumont. He said he recently played the role of a bad man in a Mack Sennett Western picture, quitting it to become a robber in reality.

AGAINST CART WHEEL HAT

Millinery Salesmen Discuss Appeal of Cincinnati's Vice Mayor for Its Abatement.

Cincinnati.—"Drive out the big hat. It is a nuisance and adds to our vexatious problems. Can you not accomplish this?"

"Yes, we cannot!" shouted in chorus the several hundred millinery salesmen in the annual convention of the Millinery Traveling Men's Association of America, in response to Vice Mayor Galvin's appeal.

The Vice Mayor was not discouraged and continued his appeal, saying: "This unsightly thing on women's heads has aggravated the congested street car problem. It is crowding the fans out of the base ball parks of the Nation, and need I say anything about the price?"

"No, no. We all know that," shouted the millinery men, and they gave the Vice Mayor rounds of applause for speaking his mind. They went into session and the big hat problem was considered. Leopold Waldman, the principal speaker, said the "cart wheel" hat was one of the principal things the millinery salesmen were in convention to talk about.

"They don't want it," he said of it makes the selling of millinery by samples as cumbersome a job as moving a piano, or the properties of a comic opera from town to town. Millinery has gone up 50 per cent. in the past year, and a large part of it consists of the extra freight expenses that the big hat entails." The flight was a draw.

It Does Pay to Advertise.

Winsted, Conn.—Fourteen years ago Miss Florence Woodruff, now Mrs. Florence Farmer of Winchester, Mass., daughter of James C. Woodruff, lost her pocketbook in the vicinity of Main and Union streets. She advertised for the pocketbook, but the purse did not come back. Mr. Woodruff, who is a clock manufacturer, received a letter containing $30, which was the amount the lost purse contained. With it was this unsigned note: "Herewith is $30 lost by your daughter many years ago. Please reply through the Citizen." In giving the item to the Citizen, as requested in the note, Mr. Woodruff added: "It does pay to advertise—in the long run."

POST LAWNS DOOMED.

Army In Philippines Hereafter Will Inhabit Compact Quarters of Concrete

Washington, D. C.—A love for the closely-trimmed green lawn on one hand and dread of the destructive white ant on the other, has brought about a complete change in the plans for the Philippine Army posts. The large post with its well-scattered small barracks and officers' quarters with large restful spaces of green between, was a delight to the eye, and the well-kept gravel walks afforded many pleasant promenades.

But the military architects and landscape gardeners who laid out the existing army posts in the Philippines overlooked two important facts. In the first place, especially in the rainy season, the grasses and shrubs and weeds grow up over night, not only making the lawns look like wheat fields, but invading and destroying the gravel walks. It was found that one man in every four at a post had to be assigned to "police" duty, most of them being engaged in cutting grass and weeds. The white ants were destructive in the barracks and quarters which had been hastily constructed out of American lumber. It was no uncommon thing for a corner post of one of the buildings to be so riddled in a single night by these creatures as to let down the corner of the building.

Henceforth, therefore, the posts are to be small and compact, easily kept clean, with buildings of reinforced concrete, and the small barracks exchanged for structures large enough to shelter battalions.

SPRECKELS ESTATE DIVIDED.

Heirs Ordered to Share Evenly by Court in San Francisco.

San Francisco, Cal.—Judge Coffey in Probate Court by a stroke of his pen made John D. and Adolph B. Spreckels $1,800,000 poorer. In other words, he held they must share equally with Rudolph, Claus A. and Mrs. Ferriss in their father's $10,000,000 estate, although their father especially provided in his will that the latter should be excluded because he had advanced to them large sums during his life.

The judge held that he had no right to create precedent which was against general law, that does not recognize any such matters as allowance or advancements made to certain children during the life of a parent. Hence the judge held the estate must be equally divided among heirs at law. The contest called out several learned arguments from counsel, and it is one of the most noteworthy in recent years.

HER NERVE WINS BET.

Logansport Girl Ascends 185-Foot Smokestack on a Wager.

Logansport, Ind.—When taunted by a friend that she would faint if she ever got ten feet off the ground, Miss Louise Herman, a young bookkeeper, interested in aviation, said she would go to the top of the 185-foot smokestack at the plant of the Logansport Heating Company. The friend laughed and bet a box of bonbons that she did not have the nerve.

She took the way to the plant, engaged the wager to the foreman and obtained permission to ascend. She stepped into the bucket and was hoisted to the top of the giant stack. Reaching there she climbed out of the bucket and stood on the top and waved to the friend and the workmen on the ground. She then decided to ride in an aeroplane.

Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias and Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the court house in Wellsboro, Pa., on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1910, at two o'clock p. m., the following described real estate in Tioga county, Pa.:

1. All that lot of land situate in Wellsboro, Tioga County, Pennsylvania, and described as follows: Bounded Northeast by a lane running from Grant Street to Sturrock Street; Southeast by lands now or late of Ester Wivel; Southwest by lands of W. E. Champaign, and Northwest by land known now or formerly as the John Sicklin lot; being about 144 feet front on said lane and extending back the same width, more or less, to the said land of W. E. Champaign. All improved with a two story framed tenement house containing five apartments, some outbuildings and fruit and ornamental trees thereon, and premises connected with the City Water system. To be sold as the property of William Mason, suit of Harriet M. VanHorn.

2. Also—All that lot of land situate in Delmar Township, in said Tioga County, and State of Pennsylvania, and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the Northeast corner of lot No. 92 of the Pennsylvania Joint Lumber and Land Company, now or formerly, and the Northeast corner hereof; thence by lot No. 93, South 25° East, 107 8-10 rods to the Northern boundary of the right of way of the Pine Creek Railway; thence along same North 79° West, 20 2-10 rods to a post; thence along lands of F. H. Andrews, now or formerly, North 25° West, 96 6-10 rods to a post in the North line of lot No. 92; thence along said line North, 75° East, 15 8-10 rods to place of beginning. Containing ten acres. All improved with a two story framed dwelling house with shed attached, a two story framed barn and other outbuildings, some fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered. To be sold as the property of William Mason, suit of Harriet M. VanHorn.

3. All that certain lot, piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Union township, Tioga County, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the Public road leading from Hoarling Branch to Liberty; thence North thirty-seven degrees West eleven rods to a post; thence South forty-seven degrees West fourteen rods to a post; thence South thirty-seven degrees East nine rods to a post on the West side of the public road; thence North fifty-six degrees East fourteen rods to the place of beginning. Containing one hundred forty perches. Nearly all improved with a large two story framed dwelling house with kitchen and wood-shed attached, some outbuildings, fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered. To be sold as the property of Eleanor L. Schuars, suit of Grace M. Spalding Smith.

4. All that certain lot, tract or parcel of land situate in the township of Morris, in the county of Tioga and state of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stake at the public road known as the "Linck road"; thence North along lands of Samuel Comstock to a stake on west line, thence east along said warrant line to a stake corner of lands of Lois Webb; thence south along said lands of Lois Webb to a stake corner on said "Linck Road"; thence west along said Linck road to place of beginning, containing twenty-seven acres of land, be the same more or less, and being part of Warrant No. 1924, Hughes and Fisher warrantees, also being part of a larger tract of land conveyed by indenture of William Bache to B. H. Bartsock, the grantor of these presents, and the same being recorded in the office for the recording of deeds at Wellsboro, Pa., in Deed Book No. 45 page 601 on the seventh day of June, A. D. 1879. To be sold as the property of B. G. Webb and Maud B. Webb, suit of Ettie Signor.

5. Also—All that other lot of land situate in the township of Morris, County of Tioga and state of Pennsylvania, described as follows: Beginning at a stake and stones being the northeast corner of lands of Clark Brothers in said township; thence north 5 degrees East 84 rods to a stake; thence south 85 degrees east fifty rods to a stake and stones; thence south 5 degrees west 106.5 rods to a post; thence north 85 degrees west 25 rods to a chestnut fence post; thence north 5 degrees east 11 4 rods to center of public road; thence north 69 degrees west 26.2 rods along said road to land of Clark Brothers; thence north 5 degrees East 56 rods to the place of beginning. Containing twenty-five and sixtenths acres more or less, being a portion of the land formerly of Samuel B. Comstock, deceased, and an interest therein conveyed by E. G. Comstock, administrator of Samuel B. Comstock, by order of the Orphans' Court of Tioga County for payment of debts, etc., and dated on July 20th, 1908. Excepting and reserving therefrom this last described ten acres, sold to Effie E. Campbell by deed dated November 12th, 1906, and recorded in Deed Book No. 114, page 345, November 15th, 1906. A reference thereto had it will more fully and at large appear. Of the two lots of land last above described about thirty acres are improved with a two story framed dwelling house, two log barns with sheds attached, a framed wash-house, a framed chicken coop, and other outbuildings, some fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered. To be sold as the property of B. G. Webb and Maud B. Webb, suit of Ettie Signor.

6. All that lot of land situate in Clymer township, Tioga County, Pa., and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the north-east corner of lands owned by Elliott Sensabaugh, and the north-west corner hereof; thence along the highway south 85 degrees east 30 rods, South, 78 degrees East, 216 rods and south, 7 and three-fourths degrees east, 24.5 rods to the north-west corner of lands owned by Fayette Briggs; thence south 88.4 rods to a warrant line; thence West along said warrant line 76 rods to the north-west corner of Elliott Sensabaugh's land and thence north, 161 rods to the place of beginning, containing 45.3 acres, more or less, and being the same land conveyed to Adelbert Guild by deed dated February 16th, 1887, and recorded in Deed Book 86, page 33. About 25 acres improved, with a one and one-half story framed dwelling house, a framed barn, some fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered by a good spring. To be sold as the property of Albert Guild or A. D. Guild, Betta Guild, Olive Guild, Carrie Mather, Frank Guild, Loren Guild, Olive Guild West, Clarence Guild and Leo Guild, suit of Jerome Bottom, now for use of S. F. Channell, Administrator of Mrs. L. M. Fairman, deceased.

7. Also—All that certain lot situate in Clymer township, Tioga county, Pa., and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the corner of the road at the southeast corner of Squire Guild's lot; thence westerly along the road 14 rods to a post; thence southerly 7.68 rods to a post, thence easterly 84.7 rods to the center of said road; thence northerly 7.94 rods to the place of beginning. Containing four acres of land, more or less, and being the same land conveyed to Olive Guild by C. M. Burt and wife by deed recorded in Deed Book 110 page 86. All improved, with a two story framed dwelling house, outbuildings, some fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered. To be sold as the property of Albert Guild or A. D. Guild, Betta Guild, Olive Guild, Carrie Mather, Frank Guild, Loren Guild, Olive Guild West, Clarence Guild and Leo Guild, suit of Jerome Bottom, now for use of S. F. Channell, Administrator of Mrs. L. M. Fairman, deceased.

8. Also—All that other lot of land situate in Clymer township, Tioga county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner in the Big Bowling Chatham and Clymer township line, said county and township, and at the south-east corner of Aaron Guild's lot and running westerly along the line of said lot 84.5 perches to a post; thence southerly 106.2 rods to a post; thence easterly 84.5 perches to the south-west corner of said lot; thence north 7.44 perches to the place of beginning. Containing four acres more or less and being the same land conveyed to Olive Guild by Morris Guild and Mary, his wife, and others by deed dated May 16th, 1905, and recorded in Deed Book 114 page 345. All improved with some fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered. To be sold as the property of Albert Guild or A. D. Guild, Betta Guild, Olive Guild, Carrie Mather, Frank Guild, Loren Guild, Olive Guild West, Clarence Guild and Leo Guild, suit of Jerome Bottom, now for use of S. F. Channell, Administrator of Mrs. L. M. Fairman, deceased.

9. Also—All that other lot of land situate in Clymer township, Tioga County, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner in the Big Bowling Chatham and Clymer township line, said county and township, and at the south-east corner of Aaron Guild's lot and running westerly along the line of said lot 84.5 perches to a post; thence southerly 106.2 rods to a post; thence easterly 84.5 perches to the south-west corner of said lot; thence north 7.44 perches to the place of beginning. Containing four acres more or less and being the same land conveyed to Olive Guild by Morris Guild and Mary, his wife, and others by deed dated May 16th, 1905, and recorded in Deed Book 114 page 345. All improved with some fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered. To be sold as the property of Albert Guild or A. D. Guild, Betta Guild, Olive Guild, Carrie Mather, Frank Guild, Loren Guild, Olive Guild West, Clarence Guild and Leo Guild, suit of Jerome Bottom, now for use of S. F. Channell, Administrator of Mrs. L. M. Fairman, deceased.

10. Also—All that certain lot situate in Clymer township, Tioga County, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the north-east corner of lands of Henry Mack; thence north 1½ rods to the south line of lands of William Reynolds; thence north 89½ degrees east 28.4 rod to a post; thence south 88 degrees east 16 rods to the town line road; thence south 19.1 rods to a post; thence west one hundred nine and 4-10 rods to the place of beginning. Containing twelve acres of land more or less and being the same land conveyed to Olive Guild by Ashley H. Short and Abbie A. Short, his wife, by deed dated June 27, 1888, and recorded in Book No. 88, at page 408. About 8 acres improved and rest wild land and well watered. To be sold as the property of Albert Guild or A. D. Guild, Betta Guild, Olive Guild, Carrie Mather, Frank Guild, Loren Guild, Olive Guild West, Clarence Guild and Leo Guild, suit of Jerome Bottom, now for use of S. F. Channell, Administrator of Mrs. L. M. Fairman, deceased.

LYMAN D. GOODSPEED,
Nov. 10, 1910. Sheriff.

Kitchen Cabinets for $8.00.

We will sell for a short time only Hathaway Kitchen Cabinets, the best in the market, for $8 only. Cabinets can be seen at J. A. CULVER'S mill.—Mansfield.

A Night Message

Have you ever been called to the corner telephone when your going made necessary a walk through rain or snow? The

Bell Telephone

often saves in one night the cost of service for a year. Call the Business Office today for rates.

Bell Telephone Company
OF PENNSYLVANIA.
C. E. LOVELL, Agent.

Wire Fencing Prices Reduced

Write today for a Free Copy of our New Fencing Catalogue

We have reduced our prices this year on our high grade poultry wire fencing owing to a new factory connection, and the lowest prices quoted by anyone on high grade fencing is the result. We use hard, tough steel wire instead of the soft wire commonly used and there is quality in every rod of it. We also sell poultry netting, ornamental wire fencing, fine wrought steel fencing and all other fencing material and our prices will certainly interest you. If you contemplate building a fence of any kind this fall, We have a special fencing catalogue which we will be glad to send you free if you will simply write a letter or a postal card and ask for it. Write us at the house nearest you, 19th and Campbell Streets, Kansas City, or Chicago Avenue Bridge, Chicago.

Montgomery Ward & Co., CHICAGO and KANSAS CITY

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New Fall Styles in Shoes ARE HERE

Patents, Gun Metals and Dull Kid Leathers, Lace and Button Dependable Shoes for ladies and gentlemen

SEE OUR STYLES BEFORE BUYING

SMITH & STONE
Wellsboro's Leading Shoe Store

A PLEASING PROSPECT FOR THANKSGIVING

is afforded to all who call to view the remarkable stock of splendid turkeys we have secured for the coming festival day. All are young, tender birds, country bred and corn fed, being sent direct from the farms to our market. Don't waste your time looking at inferior turkeys when the real thing can be had at

Yahn & Westbrook's
Opposite Cole House Block
WALN ST., WELLSBORO, PA.

E. B. POND
PAINTING AND PAPERING
Cor. Crafton & Water Streets
WELLSBORO, PA.
Farmers Phone 1056.

Gasoline Engine for Sale.

A TWO-HORSE POWER Bates & Edwards Gasoline Engine for sale cheap. All fixtures complete, including jump spark ignition. Engine may be seen at the GAZETTE office, Wellsboro, Pa.

PROCLAMATION IN DIVORCE.—To JOSEPH E. MASTEN: You are hereby notified that Mae Masten, your wife, has applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and the said Court has appointed MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1910, at two o'clock p. m., for hearing the said Mae Masten in the premises, at which time and place you can appear if you think proper. LYMAN D. GOODSPEED,
Wellsboro, Pa., Oct. 27, 1910—4t. Sheriff.

W. D. VEDDER, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Special attention paid to diseases of women and children and electro-therapy. Office hours, 10 to 12 a. m., 3 to 5 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays by appointment. Both 'phones. Office in Wright block, Wellsboro, Pa.

JOB PRINTING executed with neatness and dispatch at GAZETTE office.

MAKE US PROVE IT WHEN WE SAY TO YOU

In an advertisement that we can, and will sell you better Stoves and Ranges for the money than you can get elsewhere, make us prove it. Make us "show you" when any dealer claims to give better values than someone else, make him show you what he will give you for a given sum, then come here and see the quality of our Stoves. We like to have you compare them with what you can get elsewhere. We say: Take these Stoves, match them in value if you can, and we will buy them back from you.

We expect every man of sound judgment to buy his Stoves where he can get the best actual value for the money that he pays.

Some time, some where, someone may sell you a Stove equal to the Summit. No time, no where, no one will sell you Stoves for the same money, which are better.

This is not carelessly made "brag," but a fact, which can be easily proven to your satisfaction, if you do not happen already to know it. If you can match it anywhere for the money we will buy it back from you.

OUR MOTTO—Perfect Satisfaction or Money Back.

GARDNER & CO.

Exclusive Fall Fashions FOR THE LADIES

It is a pleasure to show you the smartly built, man tailored "STYLE CRAFT" Suits and Skirts, as there is quality, style and service back of every garment sold.

I have a large line of blacks and colors in sizes from 32 to 48. I have a suit designed especially for stout ladies. My line of Skirts were never prettier. Sizes from 22 to 38 waist measure. I also have a new line of modified Hobble Skirts and Dresses and Skirts, Shirt Waists and Rain Coats.

LOUISE MARCH
SUCCESSOR TO ROBINSON & MARCH
79 MAIN STREET : : UP STAIRS

IS THE WATER YOU DRINK AS PURE AS THIS?

Purity and cleanliness are the invariable rule at the Schwarzenbach brewery. Success in brewing lies in keeping out impurities.

The water must be pure, and boiled, to make it germ proof. The yeast must be pure, the malt and hops must be pure. Even the air with which the material came in contact must be pure and sterilized. Just as the secret of successful surgery lies in keeping germs away from the parts operated upon, so it is with modern brewing.

These are the days of germs. The water you are using may be contaminated, but you are always safe when you drink

Schwarzenbach Beer

AND HOW YOU WILL ENJOY IT.

The Schwarzenbach Brewing Co.
GALETON, PA.

JOHN D. SKELTON, DISTRIBUTOR, WELLSBORO, PA.

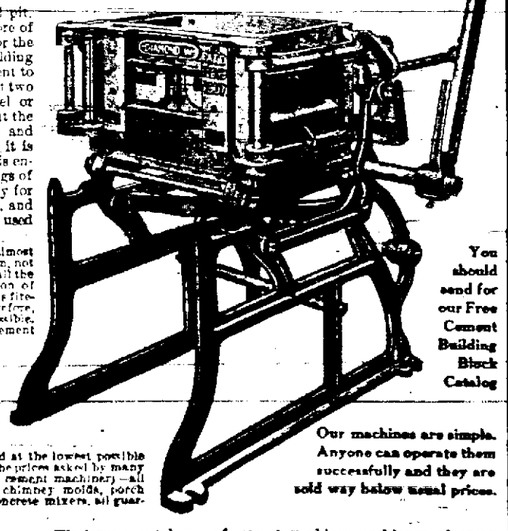
Make Your Own Building Blocks, Silo Blocks, Drain Tile and Fence Posts

With Our Low Cost Machinery any Farmer Can Make His Own Building Blocks, Drain Tile and Fence Posts at a Big Saving in Cost

For the farmer owning a sand or gravel pit, or a stone quarry or who lives near one or more of these, where this material may be had simply for the hauling, cement is the cheapest and best building material he can use. Enough Portland Cement to make a building block six inches thick costs about two or three cents. For most farmers the gravel or crushed stone all round costs nothing at all but the hauling; and the building blocks, drain tile and fence posts may be made at odd times, when it is impossible to do other work on the farm. This enables the average farmer to build farm buildings of all kinds at the lowest possible cost, frequently for one-half and even one-third contractors' prices, and build better buildings than he would have if he used any other known material.

[illegible] of cement its use has become almost universal. It is the ideal material for use on the farm, not only because it is inexpensive, most farmers having all the raw materials necessary, [illegible] exception of cement, [illegible] and is fireproof. No farmer [illegible] protection, therefore, [illegible] as possible, cement [illegible], cement floors, cement barns, cement roofs will not burn. Cement drain tines are better than tile, [illegible] and their strength increases with age. Cement fence posts are cheaper and better than wooden fence posts, they last forever, free also the roaddoles do not affect them. Cement for the silo, cement for the pig pens, feeding yards, in short, cement is ideal for every building purpose on the farm, because it is cheapest in the beginning and lasts practically forever without renewal, and is fireproof.

We sell cement working machinery of every kind at the lowest possible prices. We sell cement block machines at one-third the prices asked by many manufacturers and dealers. We have everything in cement machinery—all kinds of building block machines, silo machines, chimney molds, porch column molds, drain tile molds, fence post molds, concrete mixers, all guaranteed machinery sold way below competition.



You should send for our Free Cement Building Block Catalog

Our machines are simple. Anyone can operate them successfully and they are sold way below usual prices.

Send for Our Free Catalogue. We issue a catalogue of cement working machinery of every description. It is filled with useful information for the farmer, builder and contractor. Send us a letter or postal card and say "Please send me your free Cement Building Block Machinery Catalogue" and we will forward it by return mail, post-paid. Write us at the point nearest you.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
CHICAGO AND KANSAS CITY

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NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Wellsboro Gazette.

VOL. XXXVII. WELLSBORO, TIOGA COUNTY, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1910. NO. 10.

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HON. WILLIAM B. WILSON

Re-Elected Congressman from this District for the Third Consecutive Term by Over 2,500 Majority.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF ELECTION.

Wilson beats Peaslee by more than 2,500.

Peaslee's majority in Tioga county only about 250.

Tener carries Tioga county by less than 250.

The House of Representatives is Democratic.

Dix gets big majority in New York.

Dix wins in Roosevelt's precinct at Oyster Bay.

Grim is third man in Pennsylvania.

Berry polls amazing vote in every part of the State.

Pennsylvania gives Tener a majority of about 20,000. Philadelphia gives only 42,000, Allegheny, 15,000.

Wilson swept Lycoming county with about 2,300 majority. Potter gave Wilson 395 majority and Clinton, 370. Wilson's majority in the district is estimated at about 2,500.

Democratic landslide in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Ohio and other States.

(Later election news on fourth page.)

DEATH OF JEREMIAH KLOCK.

One of Wellsboro's Oldest Residents Passes to His Reward.

Wellsboro has lost one of its oldest and most highly esteemed citizens—a man who was remarkable for the active possession of all his faculties up to the time of his death.

When Jeremiah Klock passed peacefully away at his home on Nichols street last Sunday morning he had passed his eighty-sixth milestone. His was a life of unusual length, characterized by that success which invariably attends thrift, economy and integrity in all affairs. Mr. Klock had not been really sick; it was only a breaking down of his rugged constitution and he died as peacefully as he lived, safe in the comfort of Christian experience.

Mr. Klock was born at Herkimer, N. Y., May 5, 1824. He came to this county when a boy, locating in Charleston, where he engaged in farming and spent a good portion of his life. He was prosperous and successful as a farmer. All he accomplished was through his own resources, for he was the architect of his fortune. He was a man of a very strong spirit that made him emphatically situated and able to retire from active labor in 1877 and move to Wellsboro, where he had since lived.

Mr. Klock was a devout member of the Presbyterian church and was a regular attendant regardless of weather conditions. It was only when the health would not permit that Mr. Klock failed to attend both morning and evening services. He was a staunch Republican but never permitted politics to stand in the way of expressing his opinion on political or other subjects. He was a great reader, kept himself well informed at all times and did not hesitate to express his honest convictions whenever occasion required.

Mr. Klock was just what he seemed to be. He was a good man.

The deceased is survived by three children, Mrs. Jennie E. Kilborne of Charleston, Milton L. Klock and Mrs. Clara E. Kimball of Williamsport. He is also survived by five brothers and one sister, as follows: Hiram Klock of Charleston, Edward Klock of Covington, Andrew Klock of Wellsboro, Adam Klock of Lewis Run, Henry Klock of Kansas and Mrs. Lizzie Brooks of Charleston.

The funeral was held from the house yesterday afternoon at 1 30 o'clock, Rev. Harry Wilkins of Churchville, N. Y., a friend of the deceased, officiated, assisted by Rev. Claude G. Langford.

—A Bradford county farmer dug 682 bushels of potatoes from less than three acres of land. The Washington is averaged about 225 bushels to the acre, an item "Rural New Yorker" says, about 240 bushels an acre.

DEATH OF MRS. W. A. VANHORN.

Young Bride of a Month Succumbs to Operation.

A particularly sad and sorrowful death occurred last Sunday evening at 7.15 o'clock when Mrs. Margaret E. VanHorn, the four weeks' bride of William Allen VanHorn, died at their new home on Walnut street.

Mrs. VanHorn was born at Jamestown, N. Y., and was 21 years of age. On October 10th last she was united in marriage to William Allen VanHorn, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. William D. VanHorn, of this borough. The ceremony was performed in Jamestown. Hospital that the bride's mother, who has been seriously ill with heart trouble, might witness it. After a wedding tour Mr. and Mrs. VanHorn returned to Wellsboro, and just one week before her death they began settling for housekeeping in the VanHorn house on Walnut street.

The young bride had always enjoyed perfect health till she was stricken last Thursday. Surgeons diagnosed the case appendicitis. Friday an operation was performed, but peritonitis had developed and little encouragement was given for her recovery.

Mrs. VanHorn's sad and untimely death brings unspeakable sorrow to the young husband and a multitude of friends deeply sympathize with him and other relatives in their great bereavement. Besides her husband the deceased is survived by her parents, and one brother, of Jamestown, N. Y.

Funeral services were held from the home of William D. VanHorn on Bacon street Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. F. H. Horsher, assisted by Rev. A. C. Shaw, officiated. Burial in the Wellsboro cemetery.

Affairs at Asaph.

Asaph, Nov. 9.—We learn that Mrs. Mary Phillips, of Elmira, formerly of this place, but for the past few years a resident of Williamsport, is very sick with dropsical troubles.

John Smith has moved to Gaines from Antrim.

Miss Hannah Moore has been visiting friends in Canton for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Butler visited their son, Ivan, over Sunday.

Mrs. George Frank, of this place, has moved to Wellsboro.

The hunters are very numerous in the woods, but as yet very little game has been reported.

Harvey Hunter and family have moved to Galeton, where he has secured employment in the B. & S. shops.

Letters received from Clarence Bradley and family of Saint Cloud, Florida, state that they are much pleased with that section.

The Ladies' Aid will meet at Mrs. Ida Hoadley's for dinner to-morrow.

TO OPEN NEW COAL LANDS.

May Be Tapped By Erie Railroad, Which is Now Making Survey.

The Erie railroad is conducting a survey with the idea of getting at the cost of tapping the coal lands back of English Center by a branch road connecting with their own line at Blossburg and shooting into the mountains by way of Arnot, Plank and Nauvoo. The surveyors have been working in Liberty township the past week.

It is said that the engineer in charge of the work will make a favorable report to his company in so far as the practicability of the work is concerned. He estimates that the cost per mile through this mountainous country would be about $20,000 and that the most saving route would require a distance of twenty miles to be traversed by the steel.

It has been a matter of common knowledge for almost a half a century that valuable coal lands are embraced in the great tract of land near English Center owned by Mrs. Anna Penfield, nee Anna Weightma Walker. At one time the Pittsburg, Binghamton and Eastern made a survey with an idea of tapping the rich mining country and a number of unofficial surveys have been made by the New York Central, which seems to be the logical road to bear away the coal. The last-named railroad could follow the bed of little Pine creek and not be called upon to do very much grading.

In an interview one of the engineers said that it would be necessary to haul 300 tons a day from the mines if the project was to be a profitable one for the railroad. Asked if some sort of arrangement had been entered into with the management of the Walker estate, he replied that that part of the work was outside his domain but that he understood that a contract would be demanded. On the Walker lands there are five-foot veins of coal and one seven-foot vein. In fact, it is claimed the veins are of sufficient size and productiveness to yield three times the amount of coal called for in the saving clause of the railroad contract.

The construction of the proposed line would mean an expenditure of some $400,000. Much interest in the outcome of the survey is manifested in Liberty, as a railroad through the township would prove of incalculable benefit to that section of the county.

Welcome the Teachers.

Next Monday witnesses the commencement of the annual Teachers' Institute, which opens at the Auditorium at 2 p. m. Next week the population of the town will be increased between four and five hundred. Taken as a class the teachers represent the cream of the citizenship of the county—the best people on earth. While they will be only migratory residents, Wellsboro would like to have such people live within its borders the year around, and while they are here they may be assured of receiving the best hospitality the town affords.

The hotels, boarding houses and many private houses will be filled with teachers, and we expect Wellsboro people to do all in their power to make their visit here pleasant. The teacher's life is not an easy one and the week's vacation from its trials and arduous work can be made a helpful, rest-giving vacation if the parties at whose home or boarding house they may be entertained put themselves out even a little to give the hard working instructors a good time, good food and lodgings in large, commodious, well ventilated and well heated rooms. Asking a lot for the school teachers, are we not? But then, they deserve it, and it is no more than they should receive.

Little Marsh Matters.

Little Marsh, Nov. 9.—The pie social held in the M. E. parsonage on Friday evening was a success in every way. The proceeds amounted to $5.25.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Davis, of Middlebury, were Sunday guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Gee, of Keeneyville, visited over Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert West.

The Ladies' Aid met last Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Effie Rice for dinner. Table fee, $1.10.

Fred Beach, of Harrisburg, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Wass.

Mrs. Minnie Spencer was called to Williamsport on Friday to see her sister, Mrs. Clara Hill, who is a patient in the city hospital.

Mrs. H. B. Close and Katherine Miller, of Middlebury, were guests on Tuesday of Mrs. Allie Strauss.

Mrs. K. D. Mitchell and son, Foster, returned on Friday from a two weeks' visit at Roseville.

Mrs. H. B. Shumway is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Lindsay, at Wadsworth, N. Y.

Two of the largest barns in Blair county, worth $10,000, were burned to the ground the other night. Investigating after a thorough inquiry, put forth the theory that the barns were set on fire by wasps' nests ignited by spontaneous combustion, produced by the chemical action caused by the way coming in contact with the paper-like substance of which the nests are composed.

FOR RAISING THE MAINE.

Train Load of Steel Piling Passes Over the Pine Creek Division.

Last Friday night a train of 50 cars loaded with 2,100 tons of steel piling to be used in constructing two powerful coffer dams in raising the battleship Maine from Havana harbor, passed over this division of the New York Central. At Newberry Junction the train was transferred to the Reading railroad. Each car on which the steel was loaded had a large card announcing the fact that it was to be used in the raising of the Maine.

The train was started from the yards of the Lackawanna Steel Company at Buffalo on Friday morning and was bound to Port Richmond, Philadelphia. The train is one of several that are to be sent to Port Richmon loaded with steel. The dams when completed will weigh several thousand tons and will be shipped by steamer direct to Havana. American flags, which will adorn them until their arrival at Havana harbor, have been draped about the steel. The dams will then be placed in position and the Maine raised to the surface. The remains of a number of bodies of sailors supposed to be buried in the wreck will, it is believed, be recovered by this means.

The destruction of the Maine in the harbor of Havana the night of Feb. 15, 1898, resulted in an exhaustive investigation at the time, and although it was declared as the result of the investigation that the primary explosion that resulted in the wrecking of the ship came from the outside and resulted in the subsequent explosion of the magazines, nobody has ever been quite satisfied with the deliverance of the court of inquiry. It is now believed the accuracy of recent reports concerning the blowing up of the Maine will be determined by the raising of the sunken battleship.

DEATH OF MRS. J. H. NILES.

A Well-Known Nelson Lady Passes Away—Other News.

Nelson, Nov. 9.—A. M. Finch has purchased the home of Adelbert Price and will take possession this week. Mr. Price will move his family to Elkland.

Mrs. Eula Margraff, of Knoxville, was in town last Wednesday to consult Dr. Phillips.

Mrs. Wm. Coates was in Knoxville on business Friday.

Mrs. Wm. Chilson has typhoid fever. She has nursed three of her children through the disease and has finally succumbed to it herself.

Mrs. James Phillips, of Westfield, is visiting her son, Dr. B. L. Phillips.

Miss Gertrude Robison, of Ulysses, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ed. Chilson.

A Bright Idea Club was organized at the home of Mrs. E. L. Tuttle on Saturday evening with about a dozen charter members. If the Saturday night meeting was a sample of those to come, their object, "Mutual benefit and improvement," will be abundantly realized.

Mrs. L. Y. Morgan is quite sick at her home in the parsonage.

Mrs. J. H. Niles died at her home in this place last week Sunday night. She was a good woman and her quiet and pleasant disposition endeared her to all who knew her. Mrs. Niles was a former resident of Middlebury township, where she was well and favorably known. Besides her husband she is survived by one daughter, Mrs. William W. Stevens, of this place. A prayer was offered at the house on Tuesday and the remains were taken to Niles Valley, where funeral services were held from the church in that place.

Notes From South Delmar.

Thumptown, Nov. 9.—A team belonging to Robert Morrow, driven by a hired driver for the occasion, came home from Wellsboro last Tuesday night minus the driver, who is supposed to have been lost on the way. The team was stopped by Ed. Fresich, who cared for them until the owner called for them. The driver failed to show up until Saturday night.

Mrs. James Flemming and children, of Towlesville, N. Y., are visiting at the home of her father, Thomas Lindsay.

Mrs. G. Krause, of Wellsboro, and Charles Krause and family, of Manhattan, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Chisman.

Owing to misunderstanding Congressman William B. Wilson failed to reach home last Saturday afternoon, disappointing a great crowd of voters who had assembled to hear his talk. He filled his appointment at Stony Fork and many were the disappointed ones.

Mrs. Maud Christie and daughter, Marian, are visiting relatives at Forestville, N. Y.

Mrs. H. B. Shumway is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Lindsay, at Wadsworth, N. Y.

Two of the largest barns in Blair county, worth $10,000, were burned to the ground the other night. Investigating after a thorough inquiry, put forth the theory that the barns were set on fire by wasps' nests ignited by spontaneous combustion, produced by the chemical action caused by the way coming in contact with the paper-like substance of which the nests are composed.

Finds Valuable Metal.

James Dougherty, who lives near Roaring Branch, has discovered an article which he believes is molybdenum. Dougherty thinks that section is similar in the Tennessee copper district and if ever copper is found in paying quantities it will be in the outlook under the black oxide which is found in that locality. Samples of the molybdenum ore have been sent to an assayer and his report is awaited with interest. Molybdenum is worth $1.75 a pound at the present time.

MIDDLEBURY MENTIONS.

Keeneyville Without a Pastor—Funeral of Mrs. J. H. Niles.

French Hill, Nov. 9.—Keeneyville is still without a pastor, but the members of the church at this place have secured the services of Rev. L. Morgan, of Nelson, former pastor of the Keeneyville charge, to preside here until a pastor is arranged for.

Mr. and Mrs. John Brown are both in very poor health and are failing rapidly. Grave doubts are entertained for Mrs. Brown's recovery. Mrs. Hiram Dewey, of Presho, is helping to care for her mother, Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. Helen French and Miss May Taylor spent several days in Rochester last week with friends. During their stay in the city they listened to a speech by ex-President Roosevelt.

Mrs. Beebout, of Woodhull, N. Y., was called here Sunday by the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. John Brown. She was accompanied by her brother, Daniel Taft, of Bottom Hill.

Quite a number of people from this place attended the funeral of the late Mrs. James H. Niles, of Nelson, which was held at the Niles Valley church last Tuesday. Rev. Goodrich, of Nelson, preached the sermon. A large concourse of friends and neighbors attended the services. Mrs. Niles was loved and respected by all who knew her. She was a devout and faithful member of the M. E. church and will be greatly missed by all. The deceased is survived by her husband and one daughter, Mrs. Will Stevens, of Nelson.

The taxpayers of this section are still making an effort to secure a school or to provide means to have children taken to school. The residents would like to know by what means the law, if any, provides to take away a school from a certain section of the township and still made no provision to care for the school children at some other near by school. There are about 12 children here who have either to walk from one and a half to two and a half miles to the nearest school or else remain at home. Where is the justice in this to the taxpayers and parents, who are obliged to pay taxes for the other schools.

DEEDS RECORDED.

With Location of Lands, Names of Parties and Consideration.

Hamilton—Morris Run Coal Mining Company to Morris Run Polish Congregation; 2¾ acres, $10.

Elk—Chas. A. Reinwald and wife, et. al., to Fred H. Reinwald; 82½ acres, $1.

Westfield township—Waldo H. Edgcomb and wife et al., to E. M. Atwell; 85 acres, $2,500.

Clymer—Jas. C. Goodspeed and wife to E. M. Atwell; lots, $100.

Westfield borough—Chas. E. Krasen and wife to Frank A. Ackley; 272 acres, $9,000.

Mansfield—Edwin Butler, by Sheriff, to Willard Dewey; lot, $44.

Charleston—Angeline A. Ramsey and husband, et al., to Manning C. May; 103 acres, $1.

Westfield township—Jennie Frazier and husband to Charles S. Bates; lot, $500.

Union—G. F. Williams, by Sheriff, to Mort Williams; 65 acres, $150.

Ward—Thos. Darling and wife, et al., to Laning Harvey, et al.; lots, $1.

Middlebury—Albert Shepard and wife to Silas E. Shepard; 65 acres, $200.

Tioga borough—Nasha D. Sharpsee and wife to Nancy W. Wickham; lot, $250.

Lawrence—Walter F. French to Eva M. Lounsberry; 84 acres, $1,[illegible]

Wellsboro—Harriet A. Alexander et al., to John Lynch; lot, $100.

Richmond—George Allis and wife to D. H. Pitts; 33¼ acres, $700.

Jackson—Eva A. Flynn and husband to Elvira Trowbridge; 5 acres, $100.

Mansfield—Edward C. Sake and wife and Charles A. Holden; lot, $700.

Mansfield—Albert H. Lausch and wife to Gertrude Makley; 1 acre, $[illegible].

Mansfield—Charles A. Holden and wife to Frank F. Wilcox; lots, $2,[illegible].

Brookfield—Welcome L. Plank and wife et al., to B. Kocher; 18 acres, $1,624.

Blossburg—Edward Damiano to Terrence Conway; lot, $[illegible].

New Rule of Court.

And now, October 3, 1910, Rule XVI. of the Rules of Court, entitled divorce, is hereby amended by adding after Section 8 the following:

Section 9. No subpoena will be awarded unless the libel avers the name and place in which the parties were married, the time of the happening of the alleged cause of divorce and the residence of the libellant at the date of the swearing to the libel and how long he or she has resided there, giving the county and state, also the residence of the respondent at the same date, and how long he or she has resided at the place stated, naming the county and state, or in case of an inability to so state, an averment that the libellant cannot state such residence upon oath or affirmation and belief. At the trial evidence must be offered in support of said averments.

BY THE COURT.

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

Summary of the Local Events and Happenings of the Past Week.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Payne, of Jackson Summit, died recently at the home of her daughter at Morris Run.

—Last Saturday a Lycoming county hunter killed a 200-pound bear with a shot gun loaded with No. 6 shot.

—Edward Chamberlain, of Clymer, died of heart failure a few days ago, following an illness of four months duration.

—Rev. Nathaniel Johnstone, who recently came from England, has been called to the pastorate of the Covington and Sullivan State Road Baptist Churches.

—Chester Beach, of Mansfield, has resigned his position in the First National Bank at that place and entered a railway training school in Elmira.

—James W. Hinkle, aged 40 years, car inspector for the New York Central at Avis, near Jersey Shore, was run over by a train last Friday night and his body cut in two.

—Miss Grace Goodrich, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Goodrich, of Elkland, and William Shanley, of Shingle House, were united in marriage at Elkland, Oct. 29, by Rev. D. E. Parcells.

—M. B. Wheeler, who a few months ago moved from Mansfield to Elmira, has resigned his position with the Swift Beef Company, and is conducting a grocery and meat market in that city.

—A touring car owned by Howard H. Roberts, of Blossburg, was burned near Ithaca, N. Y., one day last week. The accident was due to a leak in the generator, which became ignited from an oil headlight. A strong wind fanned the blaze in the pan under the engine and the destruction of the car followed.

—Harry Gee, formerly of Sabinsville and later of Galeton, has purchased the "Hofbrau" cafe in Elmira, and is now in charge of the place. The "Hofbrau" was started and controlled by Volney "Hal" Smith, who shot and killed Edward Sullivan on the morning of October 21. Mr. Smith has been in jail since that time. The cafe is one of the finest of its kind in Elmira.

—Frank Potter, of Westfield, who for about three weeks was confined in the Detention Hospital in Elmira, suffering from acute spinal paralysis, recently termed as infantile paralysis, was taken to a Philadelphia hospital last week for treatment. The hospital is conducted in connection with a medical school and the disease is being investigated thoroughly by those in charge in the hope of mastering the causes and the best cure.

—It will be of interest to Tioga county veterans to learn that 64 handsome granite and bronze markers will have been placed along the Confederate lines of battle, at Gettysburg, by the end of this month, according to the plans of the National Park Commission. Of this number the majority are already in place. Seventy-five similar monuments are to be placed on the Union lines next year. The brigade markers are of Westerly granite, with large substantial bronze tablets giving the history of each brigade's action during the battle.

—A movement has been launched by a number of sportsmen of Williamsport to circulate petitions to the Legislature looking toward the abolishment of bear traps. The only persons using traps are those who want bears for market, and sportsmen are anxious that the bear be more fully protected than under the present laws. It is pointed out by those back of the movement that the catching of bears in traps not only tends to exterminate this species in Pennsylvania, but, in many instances, as the animals frequently free themselves by leaving parts of their legs in the trap.

Reports received from some sections of the county indicate that [illegible] of the bears are killed in traps with reference to the number of rabbits killed in a day by the hunters. Ten a day for one gunner is the limit, and while most farmers will interpose no objection to the number of these animals killed upon their lands just so long as [illegible] the protection of a limited [illegible] are liable to have permits revoked. This being the case, game hunters are cautioned against killing for at the rate [illegible] would be [illegible] of food.

A [illegible] bears a day has been killed in Tioga county, [illegible] the leg of one bear [illegible] the farm of A. A. Stabler had one [illegible] getting under a [illegible] bears. The bear [illegible] only [illegible] on the movement of the wings and the other attempted food [illegible] that the matter of getting about [illegible] the place is accompanied by constant [illegible]. A month ago the young bear began [illegible] and it has repeatedly [illegible] to its great amusement and [illegible]. Mr. Stabler has not yet made up his mind to [illegible] the legs off any more of the bears for the sake of adding them to his [illegible].

THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

An Excellent Corps of Instructors and Entertainments Secured.

The annual session of the Tioga County Teachers' Institute will be held at the Bache Auditorium next week. The lecturers, both day and evening, are of exceptional ability. There is not a "cheap" number on the program. The evening features will consist of two lectures and two musical entertainments, each one of first-class reputation.

Monday evening a concert will be given by the International Sextette, composed of ladies. The members of this company are all artists and their program is replete with bright and amusing novelties requiring many changes of costume, representing the Irish, witty and winsome; the French, chic and artistic; the Japanese, dainty; the Spanish, fantastic and gaudy; the German, classic; the American, vim and vigor. In representing the above nations the International Sextette depict in motion, picture and song the life and customs of their subjects. They also introduce native musical instruments as well as the songs in the native language of the foreign countries.

Prof. L. B. Wickersham, the popular lecturer, will entertain on Tuesday evening. In speaking of this "Great Master Lecturer" the St. Francis (Kansas) Herald says: "Those who attended the Wickersham lecture at the church Tuesday evening went out expecting to hear something good, but few were prepared for the rare treat which they enjoyed. For an hour and forty minutes Mr. Wickersham held his audience spellbound and at the close nearly all rushed forward to grasp him by the hand. Mr. Wickersham's mastery of ideas, control of language, and self possession are truly marvelous, and he has been voted by many the strongest man who ever appeared upon our platform. No one heard the lecture who didn't receive many times the worth of his money, and those who failed to hear him suffered an irreparable loss."

Wednesday evening the Wilbur Starr Quartette Company promise "A Program Worth While." The company consists of Wilbur Starr, baritone and impersonator; Chas. W. Donald, first tenor; Joseph Worthington, second tenor; Chas. H. Reid, basso, and Mrs. Wilbur Starr, pianist and 'cellist. Mr. Starr appears in a series of impersonations and character songs, which are pronounced by the press among "the best ever." He is a good impersonator and a singer of magnificent voice and splendid personality. The trio of singers whom Mr. Starr has selected to accompany him are highly capable of carrying out the high class program to be presented. Mrs. Starr is a brilliant pianist and 'cellist and her work adds much to the musical features presented. The program is rich in variety, but quality is not sacrificed for the sake of variety, and it is carried out faultlessly.

William Edward Geil, the eminent American traveler, author and orator, is the attraction for Thursday evening, the last of the series. Dr. Geil is a native of Pennsylvania and a graduate of Lafayette College. He is the world's greatest traveler, is the only living man who has crossed both China and Tropical Africa through the vast, dangerous Pigmy Forest; was the first traveler to go up the Yangtze on a native gunboat, accompanied by a mandarin especially appointed; has seen more savage and pagan tribes than any other explorer of modern times; is the most extensive traveler in hot and heathen parts of the world today; no other living man has performed such prodigious journeys in widely separated regions and among peoples of the most divergent characteristics. Dr. Geil is one of the very few white men who have penetrated savage cannibal New Guinea as far as Mount Dunklass, visited the head-hunters of Borneo, and eaten with violent wild men in other Southsea Archipelagoes. He has a wonderful personality, a ready wit, and will give a most interesting and instructive lecture on the peoples and religion of Africa with special reference to the Pigmies, based on a tour through the east Continent.

Full course tickets will be sold at $1.50 and $2.00, according to location of seats; single admission, 50 to 75 cents.

Locals From Lawrenceville.

Lawrenceville, Nov. 9.—The Gillett family reunion held for the benefit of St. John's church was well attended.

Edgar Croft, of Elmira, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Mrs. A. T. Swan still continues in very poor health.

Mrs. Maud Crofut, of Nelson, visited her brother, Wilson Robins, in this place last Thursday.

A daughter was born last Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. Obed Dillon.

—Burr DeVed, of Springfield, Bradford county, died at the Williamsport hospital on Monday following the amputation of his arm as the result of injuries sustained by the accidental discharge of a gun while hunting. The accident happened on Saturday and the young man was taken to the hospital that night. He lost a large quantity of blood before he was taken out of the woods and after the accident, and failed to the care of doctors.

The Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY AT

WELLSBORO, TIOGA COUNTY, PA.

TERMS, $1.50 Per Year in Advance

FRANK CONEVERY, Editor and Prop.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

TIME.	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	4 in.	5 in.	10 in	20 in.
1 Week..	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
2 Weeks.	1 50	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	11 00	16 00
3 Weeks.	2 00	3 50	5 00	6 00	7 00	13 00	18 00
1 Month.	3 00	4 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	15 00	20 00
2 Months	4 00	6 00	8 00	10 00	12 00	20 00	28 00
3 Months	5 00	8 00	12 00	13 00	15 00	25 00	35 00
6 Months	8 00	12 00	18 00	20 00	22 00	35 00	50 00
1 Year..	12 00	18 00	24 00	28 00	32 00	50 00	100 00

BUSINESS NOTICES ON LOCAL PAGE.—Ten cents per line for first insertion, and five cents per line for every subsequent insertion. No business notice inserted for less than twenty-five cents.

Double rates will be charged for figure or table work. Reasonable discounts to yearly advertisers.

No advertisement discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. H. W. BAILEY,
DENTIST.
Successor to Dr. Frank H. Rose, office over Graves & Mathers' store, Main street, Wellsboro, Pa—Feb. 1-07.

JOHN GERKIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
Over Agitator office Wellsboro, Pa. Samples of Imported and Domestic cloths, of beautiful patterns.

W. D. VEDDER, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Special attention given to diseases of women and Electro Theraph, also diseases of Ear, Nose and Throat.

GET AWAY FROM THAT FROWN
That's what you do when you wear SO-EASY EYE GLASSES fitted by
DR. D. E. ACKLEY, Eye Specialist, 25 Crafton St., WELLSBORO.

FOREST LAWN SANITARIUM
WELLSBORO, PA.
WILLARD G. LENT, M. D.
COMPLETE Equipment. Trained Nurses. Massage. Vibratory Massage. Electricity Surgery. Diseases of Women and Rectual Diseases. Rupture and Hemorrhoids cured without operation. Catarrh and Catarrhal Deafness and all Diseases of the Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs.
CANCER TREATED BY THE ALEXANDER METHOD
OPIUM AND MORPHINE HABITS CURED.

Facts Worth Knowing

When in need of high-class tailoring: We more than doubled our business last season. Our motto—the best is none too good for our customers, offering only the best of Foreign and Domestic Woolens in exclusive and smart styles, has proven a winner. Owing to the fact that we have no rent to pay, owning our store building, we are in a position to offer high-class tailoring at a price that invites your inspection.

E. E. BUCK
WELLSBORO, PA.
IN REAR OF THE POSTOFFICE BLOCK

$ Boost! $
Keep Boosting
Advertise in this paper. Plug hard, regularly, systematically. Play up the best goods you sell at the right price in this paper.

YOU ARE READING THIS AD.—OTHERS WILL READ YOURS

MOST everybody reads the ads. in this paper. They furnish as much news to the man in town and on the farm as the personals, and often more. ¶ Peter Smith's wife wants a new hat. Smith sees by the paper that Jones is selling hats at so much. Johnson's store ad. is missing from the paper—Johnson's trying a non-advertising policy.

RESULT—Jones gets Smith's money
Smith's wife gets her hat.

The MAN in LOWER TEN

by MARY ROBERTS RINEHART
AUTHOR of THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE
ILLUSTRATIONS by M. O. KETTNER
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SYNOPSIS.

Lawrence Blakeley, lawyer, goes to Pittsburg with the forged notes in the Bronson case to get the deposition of John Gilmore, millionaire. A lady requests Blakeley to buy her a Pullman ticket. He gives her lower 11 and retains lower 10. He finds a drunken man in lower 10 and retires in lower 9. He awakens in lower 7 and finds his clothes and bag missing. The man in lower 10 is found murdered. Circumstantial evidence points to both Blakeley and the man who stole his clothes. The train is wrecked and Blakeley is rescued from a burning car by a girl in blue. His arm is broken. The girl proves to be Alison West, his partner's sweetheart. Blakeley returns home and finds he is under surveillance. Moving pictures of the train taken just before the wreck reveal to Blakeley a man leaping from the train with his stolen grip. Investigation proves that the man's name is Sullivan. Mrs. Conway, the woman for whom Blakeley bought a Pullman ticket, tries to make a bargain with him for the forged notes, but knowing that they are missing, Blakeley and an amateur detective investigate the home of Sullivan's sister. From a servant Blakeley learns that Alison West had been there on a visit and Sullivan had been attentive to her. Sullivan is the husband of a daughter of the murdered man. Blakeley's house is ransacked by the police.

CHAPTER XXVI.—Continued.

He drew a chair near the lamp and lighted a cigarette, and for a time we were silent. I was in the shadow, and I sat back and watched him. It was not suprising, I thought,—that she cared for him; women had always loved him, perhaps because he always loved them. There was no disloyalty in the thought; it was the lad's nature to give and crave affection. Only—I was different. I had never really cared about a girl before, and my life had been singularly loveless. I had fought a lonely battle always. Once before, in college, we had both laid ourselves and our callow devotions at the feet of the same girl. Her name was Dorothy—I had forgotten the rest—but I remembered the sequel. In a spirit of quixotic youth I had relinquished my claim in favor of Richey and had gone cheerfully on my way, elevated by my heroic sacrifice to a somber, white-hot martyrdom. As is often the case, McKnight's first words showed our parallel lines of thought.

"I say, Lollie," he asked, "do you remember Dorothy Browne? B-r-o-w-n-e! That was it!"

"Dorothy Browne?" I repeated. "Oh—why yes, I recall her now. Why?"

"Nothing," he said. "I was thinking about her. That's all. You remember, you were crazy about her, and dropped back because she preferred me?"

"I got out," I said with dignity, "because you declared you would shoot yourself if she didn't go with you to something or other!"

"Oh, why yes, I recall now!" he mimicked. He tossed his cigarette in the general direction of the hearth and got up. We were both a little conscious, and he stood with his back to me, fingering a Japanese vase on the mantel.

"I was thinking," he began, turning the vase around, "that, if you feel pretty well again, and—and ready to take hold, that I should like to go away for a week or so. Things are fairly well cleaned up at the office."

"Do you mean—you are going to Richmond?" I asked, after a scarcely perceptible pause. He turned and faced me with his hands thrust in his pockets.

"No. That's off, Lollie. The Seiberts are going for a week's cruise along the coast. I—the hot weather has played hob with me and the cruise means seven days' breeze and brine."

I lighted a cigarette, and offered him the box, but he refused. He was looking haggard and suddenly tired. I could not think of anything to say, and neither could he evidently. The matter between us lay too deep for speech.

"How's Candida?" he asked.

"Martin says a month and she will be all right." I returned in the same tone. He picked up his hat, but he had something more to say. He blurted it out finally, half way to the door.

"The Seiberts are not going for a couple of days, he said, "and if you want a day or so off to go down to Richmond yourself—"

"Perhaps I shall," I returned as indifferently as I could. "Not going yet, are you?"

"Yes." It is late. He drew in his breath as if he had something more to say, but the time for it passed. "Well, good night," he said, at the door.

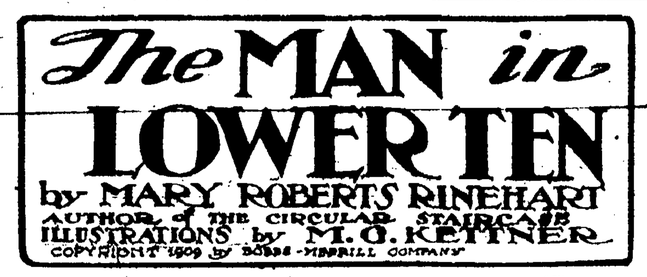
"Good night, old man."

The next moment the outer door slammed and I heard the engine of the Cannonball throbbing in the street. Then the quiet settled down around me again, and there in the lamplight I dreamed dreams. I was going to see her.

Suddenly the idea of being shut away, even for penance, from my great and wonderful happiness became intolerable. The possibility of never being there I could not face. Richmond was hideous the night through.

I made my resolve [illegible] morning the taxi [illegible] house and then by devious [illegible] winding ways, [illegible] after a [illegible] features [illegible] ment. I [illegible] passage [illegible] impertinent [illegible] was free, and for the [illegible] I consulted my train schedule. [illegible] five minutes [illegible] not yet in [illegible] door, the house seemed [illegible] upon, and no [illegible] in and quietly closed the door behind him. His eyes were glittering with excitement and a purple dab of ink-writer ink gave him a peculiarly villainous and stealthy expression.

"They're here," he said. "Two of them, and that crazy Stuart wasn't on."



"They're Here," He Said.

I telephoned as soon as I reached my hotel, and I had not known how much I had hoped from seeing her until I learned that she was out of town. I hung up the receiver, almost dizzy with disappointment, and it was fully five minutes before I thought of calling up again and asking if she was within telephone reach. It seemed she was down at the bay, staying with the Samuel Forbeses.

Sammy Forbes! It was a name to conjure with just then. In the old days at college I had rather liked him, but now I was ready to take him to my heart. I remembered that he had always meant well, anyhow, and that he was explosively generous. I called him up.

"By the flames of gasoline!" he said, when I told him who I was. "Blakeley, the Fount of Wisdom, against Woman! Blakeley, the Great Unkissed! Welcome to our city!"

Whereupon he proceeded to urge me to come down to the Shack and to say that I was an agreeable surprise, because four times in two hours Alison had called up to ask if Alison West was staying with him, and to suggest that they had a vacant day or two.

"Of course Miss West's invitation is [illegible]. There was a burning in the line to ask [illegible]."

Sam had no [illegible]. Was not [illegible] kissed?—which sounds like the Great Unkissed—which he promptly did. I hung up the receiver, almost [illegible] I had hoped, and thrust aside my objections.

"Nonsense," he said, [illegible] myself. The lady that keeps my [illegible] housekeeper is calling to me to insist. [illegible] remember [illegible] need here is a [illegible] and for days [illegible] imperative [illegible] you are [illegible] very well Sam, since you and your [illegible] a couple of days [illegible] Lolie [illegible] Imagine until I can do it myself."

Sam [illegible] the Shack, which proved to be a substantial house overlooking the water. On the way he confided to me that lots of married men thought their wives were contented when they were mere [illegible] but that it was the only life, and that Sam, junior, could swim [illegible] and said you were somewhere in the building."

A door slammed outside, followed by steps on the uncarpeted outer office.

"This way," said Blobs, in a husky undertone, and, darting into a lavatory, threw open a door that I had always supposed locked. Thence into a back hall piled high with boxes and past the presses of a bookbindery to the freight elevator.

Greatly to Blobs' disappointment, there was no pursuit. I was exhilarated but out of breath when we emerged into an alleyway, and the sharp daylight shone on Blobs' excited face.

"Great sport, isn't it?" I panted, dropping a dollar into his palm, inked to correspond with his face. "Regular walk-away in the hundred-yard dash."

"Gimme two dollars more and I'll drop 'em down the elevator shaft," he suggested ferociously. I left him there with his blood-thirsty schemes, and started for the station. I had a tendency to look behind me now and then, but I reached the station unnoticed. The afternoon was hot, the train rolled slowly along, stopping to pant at sweltering stations, from whose roofs the heat rose in waves. But I noticed these things objectively, not subjectively, for at the end of the journey was a girl with blue eyes and dark brown hair, hair that could—had I not seen it?—hang loose in bewitching tangles or be twisted into little coils of delight.

CHAPTER XXVII.

The Sea, the Sand, the Stars.

I telephoned as soon as I reached my hotel, and I had not known how much I had hoped from seeing her

"I won't do it, Sam," I said, when I had draped his dress-coat on me toga fashion. "Who am I to have clothing to spare, like this, when many a poor chap might wear a cedar door, too, over him. I won't do it. I'm selfish, but not that selfish."

"Lord," he said, wiping his face, "how you've kept your figure! I can't wear a belt any more, got to have suspenders."

He rolled over his grievance for some time, sitting on the side of the bed. "You could go as you are," he said finally. "We do it all the time, only to-night happens to be the annual something or other, and—" he trailed off into silence, trying to buckle me belt around him. "A good six inches," he sighed. "I never get into a hansom cab any more that I don't expect to see the horse fly up in the air. Well, Allie isn't going either. She turned down Granger this afternoon, the Annapolis fellow you met on the stairs, pigeon-breasted chap—and she always gets a headache on those occasions."

He got up heavily and went to the door. "Granger is leaving," he said, "I may be able to get his dinner coat for you. How well do you know her?" he asked, with his hand on the knob.

"If you mean Dolly—?"

"Alison."

"Fairly well," I said cautiously. "Not as well as I would like to. I dined with her last week in Washington. And—I knew her before that."

Forbes touched a bell instead of going out, and told the servant who answered to see if Mr. Granger's suit-case had gone. If not, to bring it across the hall. Then he came back to his former position on the bed.

"You see, we feel responsible for Allie—near relation and all that," he began pompously. "And we can't talk to the people here at the house—all the men are in love with her, and all the women are jealous. Then—there's a lot of money, too, or will be."

"Confound the money!" I muttered. "That is—nothing. Razor slipped."

"I can tell you," he went on, "because you don't lose your head over every pretty face—although Allie is more than that, of course. But about a month ago she went away—to Seal Harbor, to visit Janet MacLure. Know her?"

"No."

"She came home to Richmond yesterday, and then came down here—Allie, I mean. And yesterday afternoon Dolly had a letter from Janet—something about a second man—and saying she was disappointed not to have had Alison there, that she had promised them a two-weeks' visit! What do you make of that? And that isn't the worst. Allie herself wasn't in the room, but there were eight other women, and because Dolly had put belladonna in her eyes the night before to see how she would look, and as a result couldn't see anything nearer than across the room, some one read the letter aloud to her, and the whole story is out. One of the cats told Granger and the boy proposed to Allie to-day, to show her he didn't care a tinker's dam where she had been."

"Good boy!" I said, with enthusiasm. I liked the Granger fellow—since he was out of the running. But Sam was looking at me with suspicion.

"Blake," he said, "if I didn't know you for what you are, I'd say you were interested there yourself."

Being so near her, under the same roof, with even the tie of a dubious secret between us, was making me heady. I pushed Forbes toward the door.

"Interested!" I retorted, holding him by the shoulders. "There isn't a word in your vocabulary to fit my condition. I am an island in a sunlit sea of emotion, Sam, a—an empty place surrounded by longing, a—"

"An empty place surrounded by longing!" he retorted. "You want your dinner, that's what's the matter with you—"

I shut the door on him then. He seemed suddenly sordid. Dinner, I thought! Although, as a matter of fact, I made a very fair meal when, Granger's suit-case not having gone, in his coat and some other man's trousers, I was finally fit for the amenities. Alison did not come down to dinner, so it was clear she would not go over to the clubhouse dance. I pled my injured arm, and a fictitious, vaguely located sprain from the wreck as an excuse for remaining at home. Sam regaled the table with accounts of my distrust of women, my one love affair—with Dorothy, to which I responded, as was expected, that only my failure there had kept me single all these years, and that if Sam should be mysteriously missing during the bathing hour to-morrow, and so on.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP

is marvelously efficient in clearing the skin of impurities and keeping it in a perfect state of health. It beautifies the complexion, while as a healing agent for sores and wounds it passes all praise. It removes pimples, blotches, eczema and unsightly eruptions, and there is no form of eruptive disease for which this soap has not proved efficacious. In the bath it is as beneficial as the waters of the renowned sulphur springs. Linens and woolens washed with it are rendered superlatively white, and are disinfected if the material has been exposed to disease germs. The value of sulphur as a cleansing and purifying agent is everywhere recognized.

Glenn's Sulphur Soap

has stood the test of experience. It is highly recommended by physicians, and is used in hospitals for its disinfecting and healing properties.

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PROMINENT PEOPLE

IS ESTEEMED BY QUEEN MARY

The beautiful Lady Lister-Kaye, who was Natica Yznaga, the youngest of the three charming Yznaga sisters of New York, is one American resident in England who need have no fear for her position in society or of her reception by royalty. For some time speculation has been rife as to the social fate of the American women in King George's reign. There is a general feeling that for a while at least they will be much less conspicuous at court than they were during the late King Edward's regime. However, Lady Lister-Kaye is sure of her standing and knows that she will be quite welcome at Buckingham palace.

This gracious daughter of America is a sister of the late Dowager Duchess of Manchester (Consuelo Yznaga), who was one of King Edward's most esteemed confidants and with whom her friendship was of long duration. Unlike many of the late ruler's associates the dowager duchess was a close friend of Queen Alexandra and held a prominent place in all things social in the royal set. Lady Lister-Kaye was not only highly regarded by the late king and Queen Alexandra, but she has enjoyed the warm friendship of Queen Mary for several years, which is somewhat unusual, as Queen Mary and Queen Alexandra have few friends in common. While the queen was princess of Wales she honored this American woman conspicuously by dining in her home several times. Beyond these personal ties is the fact that her husband, Sir John Lister-Kaye, is a groom-in-waiting upon King George.

Though certain of the residents in the American colony in London may not be in first favor in royal society this winter, Lady Lister-Kaye will not be denied her position and, as has been the case for many years past, a member of the Yznaga family will be prominent in the social affairs of royalty.

PRESIDENT OF PORTUGAL

Theophile Braga, provisional president of Portugal, in an interview, emphasizes what he calls the "philosophical" source of the revolution.

The men who have been spreading the doctrines of republicanism, he says, are professors, mathematicians, writers and generally men of learning. The result, he thinks, is, first of all, a victory for the cause of "education"—an effort to restore the Portuguese people to the intellectual rank lost for so long a time.

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite, both physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the world that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

From the names announced of the provisional government the "intellectuals," the idealist republicans who dream of making Portugal worthy of her former glory, have carried through this movement, or at any rate are for the moment in control. Putting Theophile Braga, the one Portuguese scholar of international reputation, at their head, is a shrewd move on the part of the revolutionists. It follows the curious Latin fashion of bestowing political power on literary men, but it also declares to Europe that the true men of progress, the men of education and of position, are directing the revolution, and not the street rabble of Lisbon. Among Senhor Braga's colleagues are many college professors, while military and naval men are noticeably absent.

Dr. Theophile Braga is a man about fifty-five years old and a graduate of a leading European university. He began the practise of medicine in Lisbon when a young man and has been prominent throughout Portugal for many years past.

LEADS NEW YORK DEMOCRATS

John A. Dix, the Democratic nominee for governor in New York, is a prosperous business man and interested in various corporations. He was born at Glens Falls in 1860. He was educated at the academy there and entered Cornell university in the class of 1882 but left in his junior year. In 1889 he married Miss Gertrude Allen Thomson, the daughter of a lumber merchant. He began his business career as a member of the firm of Reynolds & Dix, dealers in black marble, and later became associated with Lemont Thomson in the lumber business.

Mr. Dix is not unfamiliar with politics, however, being chairman of the Democratic state committee and a former candidate for lieutenant-governor, when he ran with Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler in 1908. Even prior to that time, in 1906, when William R. Hearst was nominated for governor at Buffalo the name of John A. Dix went before the convention and he received some complimentary votes.

His work in creating a county chairman's organization won him the nomination for lieutenant-governor two years ago. He favored them, and does now, a system whereby the power of the county chairman should be more absolute than at present.

After his unsuccessful campaign two years ago Mr. Dix certified to the secretary of state that he contributed $2,982.50 for campaign expenses, of which $2,500 went to the state committee.

LOS ANGELES TIMES' OWNER

Gen. Harrison Gray Otis is the owner and editor of the Los Angeles Times, the building and plant of which was recently wrecked by an explosion attributed to enemies of the paper.

General Otis was born near Marietta, Ohio, February 10, 1837. With the breaking out of the Civil war he enlisted as a private in the Twelfth Ohio Infantry, June 23, 1861. He was made a second lieutenant November 12, 1862, and a first lieutenant May [illegible], 1863. He was transferred to the Twenty-third Ohio Infantry July 1, 1864, and made a captain July 25, 1864. He was brevetted a major and lieutenant colonel March 13, 1865, for gallant and meritorious service during the war and was honorably mustered out July 26, 1866. He was twice wounded during the war.

In 1866-67 General Otis was official reporter for the Ohio house of representatives and was foreman of the government printing office 1868-69. During 1870 and 1876 he was chief of a division in the United States patent office and special agent of the United States treasury in charge of the seal islands of Alaska 1879-81.

General Otis was appointed a brigadier general of the United States volunteers May 27, 1898, and placed in command of the First brigade, Second division of the Eighth army corps, in the Philippine islands. He led the brigade at the capture of Caloocan, February 10, 1899. He was brevetted a major general of volunteers March 26, 1899, and honorably discharged July 2, 1899. He entered journalism in California thirty-three years ago.

Perfectly True in Theory

Impossible to Refute Arguments Made as to the Uprightness of Mankind

Here is a curious paradox," said George. "If a thousand soldiers are drawn up in a battle array on a plane—then understand him to mean 'plane' [illegible] an 'will stand upright.' [illegible] I'll see why. But he went on [illegible] explained that according to Euclid a plane surface is such a surface only all the points of which lie wholly in one position. If the surface of the earth, will stand perfect.

"In the same way," he remarked, "if a surface is a perfect plane the balls ought to roll on the [illegible]."

Though he tried to explain this he [illegible] a [illegible] said on an orange and expounding the law of gravitation Mrs. Angood declined to accept the statement. She could not see that the top of a true billiard table must, theoretically, be spherical, just like a portion of the orange peel that George cut off. Of course, the table is so small in proportion to the surface of the earth that the curvature is not appreciable, but it is nevertheless true in theory. A surface that we call level is not the same as our idea of a true geometrical plane.

Made Oliver Herford Famous.

Oliver Herford first sprang into fame as a wit so long ago as when Mrs. James Brown-Potter, whose husband was a near relative of the late Bishop Potter, created a sensation by relinquishing home and family to go upon the stage. While the sensation was at its height the bishop, who felt that disgrace had been brought upon the Potter name by the lady's choice of a career, chanced at a dinner at the Players' club in New York to challenge anyone present to make a joke about him that was not a pun based on the verb "to potter." Herford's response, "Actresses will happen in the best regulated families," won him the laurel wreath of the club and it has not yet gone out of his possession.—Frank H. White, in American Magazine.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Resolved (If the Senate concur), That the following amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section 26 of Article V., which reads as follows: "Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; and the General Assembly is hereby prohibited from creating other courts to exercise the powers vested by this Constitution in the judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts," be amended so that the same shall read as follows:—

Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; but, notwithstanding any provisions of this Constitution, the General Assembly shall have full power to establish new courts, from time to time, as the same may be needed in any city or county, and to prescribe the powers and jurisdiction thereof, and to increase the number of judges in any courts now existing or hereafter created, or to reorganize the same, or to vest in other courts the jurisdiction theretofore exercised by courts not of record, and to abolish the same wherever it may be deemed necessary for the orderly and efficient administration of justice.

A true copy of Resolution No. 1.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.

RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to eliminate the requirement of payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section one of article eight be amended, by striking out the fourth numbered paragraph thereof, so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact.

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months), immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

A true copy of Resolution No. 2.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Allegheny County.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section six of article five be amended, by striking out the said section, and inserting in place thereof the following:

Section 6. In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of common pleas, subject to such changes as may be made by this Constitution or by law, shall be in Philadelphia vested in five distinct and separate courts of equal and coordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges each. The said courts in Philadelphia shall be designated respectively as the court of common pleas number one, number two, number three, number four, and number five, but the number of said courts may be by law increased from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers. The number of judges in any of said courts or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized by law may be increased, from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose a district and separate court as aforesaid, which shall be numbered as aforesaid. In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of the said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court to which any suit shall be thus assigned shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue as shall be provided by law.

In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas, composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption.

A true copy of Resolution No. 3.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment to Article Nine, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted: Provided, That a sinking fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

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RELISHES FOR MEAT

GIVE SHARP, APPETIZING FLAVOR TO STEAKS AND CHOPS.

Pepper Relish in Which Cabbage Is Substituted for Tomatoes Is Particularly Fine—Two Kinds of Piccalilli.

Pepper Relish.—Pepper relish is usually made of green peppers, green tomatoes and celery; but cabbage may be substituted for the tomatoes. For the latter, chop fine a small head of firm, white cabbage, six large green peppers, taking care not to leave in any of the seeds, and a nice bunch of celery, removing all the fibrous green outer leaves; put into a large bowl, sprinkle with a half cupful of salt, mix well, cover and let stand over night. The next morning drain in a colander, then pack in a stone jar with two tablespoonfuls of mustard seed mixed through it. Put into a porcelain kettle three pints of vinegar, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, one tablespoonful each of whole cloves, allspice and whole pepper, a clove of garlic and one onion minced; simmer gently twenty minutes, to extract the virtue of the spices; drain and pour boiling hot over the vegetables. There should be enough of vinegar to cover. When cold cover the jar and keep in a cool place. A little red pepper may be added, if you like it very hot.

Piccalilli.—Allow to a gallon of sliced green tomatoes one pint grated horseradish, eleven ounces brown sugar, two tablespoonfuls each fine salt and ground mustard. Put the tomatoes in a large stone crock, sprinkle the salt over them and let stand overnight with a slight press on top. The tomatoes may be chopped instead of sliced if preferred. In the morning add to the tomatoes the other ingredients, and set in a warm place, the compound forming its own vinegar.

This will take several weeks.

Set in a cool place. The vessel containing the pickle must have a cloth and weight on top to keep the pickle under the liquor.

Piccalilli With Cider Vinegar.—Where cider vinegar is used it is made in this way: Chop fine one peck green tomatoes and one head cabbage. Mix with them a large cupful salt and put all into a coarse cheesecloth bag to drain over night. Chop six large onions and four green peppers, mix with the cabbage and tomatoes and pour over them enough hot weak vinegar to cover, then drain again. The next morning heat the same amount of sharp cider vinegar, pour over the pickle, add two tablespoonfuls whole mustard seed, and when cold it should be ready for use.

Chutney Sauce. Chop coarsely twelve sour apples after paring and coring. Seed one cup of raisins and two green peppers, add four medium sized onions and six green tomatoes and chop very fine. Put four cups of vinegar, two cups of brown sugar, two tablespoons each of mustard seed and salt in a preserving kettle and bring to the boiling point. Add the chopped mixture and simmer one hour. Now add the chopped apple and cook until soft. Seal in pint jars.

Sliced Oil Pickles.

Slice very thin 100 small pickles about the circumference of a quarter, and if liked six onions also, sliced. Cover with salt and let stand overnight. In the morning rinse with cold water and put in a sack to drain. Mix three quarts cider vinegar, one-half cupful each white and black mustard seed, one cupful olive oil, one heaping tablespoonful celery seed, a half teaspoonful red pepper and a half teaspoonful white pepper. Pour cold over the cucumbers in an open jar, let stand a day or two stirring occasionally, then seal in jars.

Grape Juice.

Use Concord grapes. Wash and bruise the grapes. Cook and strain. One quart of juice, one quart of water, two cups sugar. Boil five or ten minutes. Put hot into bottles and seal. I use a double cheese cloth bag. Do not squeeze, but turn the bag often around. From two small baskets of grapes I get three pints of juice. Small bottles are better to use, though the juice will keep several days in the ice chest after being opened.

THAT STRANGE APPARITION!

TAX ON EVERYTHING

SOME FACTS CONCERNING TARIFF AND THE HOME.

As an Object Lesson, Here Is How the Poor Washwoman Is Called on to "Dig Up" to Enrich the Big Trusts.

When the wrinkled, chapped laundress finishes the week's wash and delivers it Saturday night she has received during her week's labor the following blessings from the Payne-Aldrich tariff:

On her soap she has been tariff-taxed 20 per cent.

On the wrapper in which the soap comes, 25 per cent.

On the ammonia that helps to keep the flannels soft, 25 per cent.

The washing soda is tariff-taxed one-quarter of a penny a pound.

The starch is tariff-taxed 1½ cents a pound and the borax two cents a pound.

The bluing is protected with a 30 per cent. tariff.

She wrings them out on a wringer the metal castings of which are tariff-taxed one cent a pound, and the wooden frame 35 per cent., and the rubber rollers 35 per cent.

The washboard itself is tariff-taxed 35 per cent. and the ribbed zinc 1⅝ cents a pound.

She dumps the damp clothes into a wicker clothes-basket that is tariff-taxed 35 per cent.

Merrily she trips up on the roof and hangs them on the clothes-line—clothes-line tariff-taxed 45 per cent.—with clothes-pins tariff-taxed 35 per cent.

If instead she balances herself on the fire escape the rope is taxed the same and the pulley is also taxed 45 per cent. A wooden frame dryer is taxed 35 per cent.

She gathers them in the tariff-taxed basket and irons them with irons tariff taxed $-10 of a penny on a pound.

She heats the irons on a tariff taxed stove; keeps her coal in a scuttle tariff taxed 45 per cent. If she uses charcoal it is taxed 20 per cent., or coke 20 per cent. Even the matches are tariff taxed one-half penny a dozen boxes. Many a mickle makes a muckle—motto of match trust.

On the tub over which she bends and scrubs there is a tariff tax of 35 per cent. The bench or chairs it rests on are taxed 35 per cent. and the paper pail beside them is tariff taxed 35 per cent.

The big boiler in which the clothes are boiled is tariff taxed not less than 45 per cent.

If she has been able to save up and get a mangle, the metal castings for it are tariff taxed one penny a pound, the wooden rollers 35 per cent., and the framework 35 per cent. Nothing is too small and no one too poor to be overlooked.—New York World.

Tariff Board Futile.

The tariff board is going to investigate the cost of making wood pulp and paper. A special committee of the house investigated this subject two years ago—under the reliable supervision of Mann of Chicago, as chairman. If the enactors of tariffs could not make the verdict of the committee precided over by one of their own number, what probability is there that it will heed the finding of the tariff board?

Roosevelt Champion Straddler.

"Don't flinch" is one of the colonel's favorite shibboleths. He counsels the beltred people to stand fast always and to put up a bold front against any effort on the part of undesirable persons to check the march of honesty. Out in Iowa they seem to think that he didn't boss his job at Saratoga quite up to the Osawatomie standard. They are reactionaries and poltroons of course. What has Kansas to do with the effete east? They must be fed according to their appetites.

The Old Moralities.

Why does the legislative graft committee make such a fuss about the payment of a few thousand dollars by the Lyons Beet Sugar Refining company to Senator John Raines and Assemblyman Burnett as a mark of its "appreciation" of the services of those two legislators, both of whom are now dead, in procuring the passage of bills for the payment of bounty to the sugar company? Raines and Burnett merely applied the old Republican moralities to new beet sugar conditions.—New York Sun.

THE PROGRESSIVE DEMAND

Mr. Roosevelt Does Not Seem to Realize What the New Spirit of the Country Is.

The fact, surprising as it may seem, is that Mr. Roosevelt does not realize the depth and the strength of the public sentiment which he himself has helped so much to arouse. His homilies have been a potent factor in fixing the attention of the people upon the political, economic and social abuses which prevail in the country. While he was president, he understood the people pretty well, but when he was in Africa, he got out of touch with them. Since his return he has not fully caught the new spirit of the country. He has no idea of the extent of the progressive movement. He does not realize that the fight now in progress is a fight to the death.

Tories and progressives look very much alike to him. Thus he promises to help Senator Lodge in Massachusetts and Senator Beveridge in Indiana. He asks for support of tory congressmen in South Dakota, and he says a good word for Miles Poindexter in the state of Washington. He labors under the delusion that the crucial contest which is now being waged within the ranks of the Republican party can be settled on the basis of compromise. Any man who knows the situation understands that this is impossible. The Republican party must be wholly redeemed or it will be wholly destroyed. There is no room in the party for many of the men with whom Mr. Roosevelt is willing to work or for some of the men whom he has commended to the support of the people.

In its leadership the progressive movement demands grim, unyielding determination and constructive ability of a high order. Colonel Roosevelt does not possess these qualities. He talks fiercely and he acts tamely. His inconsistencies and his willingness to accept compromise rather than defeat make him an unsuitable leader. The people themselves are wiser and firmer than he. The progressive movement is their movement and they will not brook compromise. They are going to fight it out to the end. As leaders they require men who are strong enough, courageous enough and persevering enough to direct a war rather than men who are content to appear on the skirmish line now and then and to spend the rest of their time in preaching against the enemy or in singing songs across the lines.—Milwaukee Journal.

Not Entirely Disinterested.

The tariff law as it was signed by the president has resulted in a general revision downward, and no amount of special pleading, no misstatement of facts, and no suppression of the material fact will ever make it appear otherwise.—Representative Payne.

The Hon. Sereno Elisha Payne would be an unnatural godfather if he did not praise the baby.

No Real "Protection."

This country produces its own coal, and exports many times more than it imports. The duties on breadstuffs may retard the free flow of grain over the Canadian border and may sometimes affect local prices temporarily, but in all food products we are an exporting nation, and prices are determined in the markets of the world. Nothing is really "protected" by these sentimental duties.

Friend of Monopolists.

It is of common knowledge and it has been for more than a generation an open scandal that the protected interests have paid the Republican party in campaign contributions for enacting the tariff schedules they desired. The Republicans have not only taken this money, but they have insisted on having it. In 1890 the representatives of the protected interests in congress gave votes to pass the silver coinage bill in exchange for votes of the silver men for the McKinley tariff.

Explanation Not Forthcoming.

It seems safe to have occurred to Mr. Roosevelt that the glaring discrepancy between his Saratoga platform and his Sioux Falls speech required explanation until he was sharply called to account by his friends in the west. His subsequent utterances have not mended matters. The only possible conclusion is that when he was at Sioux Falls he felt that he was among downward revisers, when he was at Saratoga he felt that he was speaking to standpatters.

Felicity Secret

Wise Man Knows Exactly What He Needs

By SIDNEY DARK

THE WISE MAN discovers exactly what he needs to be happy, and endeavors persistently to acquire the essentials.

It is easy to blunder badly about these essentials. Lots of men are furiously anxious to marry. They are persuaded that life is impossible without one particular woman, often to discover that life is impossible with her. Similarly, money popularly is regarded as necessary to happiness, although we all number men among our acquaintance far more miserable in a costly residence than they were when living in a humble "home."

Indeed it is fairly evident that to the majority of human beings "what one is" is of infinitely greater importance than "what one has." There are, of course, exceptions, but they are comparatively few. The passion for mere possession is rare. The miser is abnormal. Men love money because money means power, or, maybe, good wine.

Women love money because it means costly clothes and many jewels. The desire to wear beautiful clothes is entirely admirable. A woman often expresses her personality with splendid completeness in her dress. We are apt, perhaps—particularly if our incomes are small—to denounce the love of diamonds as vulgar; but, after all, children and all lovable, simple souls adore things that glitter.

In attempting to discover the secret of happiness—which is the aim of all philosophy—the initial difficulty is the variation of individuality, the fact that one man's food is another man's poison. But this difficulty is superficial. We are all more alike than we are inclined to admit. Besides, I am not concerned with the extraordinary man, with the possessor of the great soul or with him who has no soul at all.

The industrious and the lazy, the silent and the loquacious, the domesticated and the gypsies, the married and the unmarried, the bond and the free, believers and unbelievers, socialists and anti-socialists, are all divided, some happy and some unhappy. The greatest thing in the world cannot be obtained by opinion, conviction, circumstance, or virtue.

The unhappy man is the dull man, and the dull man is the man without a soul. That is the truth, and the whole truth. The dull man eats and drinks and works and sleeps and grumbles and sniggers and is just a rate payer. Most of us have to do all these things. We have to be rate payers. The horror comes when we are just rate payers—and nothing more.

Think of the happy people one knows, and inquire! I know a clerk who is happy on $15 a week because his wife thinks he is a hero and he thinks she is beautiful. He is not a hero to you and me, but in her dream world Launcelot is nothing by comparison, and in his dream world she is another Helen.

I know a nun who is happy dreaming of the glories of a wonderful gray wonder-world. I know a Salvationist who is happy because he is a son of God. I know a cheerful, roystering, often penniless, writer who is happy because to him all men are good fellows and all women adorable. The happy socialist dreams of the brotherhood of men; the fantankerous socialist yearns to interfere with his fellows.

It often happens that the men who stimulate imagination and encourage our dreams themselves fail to attain happiness. They stand on the mountain and point out the way, but they themselves never reach the land of delight. They are, however, the the great men, and you and I are the common wayfarers. Their way is not our way, and it may be that that their sorrow is more precious than our joy.

Utility of New Language Uncertain

By PROF. J. L. LANIER
New Orleans

The scholars may extol the beauties and scientific superiority of the Esperanto language, but it will be many a generation before it can be brought into general use.

It is a sort of a composite speech, a blend of various tongues, and is of course, an artificial product, the utility of which on any broad scale is very uncertain.

I have looked into it very deeply, and I confess that a careful examination of it does not bring any attraction.

Its proponents are sanguine and very enthusiastic, just as were the advocates of Volapük, which was a manufactured language and also intended for universal use, but which is now only a memory.

Esperanto may live longer than Volapük and attain a greatly wider vogue, but its general adoption by any large numbers of the human family is entirely out of the realm of practicability.

Raise in Salary Proves Severe Test

By REV. H. B. HOLT

A raise in salary is a more severe test of character than poverty.

I knew a man who did well on $1,800 a year, but he went all to pieces when raised to $2,000.

Prosperity is more responsible for the breaking of the Sabbath than any other single cause.

Men in business who are successful feel that they are too tired to attend church services on Sunday.

Their money gives them an opportunity to go automobile riding and participate in other enjoyment, which keeps them away from the church they were in the habit of attending when they were in humbler circumstances.

Teach Children to Swim at School

By CLARENCE R. SEEGERT

The great number of deaths from drowning throughout the year calls for an easy and positive remedy. Every day people fall off piers or tip over boats and drown, or some one in walking out into the water steps into a deep hole, there is a few moments' struggle and all is over. And thousands that have never known the first points about swimming.

Not girls alone swim. I think it would be safe to say that not ten per cent. of the girls in this country can swim over ten feet.

I have learned from recent inquiries that about three-quarters of the boys and girls in some of the poor districts never go farther than half a mile from their homes.

They have no chance to learn to swim nor any money to pay to go for a swim in any of the pools near their homes. Supposing these children had swimming tanks in their school and a swimming instructor.

They would fall then into school and begin to like the water, which is a big question in itself, for anyone who likes to swim and can do so will like the water.

RHEUMATISM

I want every chronic rheumatic to throw away all medicines, all liniments, all plasters, and give MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM REMEDY a trial. No matter what your doctor may say, no matter what your friends may say, no matter how prejudiced you may be against all advertised remedies, go at once to your druggist and get a bottle of the RHEUMATISM REMEDY. If it fails to give satisfaction, I will refund your money.—Munyon.

Remember this remedy contains no salicylic acid, no opium cocaine, morphine or other harmful drugs. It is put up under the guarantee of the Pure Food and Drug Act.

For sale by all druggists. Price, 25c.

FOR SALE—Improved Farms and Farm Lands in Crawford Co., Mich., in good farming community, good climate, water; close to market towns, schools and railroad. Liberal terms. Largest apple orchard in Michigan near these lands. Write to HENRY A. BAUMAN, Grayling, Mich.

TRUSSES EXPERT FITTING 45 years' experience. Prices low. E. M. HESSLER, 64 Public Sq., Cleveland

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Fable of Pan of Biscuits.

A Vassar girl married a Kansas farmer.

Two weeks later a cyclone made the happy pair a friendly call.

It cavorted around the premises, ripping up the fences, scattering the haystacks and playing horse with the barn, but when it looked through the open window it drew back in alarm.

There lay the bride's first pan of biscuits.

"I ain't feelin' very strong this morning," murmured the cyclone.

And with another glance at the terrible pan it blew itself away.

REST AND PEACE

Fall Upon Distracted Households When Cuticura Enters.

Sleep for skin tortured babies and rest for tired, fretted mothers is found in a hot bath with Cuticura Soap and a gentle anointing with Cuticura Ointment. This treatment, in the majority of cases, affords immediate relief in the most distressing forms of itching, burning, scaly, and crusted humors, eczema, rashes, inflammations, irritations, and chafings, of infancy and childhood, permits rest and sleep to both parent and child, and points to a speedy cure, when other remedies fail. Worn-out and worried parents will find this pure, sweet and economical treatment realizes their highest expectations, and may be applied to the youngest infants as well as children of all ages. The Cuticura Remedies are sold by druggists everywhere. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, Mass., for their free 32-page Cuticura Book on the care and treatment of skin and scalp of infants, children and adults.

Deadlock.

"Who is that man who has been sitting behind the bar day after day?" inquired the stranger in Crimson Gulch.

"That's Stage Coach Charley. He's in a peculiar predicament. He went to town last week and got his teeth fixed. Then he came here, and, bein' broke, ran up a bill on the strength of his seven dollars' worth of gold fillin'. Charley won't submit to havin' the necessary piece cut and the proprietor won't let him git away with the collateral, and there you are!"

She Probably Could.

Signor La Follette, apropos of certain scandals, said at a dinner in Madison: "There is one thing about the legislator who compared his wife with a tank engine. One of those land lubbers approached me today with another insulting proposition.

"The wife a young and pretty woman, clapped her hands. 'Oh, good!' she cried. 'Then I can have that sable stole, after all, can I, dear?'"

So They Say.

Stranger—I say, my lad, what is considered a good score on these links?

Caddie—Well, sir, most of the gents here tries to do it in as few strokes as they can, but it generally takes a few more.—Scottish American.

We stand one to men the same duty as we owe to pictures—to try and see them in the best light.—Emerson.

WISE WORDS.

A Physician on Food.

A physician, of Portland, Oregon, has views about food. He says:

"I have always believed that the duty of the physician does not cease with treating the sick, but that we owe it to humanity to teach them how to protect their health, especially by hygienic and dietetic laws.

"With such a feeling as to my duty I take great pleasure in saying to the public that in my own experience and observation personal observation I have found no food equal to Grape-Nuts, and that I find there is almost no limit to the great benefits this food will bring when used in all cases of sickness and convalescence.

"It is my experience that no physical condition forbids the use of Grape-Nuts. To persons in health there is nothing so nourishing and acceptable to the stomach, especially at breakfast, to start the machinery of the human system on the day's work.

"In cases of indigestion I know that a complete breakfast can be made of Grape-Nuts and cream and I think it is not advisable to overload the stomach at the morning meal. I also know the great value of Grape-Nuts when the stomach is too weak to digest other food.

"This is written after an experience of more than 20 years, treating all manner of chronic and acute diseases, and the letter is written voluntarily on my part without any request for it."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

The Gazette.

WELLSBORO, PA.

THURSDAY, NOV. 10, 1910.

FRANK CONEVERY, - Editor and Proprietor

Peaslee captured Wellsboro by the large plurality of 9 votes, while Tener carried it by 7 votes.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has announced that before the close of another fiscal year the Postoffice Department will be self sustaining and then penny postage will be in sight. That sounds good, but the general will have to show the people.

Edwin S. Underhill, editor of the Corning Leader, was elected to Congress from the Thirty-third district in New York State, defeating Congressman J. Sloat Fassett, of Elmira. Underhill has a plurality in the four counties of the district of 1,879. It was a great victory for Mr. Underhill, as he faced a district which in 1908 gave Mr. Fassett a plurality of 4,261.

Fifteen thousand dollars a year for a baseball player! This is the salary that is unofficially announced that Christy Matthewson will receive from the New York club next year. It is the highest in the history of baseball, outside of managers' and presidents' salaries. Last year Matthewson received $10,000 and the $5,000 boost was given by President Brush, it is said, without any solicitation.

The members of the Democratic County Committee are to be highly commended for the excellent work accomplished in each and every one of their respective districts on Tuesday. The tabulated vote elsewhere speaks for itself. Owing to the untiring efforts of County Chairman Hugh L. Kerwin, never before was the committee better organized and produced better results than during the campaign just closed.

The election of a stand-pat Legislature on Tuesday will result in the election of George T. Oliver, of Pittsburg, for another six-year term in the United States Senate. Oliver is a millionaire iron manufacturer, and has no claim to represent the people of Pennsylvania in the national congress other than his wealth, and his adherence to the Penrose machine. In comparsion the reelection of Oliver is yet more to be deplored than is that of Penrose. The latter is the head of the organization and its chief manipulator, but Oliver is the money center and from that channel flows the corrupting influences that make the success of the machine possible.

That Jose Zavaldo, a Spanish electrician, working in Morro Castle, and probably a fanatic, is responsible for the destruction of the battleship Maine, was the statement made one night last week by Colonel Jasper E. Brady in a speech at Kansas City, Mo. Colonel Bradys says he was one of a committee of four who investigated the explosion and reported their findings to President McKinley. "Of course, I did not see this man turn on the switch which set free the powerful mines that caused the disaster," said the colonel, "but the evidence in the case pointed directly to his guilt. Three other army officers, whose names I do not care to give, and myself, reported to the President that in our belief Zavaldo was responsible. He was later executed on the command of General Blanco. None, however, was ever able to learn for what reason."

WILSON'S GREAT VICTORY.

The Democrats and Keystone Party men of Tioga county gain much consolation in the loss of the State by a close margin, by the fact that William B. Wilson has been reelected to represent this Congressional district for the third consecutive term by about 2,500 majority over Peaslee.

The tabulated returns in another column show that Peaslee has only about 250 majority in this county Wilson swept Peaslee's home county, Lycoming, by about 2,[illegible] majority. Clinton gave Wilson 271 majority over Peaslee, while Potter rolled up 335 majority for Wilson.

No Republican in this county will have occasion to regret that he voted for William B. Wilson at the polls on Tuesday. He has reflected credit on himself and the county and district which he represents. No one will question his independence. No man or set of men control his actions or political life. Those who voted for him know that he is honest and will do the bidding of no man. The votes he may cast on public questions will be from his sense of what is best for his constituency. Was it not better, in this situation, to lend support and countenance to a man of Wilson's political make-up than it was to turn over the district and all it stands for to a gang of ringsters of the Penrose stripe?

The defeat of Clarence Peaslee at the polls on Tuesday was a deserved rebuke to the character of politics that was employed in this State to subvert the cause of the people and to thwart their interests. It is a strong indication and notice to the State leaders and to the czars of his district that in the future the rights of the people must be respected, and that men of their inclination to represent them rather than the political leadership that is now so justly unpopular.

THE VOTE OF TIOGA COUNTY, NOV. 8.

Districts	Governor			Congress		Representatives		
	Tener, Rep.	Grim, Dem.	Berry, Key.	Peaslee, Rep.	Wilson, Dem.	Rockwell, Rep.	Williams, Rep.	Webb, Dem.
Bloss, 1st Dist	60	17	260	67	292	186	160	80
Bloss, 2d Dist	7	1	24	6	27	18	9	3
Blossburg	123	70	201	117	320	197	163	118
Brookfield	58	6	26	57	25	61	58	15
Charleston	116	3	99	129	93	185	162	35
Chatham	76	7	43	82	49	84	82	32
Clymer	122	11	22	131	25	123	122	16
Covington	54	6	38	60	35	84	68	11
Covington boro	28	2	28	32	28	48	44	11
Deerfield	50	3	63	71	41	80	69	23
Delmar, North Dist	56	9	70	67	66	91	103	37
Delmar, South Dist	80	4	64	81	69	97	84	50
Duncan	50	25	155	41	199	100	91	54
Elk, North Dist	18		3	17	3	19	19	
Elk, South Dist	16	3	16	30	6	29	24	4
Elkland	58	25	108	65	128	90	87	60
Farmington	80	6	27	91	23	94	93	13
Gaines	77	9	34	83	35	90	78	21
Hamilton	68	14	279	37	351	164	197	67
Jackson	113	17	50	118	59	125	129	41
Knoxville	82	15	69	100	66	106	105	29
Lawrence	68	8	12	68	16	70	67	14
Lawrenceville	47	4	36	59	25	60	61	15
Liberty	54	28	74	59	101	69	63	82
Liberty boro	32	5	23	37	22	36	33	22
Mansfield	147	11	138	167	127	214	209	37
Middlebury	137	11	40	142	42	159	149	23
Morris	73	23	84	92	97	109	90	56
Nelson	7	5	5	3	14	10	8	6
Nelson boro	37	6	49	47	47	57	49	28
Osceola	20	1	73	34	56	37	42	10
Richmond	114	4	62	119	62	133	133	36
Rutland	87	15	37	91	52	98	103	30
Shippen	49	5	24	47	32	57	51	22
Sullivan	103	11	46	110	48	120	117	22
Tioga	101	14	22	103	35	106	102	25
Tioga boro	65	3	38	72	35	88	87	15
Union, North Dist	54	6	40	62	26	63	54	13
Union, South Dist								
Ward	34	4	22	40	20	44	40	10
Wellsboro, 1st Ward	148	11	169	150	177	226	205	105
Wellsboro, 2d Ward	139	14	111	152	116	193	203	69
Westfield, No. 1	41	3	35	49	29	51	44	15
Westfield, No. 2	66	2	6	68	12	68	68	4
Westfield boro	129	23	69	146	78	150	144	38
Total	3144	470	2896	3393	3209	4289	4069	1427

Geo. W. Williams, Rep., received 289 votes on Prohibition ticket.

GREAT SWEEP BY DEMOCRATS

Elect Governors in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts and Ohio---May Control Both Houses---Other Results.

The elections held throughout the country on Tuesday resulted in a political convulsion of far reaching extent, similar at many points to the famous tidal wave of 1882 and apparently more widespread in its effect. Returns from all sections of the country indicate enormous gains everywhere for the Democratic party.

The National House of Representatives has been carried by the Democrats, reversing the present Republican majority of 43. The United States Senate will have a reduced Republican majority, as a result of legislative elections held in many states.

The latest returns from the State indicate that John K. Tener, the Republican candidate for Governor, has been elected by a majority estimated at 20,000. Tener received a plurality of 42,000 over Berry in Philadelphia and 20,000 in Allegheny. Tener's majority in Tioga county is placed at less than 250.

The Pennsylvania Congressional delegation, according to the latest figures, stands Republicans, 22; Democrats, 8; with two districts doubtful, as compared with the present delegation of 27 Republicans and five Democrats. The Legislature remains strongly Republican on joint ballot.

In New York State John A. Dix, Democrat, is elected over Henry L. Stimson, Republican, by a plurality of about 70,000, reversing the Republican plurality of 70,000 in 1908 for Governor Hughes.

In New Jersey, Woodrow Wilson, Democratic candidate for Governor, is elected over Vivian M. Lewis, Republican, by about 15,000 plurality, reversing the previous Republican plurality of 7,000 for Governor Fort.

In Massachusetts, Eugene N. Foss, Democratic candidate for Governor, has defeated Governor Eben S. Draper, Republican candidate for reelection, by about 20,000 plurality.

In Connecticut, Judge Simon E. Baldwin, is elected over Charles A. Goodwin by about 4,000 plurality, reversing the previous Republican plurality of 10,000.

In Ohio, Governor Judson Harmon, Democratic candidate for reelection, carries the State by about 15,000 over Warren G. Harding, Republican candidate.

In Rhode Island, Governor Pothier, Republican candidate for reelection, is slightly in the lead over Louis A. Waterman, Democrat, with a majority much reduced from last year.

In Tennessee, the Democratic candidates for Governor and Congressmen have been elected.

The Democrats claim the election of Hughes in Maine for Governor, but this is not conceded.

In Minnesota, Charles A. Lindbergh, the Republican candidate for Governor, appears to have a safe lead over John A. Hammond, Democrat.

The election of the Democratic candidate in Maryland is conceded, with a further emphasis added by additional and later returns. The Democratic majority in the House of Representatives will be at least 42 and possibly more as compared with the present Republican majority of 43.

Added to the control in the lower branch of Congress, the returns show the Democrats a majority of 26 in the United States Senate, rapidly approaching the striking point, although the Republicans are now reasonably assured of 48 Senators or one more than the necessary major ity, with a number of states still in doubt.

A Washington dispatch says: "The results of the election it is said here indicate conclusively that the Payne-Aldrich tariff law which President Taft signed was the issue and the high cost of living the argument. The rebukes administered throughout the country have all been aimed at the supporters of the Aldrichism and Cannonism.

"Tuesday's elections will bring about one of the greatest form reversals since 1892. A Democratic House is assured and from the trend of the returns the United States Senate will be a battleground between "stand-pat" Republicans and a coalition of Democrats and insurgent Republicans. The latter faction will have a shade the better of it, and with Boss Aldrich gone on March 4 the solidarity of the 'stand-pat' faction will have been lost.

"The election of the Democratic House, which has been assured, will precipitate a fight for the Speakership."

INTERESTING FIGURES.

Resume of Result of Former Gubernatorial Elections in This State.

Former elections in Pennsylvania supply interesting figures.

Governor Stuart carried Pennsylvania in 1906 by a plurality of 200,071, receiving 501,818 votes to 301,747 for Emery on a straight vote. Emery was also the candidate of the Lincoln, Commonwealth and several other alleged parties and Stuart's actual plurality was whittled down to 48,364.

The first time Robert A. Pattison, Democrat, was elected Governor, he received 355,791 votes to 315,355 for James A. Beaver, his majority over Beaver being 40,202. In this campaign there were Independent Republican, Greenback-Labor and Temperance tickets in the field. It is significant that the Independent Republicans cast 43,743 votes, enough to have elected Beaver with a considerable margin had they been cast for him. John Stewart was the Independent Republican candidate. This was in 1882.

In the campaign of 1886, Beaver defeated Chauncer Black by a plurality of 42,651. Prohibitionists and Greenbackers figured in this campaign to the extent of about 37,[illegible] votes.

Pattison went again into the campaign in 1890 and was victorious over George W. Delamater by a plurality of 16,554. The Prohibition and Labor votes combined amounted to a little more than 16,000.

In the campaign of 1894, Daniel M. Hastings won over William M. Singerly by a plurality of 241,317.

In 1898, William A. Stone had a plurality of 217,906 over George A. Jenks. In this campaign, the Rev. Silas C. Swallow, who was candidate of the Prohibition, People's, Liberty and Honest Government parties, received 133,921 votes.

Pattison came back into the election of 1903 and was beaten by Samuel W. Pennypacker by a plurality of 142,350. Pennypacker was on the Republican and Citizens' tickets and Pattison's name appeared on the tickets of the Democratic, Anti-Machine and Ballot Reform parties. Mr. Swallow was again the Prohibition candidate, but he received only 23,327 votes. There was also Socialist and Socialist Labor tickets in the field.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rexford, well known residents of Gaines, expect to leave this week for Florida to spend the winter.

Deliberate Suicide.

Not for a single day can a cough be safely neglected in this climate. Without delay resort to Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. This balsamic vegetable preparation extinguishes a cough or cures a cold with unexampled rapidity. Sold by all druggists. Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of CHAS. W. YAUDES, deceased. The undersigned having been appointed by the Orphans' Court of Tioga county to restate the account of Cora Yaudes, Administratrix of Charles W. Yaudes, of Liberty township, deceased, and report distribution of the same, will meet the parties interested at the office of Sherwood & Owlett in Wellsboro, Pa., on FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1910, at 1 o'clock p. m., to perform the duties of his appointment. WALTER SHERWOOD,
Oct. 13, 1910—4t. Auditor.

PROCLAMATION IN DIVORCE.—To MARSHALL J. GREENFIELD: You are hereby notified that Lucetta Greenfield, your wife, has applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and the said Court has appointed MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1910, at two o'clock p. m., for hearing the said Lucetta Greenfield in the premises, at which time and place you can appear if you think proper.
LYMAN D. GOODSPEED,
Wellsboro, Pa., Oct. 27, 1910—4t. Sheriff.

MILLINERY

A FULL LINE OF

FALL AND WINTER HATS

ON DISPLAY AT OUR STORE.

John Fischler & Son

Don't Buy a Cheap Gun

As a general proposition it doesn't pay to buy cheap things of any kind. It is surely dangerously unwise to buy any but a good gun. Get a Safe Gun and one that puts the pellets of shot where you aim, one that sends the bullet where you draw your bead. Get a Gun you will be proud of.

The Fall Hunting Season is now at its height, and if you are going to enjoy the Sport let us show you a Winchester Repeating Rifle or Shot Gun, Marlin Repeating Rifle or Shot Gun, Remington—Ithaca—Baker, Hopkins and Allen. Stevens—Harrington and Richardson—Iver Johnson—and Savage.

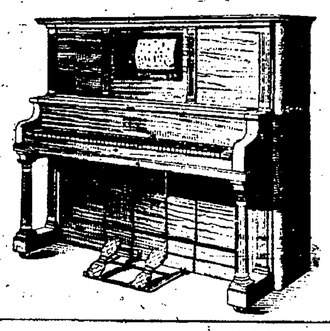
We have these makes in different styles—all good. If you haven't looked at Guns lately, better have a look. You have no idea of the improvements that have been made. Arms and Ammunition, all kinds. Hunters' Knives, Axes, Coats and Belts, Hunting Caps, etc.. Everything to bring home what you went after.

ROBERTS HARDWARE CO.,

Next Door to the First National Bank.

Special Invitation to Teachers

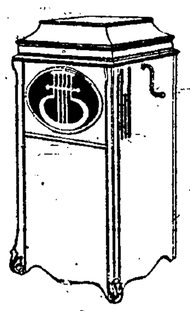
During Institute Week the teachers of Tioga county and their friends are invited to call at my music store and see and hear the wonderful



Apollo Player Piano

also Edison's latest and most wonderful invention,

THE AMBEROLA



You can also see 14 different makes of the finest line of Pianos and Organs ever displayed in Tioga county. Hear the Edison or Victor Phonographs. Over 2,000 Records to select from.

CORNETS, VIOLINS, MANDOLINS
GUITARS, BANJOS AND ACCORDIONS

A full line of musical supplies. All instruments sold on easy terms.

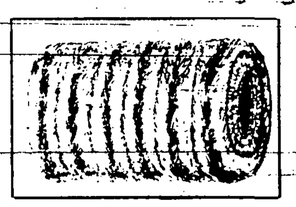
Sheet Music at Special Prices Over 1,500 copies of the latest sheet music during Institute Week at 10 and 15 cents per copy.

CHAS. A. FOCHT, Wellsboro, Pa.

FUR WEATHER IS AT HAND

Now is the Time to Make Your Selection

We are showing a superb line of the splendid new Furs for winter. In style, quality and excellent values we have never known their equal. The Furs were selected early in the summer and are the cream from the stock of one of the very best furriers in the country. By making a practice of early buying, we get only prime skins. This privilege of early selection is now yours. Even if you know nothing about Furs you can make no mistake in buying here.



We have all the latest varieties. French, Russian, Fox, Martin, Jap Minx and Persian Paw.

PRICES, $2 to $60

This promises to be a record breaking fur season. Come early.

We Have Received Many Compliments on Our Line of Coats and Suits.

It has been a common occurrence for customers to remark that here they have found the finest line of Coats to be seen. Our styles are distinctive. Every woman has an opportunity to exercise her individual taste. The PRINTZESS garments are famous for their good style and accurate fit. The NEW PRINTZESS PLIO CANVASS, with which they are made, is an added feature of superiority. This new canvass won't shrink, wrinkle or sag, and insures the permanent shape of the garment under all conditions.

MODEL DRY GOODS & STAR CLOTHING HOUSE.

THE LARGEST EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING STORE IN TIOGA COUNTY.

Bell Phone, 70 L. B. FINKELSTEIN, WELLSBORO, PA. Farmers' Phone, 62-R

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Letters of administration on the estate of PERRY VANZILE, late of Nelson, Tioga county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons who are indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and all persons having any legal claim against or demand upon said estate should make the same known without delay. J. R. MACK, Administrator.
October 20, 1910-6t. Nelson, Pa.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, Hon. David Cameron, President Judge of the Fourth Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of the county of Tioga, has issued his precept, to me directed, for the holding of an Orphan's Court, Court of Common Pleas, General Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer, at Wellsboro, in and for the county of Tioga, Pennsylvania, on the FOURTH MONDAY OF NOVEMBER, (being the 28th day,) A. D. 1910, and to continue three weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in and for said county of Tioga, to appear in their own proper persons with records, inquisitions, exemptions and remembrances to do those things which of their offices and in their behalf appertain to be done, and all witnesses and other persons prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any person or persons are required to be then and there attending, and not to depart at their peril. Jurors are required to be punctual in their attendance at the appointed time, agreeably to notice.

Given under my hand and seal at the Sheriff's office in Wellsboro, the 22nd day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten.
LYMAN D. GOODSPEED,
Oct. 27, 1910-5t. Sheriff.

ORPHAN'S COURT NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following inventories of real and personal estate set aside to be retained by the widow and children of decedents, will be presented in the Orphans' Court to be held at the Court House in Wellsboro, in Tioga county, Pa., on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1910, at 2 o'clock p. m., for confirmation nisi, and will be finally confirmed on MONDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1910, unless cause be shown why said accounts should not be confirmed:

Estate of B. J. Burrell, late of Mansfield, deceased; widow's inventory of real and personal property.

Estate of Herbert Emins, late of Hamilton township, deceased; widow's inventory of personal property.

Estate of Lewis W. Kennedy, late of Delmar, deceased; widow's inventory of personal property.

Estate of Alwert D. Kemp, late of Farmington township, deceased; widow's inventory of personal property.

Estate of Fred J. Lain, late of Jackson township, deceased; widow's inventory of personal property.

Estate of S. E. D. Rawson, late of Middlebury township, deceased; widow's inventory of personal property.

Estate of Square Southworth, late of Chatham township, deceased; widow's inventory of personal property.
RANSFORD W. FIELD,
Clerk of Orphans' Court.
Wellsboro, Pa., Nov. 3, 1910.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the executors, administrators and guardians named below have filed their accounts in the Register's office for Tioga county, Pa., and that the said accounts will be presented to the Orphans' Court to be held at the Court House in Wellsboro, Pa., in said county, on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1910, at 2 p. m., for confirmation nisi, and will be finally confirmed on MONDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1910, at 2 p. m., unless cause be shown why said accounts should not be confirmed:

First and final account of Angie S. Blair, Executrix of the will of Lewis McBlair, late of Wellsboro, deceased.

First and final account of Herbert Roblyer, Executor of the will of Henry Freis, Sr., late of Delmar, deceased.

First and final account of Frederick B. Smith, Guardian of Julia Finkelstein, minor child of Joseph and Julia Finkelstein.

First and final account of Lyde Gaylord, Administratrix of the estate of Alexander F. Gaylord, late of Blossburg, deceased.

First and final account of Chester F. Garrison, Administrator of the estate of R. Wilbert Garrison, late of Jackson township, deceased.

First and final account of Sylvanus P. Hakes, Trustee of Jeannette M. Heakes under the will of Philo Tuller, late of Tioga borough, deceased.

First and final account of F. E. Watrous, Administrator of the estate of Sarah E. Locke, late of Wellsboro, deceased.

First and final account of Dr. Frank G. Masten, Executor of the will of Nancy C. Masten, late of Westfield borough, deceased.

First partial account of George W. Curran, Executor of the will of Alice Matteson, late of Knoxville, deceased.

First and final account of G. G. Saxton, Administrator of the estate of John O'Neill, late of Tioga township, deceased.

First and final account of J. Desmond, Executor of the will of David Plank, late of Liberty township, deceased. RANSFORD W. FIELD,
Wellsboro, Pa., Nov. 3, 1910. Register.

Kitchen Cabinets for $8.00.

WE will sell for a short time only Hathaway Kitchen Cabinets, the best in the market, for $8 only. Cabinets can be seen at J. A. CULVER'S mill.—May 5-tf.

Oft in the Night WHEN TAKEN WITH A PAIN, NOTHING WILL RELIEVE IT SO QUICKLY AS A HOT WATER BOTTLE.

In time of health it is a luxury and comfort. In time of sickness it is a necessity. The family without one is the family without a good and true friend. We have them, many styles, fresh, pure rubber. Call and let us show them to you.

Corner Drug Store. : : : : FAY F. HOWD

Beri French Olive Oil

IMPORTED DIRECT FROM NICE, FRANCE

We believe this to be one of the purest and best Olive Oils ever imported into this country. If you wish a perfect article, remember the name—BERI.

Used by the best cooks in Wellsboro. Recommended by the leading physicians. Sample furnished to each lady on application.

H. L. BLATCHLEY
DRUGGIST.

CONGO ROOFING

Building and Roofing Papers of All Kinds, Coal Tar at Wholsale Only.

Dealers in Roofing and Building Papers in Tioga county:—We are Sales Agents for Tioga county for the United Roofing & Manufacturing Co.'s products. We have a full line of Building Papers and Roofing in stock, and on account of local freight rates believe that we can save you money.

WRITE US FOR DELIVERED PRICES AND SAMPLES

Geo. M. Spalding
WELLSBORO, PA.

Local Notices.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will hold a cake and food sale at Smith & Stone's store on Saturday afternoon, from 2 to 5 o'clock, for the benefit of the Ashville fund.

Marvel Flour, the choicest of spring wheat patents, and guaranteed to make better bread than any other brand. Only $1.50 per sack, cash, at the Wellsboro Feed Store or Wellsboro Roller Mills.

GEO. C. & F. A. BROOKS.

WANTED.—Every one in Wellsboro and vicinity to read the opening chapters of the new serial by Robert W. Chambers in the November number of the Cosmopolitan Magazine. It is the greatest novel of the year and is illustrated by Charles Dana Gibson.

The Gazette.

THURSDAY, NOV. 10, 1910.

New Advertisements.

Insurance—L. H. Klock
A Night Message—Bell Telephone Co
Apollo Player Piano—Chas. A. Fought
Wire Fencing—Montgomery Ward & Co.
Sheriff's Sales—L. D. Goodspeed, Sheriff
Teachers' Institute Week—F. W. Siemens
Building Blocks—Montgomery Ward & Co
For Weather is at Hand—L. Winkelstein.
Don't Buy a Cheap Gun—Roberts Hardware Co.

Late Local Brevities.

—Teachers' Institute next week.

—"Uncle Tom's Cabin" this evening.

—Thanksgiving two weeks from today.

—Miss Lucy Smith is visiting relatives at Troy.

—The deer hunting season opens next Tuesday, the 15th.

—S. L. Herrington was home from Sayre to vote for Berry.

—Miss Sarah Derbyshire is visiting relatives at Hornell, N. Y.

—Miss Minnie B. Truman is visiting friends at Madison N. J.

—Some men are such liars that they cannot take their own word.

—The skating rink was opened for the winter last Saturday evening.

—"The Passing of the Third Floor Back," Friday evening, Nov. 18th.

—Arthur Harding has gone to Rochester, where he has secured a position.

—Detective S. J. Lebo, of Williamsport, had business in town yesterday.

—An eclipse of the moon will occur next Wednesday evening, visible in this section.

—Frank Forsythe and Leland Smith have gone to Buffalo, where they have secured employment.

—Ex-County Commissioner S. O. Putnam, of Covington, had legal business at the county seat Monday.

—Mrs. William B. Sullivan was called to Bloomsburg last week by the illness of her sister, Miss Moriarity.

—A daughter was born Oct. 30th to Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Lodney, of Williamsport, formerly of Wellsboro.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Truman are visiting Mrs. Truman's sister, Mrs. J. W. VanValkenburg, at Philadelphia.

—Mrs. Geo. B. Mathers left yesterday for a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. Frank J. Bullard, of Williamsport.

—Mrs. George L. Dale, of Elmira, was the guest of her brother, Dr. John P. Longwell, a few days last week.

—Mrs. Clinton Williams, of Germantown, Philadelphia, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Graves.

—John Cameron, of Jamesville, Wisconsin, spent a few days the past week with his brother, Judge David Cameron.

—Mr. and Mrs. Dewitt Fowler, of Ithaca, N. Y., were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Mitchell last week.

—Miss Margaret Reese will leave to-morrow for Williamsport to spend the winter with her niece, Mrs. James Cockburn.

—J. O. Banning, representing the Pennsylvania Oil Land Development Co., of Gaines, was a business visitor in town last Thursday.

—Miss Culver, the elocutionist, gave several short and interesting readings before the pupils of the High School last Friday afternoon.

—Mrs. Arthur Shumway left last Friday night for North Judson, Ind., being called there by the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Bunnell.

—During the course of a few hours hunt last Saturday afternoon Postmaster Champaign and Borough Janitor Smith shot four rabbits and three pheasants.

—Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Bowers and daughter and Miss Nina Personeus, of Horseheads, N. Y., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Allen Deane a few days the past week.

—The Superior Court of Pennsylvania has recently decided that the act relating to foreigners being compelled to take out a license to hunt in Pennsylvania is constitutional.

—Local poultry dealers who have made investigations make the welcome forecast that turkeys will be plentiful in the Thanksgiving market. The past summer was a good one for raising turkeys.

—O. L. Ingerick has sold an interest in his livery on Water street to Leon Reese, who has been conducting the transfer coach for some time. The new firm will be known as Ingerick & Reese.

—Burt Potter, of Elmira, former landlord of Potter's Hotel at Middlebury Center, was in town Monday. Mr. Potter has a position as shipping clerk with Booth, the chocolate manufacturer of Elmira.

—The law requires all schools to be closed during the week of the Teachers' Institute and teachers are allowed $2.00 a day for their expenses. Every teacher is expected to be present and attend every session during the week.

—E. H. Green, Esq., civil engineer, has been running the lines for the site of the new Helvetia condensery at Westfield the past week. The main building of the condensery will be 225x60 feet and will be erected with concrete walls and floors.

—Last Friday morning trainmen on the New York Central reported seeing about 200 wild geese swimming in Pine creek near Cammal. The birds had apparently taken refuge there from Thursday night's storm. They made no effort to leave the water when the train thundered by on its way from Corning.

—Clarence B. Hollenbeck, of Corning, and Miss Nettie E. Bockus, of this borough, were married at Hornell, N. Y., Oct. 25th. The bride is a graduate of the local High School, class of 1906, and has taught several successful terms of school in this vicinity. The groom is an employe of the New York Central.

—Borough Janitor Billy Smith did a good job last week when he moved a building from the residence portion of the Simpson homestead to the corner of Grant and Meade streets, on the estate. The building is being fitted up for a dwelling house for the use of Patrick Sullivan, the faithful caretaker of the premises.

—According to reports of medical authorities from a reliable source, infantile paralysis generally begins to prevail late in the summer and ends after a few hard frosts in October. Parents have a right to feel that the danger of the spread of the disease is practically past in this place as well as other parts of the county.

—L. M. Fleming, of Corning, a former resident of Wellsboro, is constructing a greenhouse at the corner of Austin street and Park avenue. There is an excellent field for an industry of this kind in Wellsboro and it will undoubtedly receive the substantial encouragement of the citizens of this place and surrounding country.

—The mother of David Johnson, of Grant street, who resides in Scranton, if she lives until next Thursday, will be 100 years old. A remarkable fact connected with her long, busy, useful, active life, is that of the twelve children born to her all are living, though their father died in the sixties. The eldest is above 80. She was married 84 years ago.

—A Troy correspondent says: "A beautiful wedding took place at Burlington, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Foulke, at high noon last Wednesday, when Rev. E. S. Annable, the bride's pastor, united in marriage Miss Mary Foulke and Lee Peters of Osceola." The bride is well-known in Wellsboro, where she was employed at the home of Dr. M. L. Berry until a few weeks ago.

—Walter L. Peake, Esq., who recently passed, with high honors, a rigid examination before the Pennsylvania State Board of Examiners, will locate at Knoxville for the practice of his profession. He has secured an office in the Dearman block at that place and will be ready to receive clients next week. We take pleasure in recommending Mr. Peake as an able young lawyer to the citizens of the Cowanesque valley.

—It is said that a party of Charleston hunters who have been down Pine creek secured 200 pounds of honey from a bee tree a few days ago. During their stay down the creek they located a fine supply of honey in a stump, marked it and left it till morning, on account of increasing darkness. During the night bears visited the supply, and what they didn't eat they left in a condition that no self-respecting hunter would care for it.

—Among the State nurseries it is said the one at Asaph is one of the best producing and most successful, due to the intelligent and scientific efforts of its superintendent, Paul H. Mulford. He has gathered from the surrounding hills two tons of red acorns for planting and also a large quantity of white pine seed, which is very expensive to buy and exceedingly difficult to germinate. He has vastly better success with the native seed.

—Don't kick because you have to button your wife's waist. Be glad your wife has a waist and doubly glad you have a wife to button a waist for. Some men's wives have no waists to button. Some men's wives' waists have no buttons on to button. Some men's wives who have waists with buttons on to button don't care a continental whether they are buttoned or not. Some men don't have any wives with waists with buttons on to button any more than a rabbit.

—The poor luck that many local hunters have met with so far this season can only be accounted for by the fact that rabbits, like all other game, must be scarce. Of course there are some, and with the right kind of weather and good dogs hunters will no doubt have some luck in killing rabbits before the season comes to an end; but hunting rabbits, pheasants and all other kinds of game is not what it used to be fifteen years ago. But then it affords a good excuse for a day in the woods.

—Monday morning Charles H. Roberts, of the Roberts Hardware Co., declared that he was satisfied that advertising in the Gazette paid. The Gazette was the only paper in Wellsboro that advertised the demonstration of the Majestic Range held at the above store last week. The advertising in the Gazette attracted a sufficient number of people at the demonstration to sell fifteen of the Majestic Ranges. While the Gazette does not boast of "the largest circulation in the county," still it has a following in the way of subscribers who "get there just the same."

Thomas Moran is very ill with pneumonia.

—Max Horam, of Lewisburg, is the guest of his brother, William Horam.

—A son was born last Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. Ray Balfour, of Delmar.

—A son was born Monday to Mr. and Mrs. William Olinger, of Nichols street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Walbridge, of Mansfield, are visiting relatives in this county.

—Messrs. Fred Beach and Horace Bliss, of the State Capitol, have been in town this week.

—Ex-Sheriff W. H. Hartsell, of North Woodstock, N. H., has been visiting friends in town this week.

—Jesse W. Coles, a prominent and well-known business man of Mansfield, died at his home in that place Tuesday night after a prolonged illness.

—Rev. P. H. Hershey will be installed as pastor of the First Presbyterian church this evening. Rev. J. W. Hagenhurst, of Harrisburg, will preach the sermon.

—William Margraff has resigned his position as bookkeeper for the Wellsboro Electric Company and has accepted a position at Elmira with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Riehe, of Corning, are visiting relatives here. Mr. Riehe has just returned from the Rochester hospital, where he recently underwent an operation for appendicitis.

—Miss Ethel Peterson, of Wellsboro, and Fred Lundell, of R. D. 1, were married at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. S. P. Lungreen, Monday evening, Oc. 31, by Rev. C. G. Langford.

—Miss Margaret Roberts has not resigned from the faculty of the Wellsboro schools as reported. She was obliged to suspend work on account of illness. Miss Effie Schanbacher is teaching in her place.

—Rev. Horace Stowell, of Beverly, W. Va., formerly of Wellsboro, has been visiting relatives here. He gave a very pleasant talk to the High School students last Friday, about old times when he attended school.

—Lyman Brown, the 14-year-old son of Mrs. Louis King, met with a serious accident yesterday afternoon about 3:30 o'clock at the meat market of Yahn & Westbrook on Main street. He was engaged in feeding the steam meat cutter when his left hand was caught by the swiftly revolving knives and the hand was severed near the wrist. The lad was taken to his home in rear of King's billiard rooms, on East avenue, and Dr. J. P. Longwell amputated the mangled hand above the wrist.

—Miss Helen Culver, of the College of Spoken Word, gave her original dramatization of "Hearts and the Cross" at the court house Monday evening before a large audience. She has a strong musical voice and dramatic talent of high order, and when it is considered that thirteen men and five women are cleverly impersonated by her without costuming or scenery of any character, we realize the magnitude of the undertaking she has before her. The audience was delighted with Miss Culver, she holding them completely in her power during the entire entertainment.

Smart Aleck Got His.

Recently one of the very smart young men in a neighboring town bought a pair of overalls and found in them the name of the sewing girl who made them. He very promptly wrote her a letter with all the effusiveness necessary in such a case, and in due time received a reply, which, however, was void of romance usual in such cases. Here is the girl's reply: "I am a working girl, it is true, but I make a good living and do not care to support a husband, as I would have to do if I married some silly noodle who gets mashed on a girl he never saw. Permit me to say that I do not know how my card got in that pair of overalls, and when I do marry, if ever, it will be some fellow who can afford something better than a 47-cent pair of breeches."

The Country Editor.

A Mississippi editor makes this appeal to delinquent subscribers: "Fish down into your pocket and dig up dust, the editor is hungry and the paper 'bout to bust, we've trusted you for several months, and did it with a smile, so just return the compliment and trust us for awhile. Our wife she needs some stockings and baby needs a dress; Jimmy needs some breeches, and so do Kate and Bess. Paid is on the hog train and Peggy sick with grief, good gosh almighty, can't you give a man relief. Shell out those nickels and turn loose the dimes, turn 'em loose and whistle and we'll have better times; there will be fewer patches on the bosom of our pants and we'd make the paper better if we had half a chance. Don't give us that old story, long gone to seed 'bout taking more papers than the family want to read; but help to feed the printer, and he'll help the town to grow, and thus escape the sulphur in the regions down below."

Royal BAKING POWDER

A Farewell Surprise Party.

Ex-Postmaster Samuel J. Hayes, of Middlebury Center, was in town Tuesday morning. Mr. Hayes and his family left on the noon train for Woodbine, Georgia, where they will make their future home. They take with them the best wishes of their many friends. Mr. Hayes will engage in growing rice and cotton, having purchased 50 acres of land near Woodbine.

On Monday evening Mr. Hayes and family were given a pleasant surprise in the shape of a farewell party at the home of H. P. West in Middlebury, when about 65 of their friends and neighbors met to bid them farewell. All brought eatables and a very pleasant evening was had.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

10 a. m.—Brotherhood meeting.
10:30—Sermon.
11:45—Sunday-school.
6 p. m.—Epworth League.
7 p. m.—Sermon.
Midweek service, Thursday, 7:30 p. m.

Sunday-school conference Friday, 2 and 7 p. m., conducted by Dr. Barclay, of Chicago, and Dr. Jones, of Hornell, N. Y. All are cordially invited.

F. P. SIMMONS, Ph. D., Pastor.

—A Trout Run lad a few days ago shot the largest bear that has ever been taken out of the Trout Run section. The animal weighed over 400 pounds and was killed with a shot gun loaded with bird shot.

FINE FARM FOR SALE

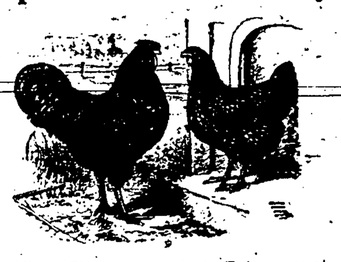
Farm of 125 acres, well fenced, in splendid state of cultivation, in good neighborhood. 15 acres of woods; large white house in good state of repair, containing two never-failing wells of water; outside cellar way. Soil, clay loam. Barn, 54x29 ft., cow stable attached, 18x54, another barn, 26x36 ft., stable attached, 14x37, and shed, 14x48, hen house, 12x16, hog pen, 12x12, two story, also a good silo and large granary. Entire farm well seeded with exception of 12 or 13 acres now under the plow. Orchard of 40 apple trees, also some small fruit. Sixty acres flat land, balance sloping. Can run reaper over entire farm with exception of 3 acres. Farm well watered by never-failing springs and creek. Owner has lived on the farm for several years and has paid for it and has a good bank account to his credit. Farm has been well stocked and is to-day. Owner raised good crops of oats, wheat, rye, barley, potatoes and hay this year, and is at present milking 10 cows. Good school in the district. General reputation of the farm is the best. Price, $2,200—$900 down and $1,300 mortgage, as follows: $100 on principal annually, with interest at 5 per cent. until principal and interest is paid.

All of the above description is guaranteed and if not as represented, I will refund your railroad fare, coming and returning from inspecting said farm. Farm values are steadily increasing in this locality. Come at once and see this farm before snow covers the ground and see the crops that were raised this year. The first one here complying with the above terms gets the farm. References, Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, Spencer, N. Y.

C. O. SEABRING,
Spencer, Tioga county, N. Y.

My railroad station is on the Lehigh Valley R. R., on lines from Sayre to Ithaca, and from Elmira to Ithaca.

Spot Cash for Poultry



The Highest Market Price, spot cash, will be paid for chickens and other poultry.

R. J. DUNHAM, Wellsboro

The Man Who Invented Interest

did a big thing for those who deposit their surplus dollars with this bank. TWENTY-FOUR HOURS each day your money works for you when it is here, including Sundays.

INTEREST AT 3½% Compounded Semi-Annually

Remember, this is the first Bank to start a compound interest account in this county and the first Bank to pay this rate of interest.

Tioga County Savings & Trust Co.

INSURANCE FOR THE DISCRIMINATING

Fire, Life, Accident and Liability

To-morrow may be too late.
Get insured while you can.

L. H. KLOCK, RELIABLE INSURANCE
OFFICE, 63 MAIN STREET

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE WEEK

A CORDIAL INVITATION extended to every one attending the Institute to visit our store and see the many pretty pieces of Furniture we have for your inspection. We have your parlor piece Suits, 3-piece Suits, Odd Chairs, Rockers and Settees, a Rug for the floor or the Lace Curtains for the window, a Picture for the wall and the Drapories for the archway.

For the Dining Room, we have the Table, Chairs, Buffett, China Closet, Sewing Table, Rug and Curtains, also a pretty piece of China Vase or Jardiniere.

For the Library Tables, Mahogany and Oak in several styles and finish, large room Rockers and Chairs, Leather, Wood or Flag Seats, Book Cases, Desks, Pictures for the wall, Draperies for doors and Rugs for the floors.

WE HAVE JUST THE PIECE FOR EVERY PLACE. WHEN YOU ARE TIRED COME IN AND TRY ONE OF OUR ROCKERS. YOU WILL BE WELCOME.

FRED W. SIEMENS
95 MAIN STREET

$1 A SAVINGS ACCOUNT CAN BE STARTED WITH THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WELLSBORO for $1

EVERY BOY AND GIRL

in the whole country ought to have an account when it is so easy to start.

A dollar planted now can easily be made the basis of a fortune in years to come. Systematic saving will do it.

WHY NOT START TO-DAY?

The First National Bank
WELLSBORO, PA.

Why We Should Fertilize the Soil

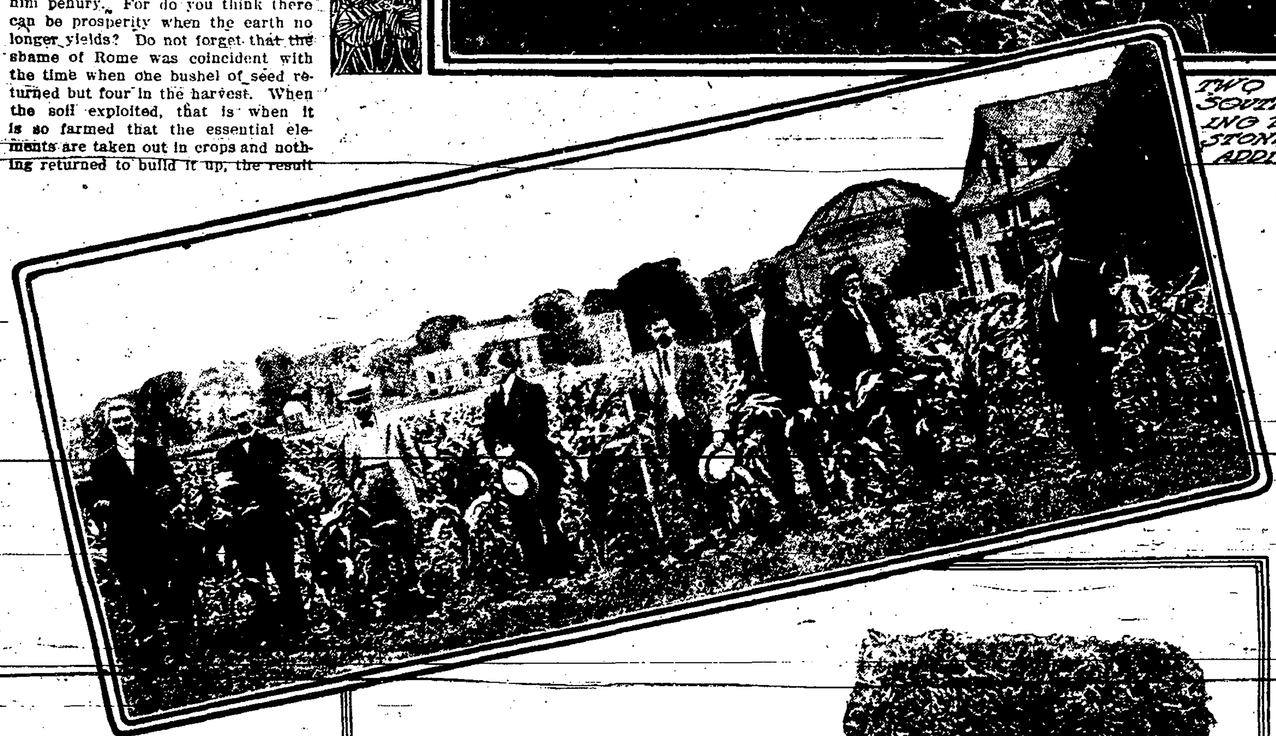
by BURT E. POWELL

MAN'S best friend is his mother—the earth. All she asks is the opportunity, and she will yield him the wealth of an account that has been growing for ages. And he has treated her as he usually treats his best friends. He has taken all she had to give, bought an automobile and a house in town and then hid his address from his relatives of the soil for fear they would bring their earthy smell into his new residence.

With quiet indifference old Mother Earth endures this ingratitude, but the time comes when she has nothing for his greed. What happens then? Look to India for one answer. Ten million of our own Aryan blood starve there in a single famine year—starve upon a soil that once was, and still could be, almost inconceivably fertile.

Russia offers another reply, where with stomachs empty men enter a world that never fills them. Yet another answer, centuries old, may be found in the Tigris-Euphrates valley, which, once marvelously fertile, now scorches uselessly in the tropic sun. The necessity of man forged a weapon that brought him plenty; but the greed of man forged a weapon that brought him penury. For do you think there can be prosperity when the earth no longer yields? Do not forget that the shame of Rome was coincident with the time when one bushel of seed returned but four in the harvest. When the soil exploited, that is when it is so farmed that the essential elements are taken out in crops and nothing returned to build it up, the result

TWO FIELDS OF CLOVER IN SOUTHERN ILLINOIS SHOWING EFFECT OF USING LIME STONE, ROCK PHOSPHATE IN ADDITION TO MANURE



CORNFIELD IN URBANA PLAT, 8 YEAR ROTATION, NO TREATMENT

is exactly the same as when men are exploited in workshops and nothing returned to build up their bodies. You cannot haul phosphorus and nitrogen in oats and wheat and corn from your farms year after year and maintain the fertility of the soil, if you give back no phosphorus and nitrogen in return. Twelve thousand abandoned farms in the state of New York alone testify to this. After sixty years of cultivation the lands of the corn belt are beginning to hint at the same thing.

We all feel the results, and it is not the man with the hayseed in his hair who feels it first but the man with the pen behind his ear. Month by month the price of each separate commodity puts a little large puncture in his salary, until by the end of the year his savings, which began hopefully, as an unknown quantity, have ended as "X"—nothing. He it is who knows the cold dread of middle age; for unless the land can be induced to yield abundantly prices will not settle down to the point where the man on a moderate salary can live free from fear. Farmer and city alike, we are all vitally concerned in this problem of maintaining and increasing the fertility of the soil that is fertile and of restoring soils that have been cruelly exploited.

Fortunately they can be restored. Intelligence is more potent than avarice and can undo the evil it has wrought. Even those soils that have been exploited to the point of absolute ruin can be nursed back to health. Dr. Cyril Hopkins, head of the agronomy department of the University of Illinois, a soil specialist of national reputation and the author of numerous pamphlets and a book entitled "Soil Fertility and Permanent Agriculture," is one of the most enthusiastic workers along this line. He is a man of hard facts and loves pretty theories even as the devil loves holy water. Every fact that he gives out must prove itself over and over again in tests upon his own farms, or those belonging to the university or upon one of the various experimental plots. There are about thirty of these plots scattered through the state of Illinois, where the soils are carefully examined and then cropped according to their needs. I could tell you tales of what Mother Earth has done in the way of corn, wheat, oats, or clover when she has received proper treatment that won't set you to building castles in the air upon an earthy foundation. The corn field upon one of the university farms in 1909 was 87 bushels to the acre, due to treatments with limestone and phosphorous. But before we go farther let us consider a few fundamentals of crop growth.

First, there are six positive, absolutely essential factors. They are: (1) the seed, (2) the plant home, (3) the food of which the plant is made, (4) moisture, (5) heat, (6) light. Now, except in the case of the seed and plant food these factors are largely beyond the farmer's control. Dame Nature can, however, be trusted to attend to them satisfactorily. How, then, has the farmer made use of his ability to control the two factors? By exercising judgment and care in the selection of seed and by ignoring the matter of plant food entirely. The result? When the land was worn out and had no plant food to give the good seed the agricultural colleges tribe to farmers institute and [illegible] the thought of the seed going. The result is the time was put with the seed but [illegible] the elements of plant food necessary to produce crops, and as a result grain refuses to respond to the call of the soil.

What are these elements? There are ten, but only nine are required abundantly. Three—oxygen, hydrogen and carbon—come directly from the air and water. Most normal soils contain enough potassium, magnesium, iron, calcium and sulphur, although sometimes the first must be supplied. The problem of plant food therefore narrows itself, in most cases, to maintaining and increasing the phosphorus and nitrogen.

Now, nitrogen is as easy to catch as the measles if one knows how. The air contains it in inconceivable amounts. Dr. Hopkins has estimated that the air above an acre of ground contains about $10,000,000 worth, if sold over the counter at ordinary commercial rates. In order to induce this nitrogen to enter the earth where it may remain as food for man, all that is necessary is to plant clover, alfalfa, peas or any legume. By means of the bacteria in the roots these legumes draw the nitrogen into the soil. How necessary the element of nitrogen is may be seen from the fact that a 100-bushel crop of corn takes from the soil almost 100 pounds of nitrogen in the corn and about 45 pounds in the stalks. Rich, well balanced land in the corn belt contains about 8,000 pounds of nitrogen. Therefore, if the process of subtraction of nitrogen goes on year after year with never an addition, it can be seen clearly that the farmer's finances cannot multiply. Rotation plans for grain farmers always should include a crop of legumes. Wheat, corn, oats and clover is a satisfactory rotation; also wheat, corn and cow peas; also cotton, corn and oats and cow peas. The first of these rotations should include a catch crop of clover seeded the first year and plowed under for corn as late as practicable the second year. The other two should include catch crops of legumes wherever possible. Legumes when plowed under perform valuable services besides supplying the soil with nitrogen, as they bring into supply organic matter to the soil which helps other elements of plant food to free themselves from the earth and into the farmer's bank account.

Now that the question of nitrogen has been outlined, suppose we turn to the problem of phosphorus, the only element of plant food we ever shall have to buy. As to the importance of the use of phosphorus upon the common soils of the United States, Dr. Hopkins has this to say:

"Phosphorus is the key to permanent agriculture on these lands. To maintain or increase the amount of phosphorus in the soil makes possible the growth of clover or other legumes and the consequent addition of nitrogen from the inexhaustible supply in the air, and with the addition of decaying organic matter in the residues of clover and other crops and in manure made in large part from clover, hay and pasture, and from the larger crops of corn and other grains which clover helps to produce, comes the possibility of liberating from the immense supplies in the soil sufficient potassium, magnesium and other essential abundant elements supplemented by the amounts returned in manure and crop residues for the production of large crops at least for thousands of years; whereas if the supply of phosphorus in the soil is steadily decreased in the future in accordance with the past and present most common farm practise, then poverty is the only future for the people who till the common agricultural lands of the United States."

Phosphorus may be applied in liberal amounts—as much as 1,000 pounds to the acre every three or four years—and it costs about $7 a ton.

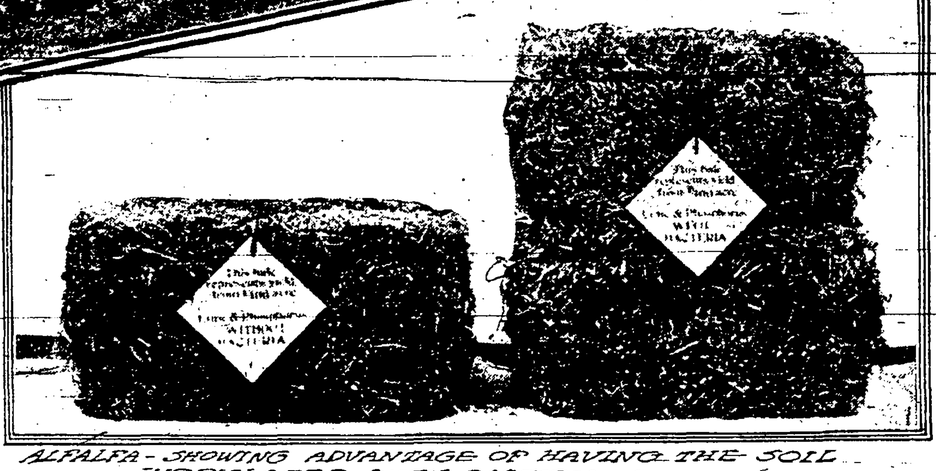
After the problem of returning the elements to the soil has been solved the farmer may find another condition of the soil which must be corrected before his farm will produce as it should. This is the tendency of certain soils to acidity. Clover, alfalfa and other valuable legumes cannot thrive upon soil that is sour. Sometimes on acid soils when applications of farm manure are made, the legumes will seem to grow well, but examination reveals the fact that the nitrogen gathering bacteria fail to develop properly. Hence the most valuable contribution the legumes have to make to the soil is largely lost. Upon certain fields belonging to one of the most famous agricultural stations in the world, that of Rothamstead, England, applications of natural limestone were made a century ago. They are still moderately productive, although other fields near by, which have never received the application, are extremely unproductive.

Care should be taken that limestone is used for the one and only purpose of correcting soil acidity.

And while we are upon this subject of soil stimulation, have you ever thought that most of our improvements have that in view and that only? Improved seed, improved machinery, irrigation, even crop rotation, all are means for extracting from the soil the richness that is in it, not for returning any of the food elements of grain building. All of these methods of soil stimulation are excellent in their way, if used in connection with methods of returning the elements of plant food; but if used without them they are means of hastening the impoverishment of the soil.

To return to the question of limestone, one ton to the acre finely ground will correct the acid condition of most soils. It is, however, in the end cheaper and easier to apply more and to apply it less often. As much as ten tons to the acre was applied to the soil of one of the experiment fields in southern Illinois and the crop yields there have been greater than upon any other fields in that district.

A question that has been given much attention lately is the question of crop rotation. Undoubtedly it is absolutely essential for successful grain farming, but it is not the universal panacea some would have us believe. For instance, a group of theorists have declared that fertilization is unnecessary, that crop rotation will keep the soils in perfect condition. The idea is that plants do not injure the soil because they use its plant food elements but because they throw off poisonous excreta as animals do. Therefore a so-called worn-out soil simply has become saturated with this excreta. Plant a crop which will neutralize the poison of the last crop and the soil soil will be sweetened and the breasts of Mother Earth kept dripping with plenty forever. This is very attractive—as a theory. It has, however, no foundation in fact. As Dr. Hopkins has said, the rotation of crops has just the same effect upon wealth in the soil as the rotation of the check book among the members of the family has upon the wealth in the bank. Plant food elements cannot be used up and not returned without resulting in impoverishment of the soil.



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of Horehound and Tar

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Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness and Sore Throat.

It seldom fails to give relief and is a reliable remedy for children or adults.

Prepared and sold strictly in compliance with the Pure Food and Drugs Act regulations. Sold by druggists generally.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS

For an Aching Tooth.

His Dreams

By EDITH GRAY

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Outside the shack a Mexican half-breed strummed his guitar and sang in a voice inclined to nasality, but not utterly unmusical, the refrain of a popular song then much in vogue at Vera Cruz.

Richard Marston, the young American seated within, translated to himself, "My soul, my life, I love you," and flung aside his cigarette in a sudden gesture of despair. "My soul, my life, I love you! True, of what use this daring plunge into the mountain lumber camp of El Oro, this exile from friends and family in persistent quest of forgetfulness? Of what use when the forgetting is as far distant, now, in the continual round of tedious duties, the overseeing of Indian gangs and balancing of numberless accounts, as it was in the first days?"

The long hours of morning toil brought, for a time, detachment and mental relaxation, but when evening came with its crying demand for physical rest, its breathing of wind in the oak trees and glittering of first stars above the shadowy pines, Marston was invariably overwhelmed with old memories, and a slender girl red cloaked, her hood drawn over her soft brown hair, stood once more before him, gazing wistfully outward through her tear-dimmed eyes. Unnumbered times, had the bitterness of that parting been renewed.

"My soul, my life, I love you!" Marston tilted his chair legs back against the crude, unfinished boards, and stared meditatively out through the open window. His glance ignored the miserable outlying huts of the laboring half-breeds, passed along the narrow dirt road, cut and seamed with the continual repassing of the heavy loads, and lingered above on the hillside, where, its lights gleaming

"My Soul, My Life, I Love You."

brightly through the intervening trees, stood the comparatively princely cottage of his friend and employer, Lewis Pemberton, promoter and engineer.

Several days ago Lewis Pemberton had designed to confide to his attendant corps a fact that had long since been suggested by the radiant shining of his eyes and his frequent outbursts of gay, impulsive laughter—that the young lady, back home, had finally come to a favorable decision, and was now expected, accompanied by her mother and several friends, to spend a month or so in the crude but hospitable shelter of her fiance's cottage. Pemberton had selected three of the boys to act as guides and general cavaliers to the ladies during off hours: Newton, Jim Howard and young Dick Marston.

Newton and Howard had jumped at the invitation but Dick had shaken his head with finality, pleading that he was too busy. Pemberton had replied: "Wait till you see the girls, my boy," and had laughed immoderately.

What pleasure could companionship with any girl be since Natalie had gone? At best these friends of Pemberton's betrothed would be colorless, insipid creatures, or the usual forward type of chattering girls. Natalie, with her deep, grave eyes, her tactful understanding, her unfailing sympathy, had spoiled him for the attentions lavished of the girls whom Newton and Jim Howard were now finding so enchanting in their first enthusiastic greetings at Pemberton's festive little cottage on the hillside.

To Marston, accompanied by his loneliness and sorrow, occasional peals of girlish laughter, mingled with broken snatches of conversation and song, softened by the distance and the trees, floated downward through the night. He closed his eyes in hopeless surrender to homesick, longing depression. And, even now, in the midst of gloom, seared and overshadowed by the contrasting gayety above, his thoughts turned to Natalie and the days long past.

How sweet she had been! How brave! How loyal to her cross-grained old father, who, in a burst of ungovernable rage, had forbidden Marston the house and further communication with his only daughter! It was on that never-to-be-forgotten night of humiliation and dismay that Natalie had explained, out under the stars of the great suburban estate.

"You see, Dick, he's very old, and mother left him to me when she died. 'Always think first of your father,' she said, and so, Dick dear, you had better go away somewhere, for I can't possibly marry you. Go away somewhere and forget."

He had gone away, to the ends of the earth, it had seemed. At first, he had received unselfish little letters from his far-away sweetheart, but soon these were entirely dropped, and his only news of her was gleaned from the month-old newspapers from home. But, in spite of seeming indifference on her part, and persistent endeavor on his, he had in no way followed out the injunction of the piteous, pleading girl: "Dick, please, Dick, forget."

Not even, after a long period of neglect on the part of the social section, when he had perceived this glaring headline, final and complete, "Broker's Daughter Betrothed—Miss Vernon to Wed Son of British Peer," had he denounced the loved one.

Natalie. Natalie. Without, the wind whispered tender things to the towering pines, and the stars still shone, unheeding and unmindful of his hurt. Only the guitar, sounding mellow and deep toned, seemed in sympathy with the throbbing tyrant, bound fast within his breast. "My heart, my soul, I love you."

For a long time he sat there, his eyes closed, oblivious to his surroundings. So completely had he been swept onward by the ever-increasing current of his deep imaginings, that when he opened his eyes again, it seemed that a strangely familiar figure stood framed within the doorway. The rising moon from without enhaloed her soft brown hair, a heavy cloak enfolded her, her hands reached outward, and even in the shadows he saw the questioning wonder of her eyes.

She stepped forward, trembling and half afraid: "Dick, you haven't forgotten? I came with Ellen Du Val. Lewis Pemberton's fiancee. Lewis knew from the beginning. He told me to find you here."

The boy's chair legs were still tilted carelessly against the wall, his mud-caked boots twisted rakishly about them, his hands thrust deep into his pockets. Though he had been lounging thus for the last hour in meditative abandon of despair, he did not feel the cramped unnaturalness of his position, nor the growing ache across the muscles of his back, so forgetful had he been of his physical self in the pain of despondency.

Even now, confronted by the entrancing little figure, he did not move a muscle, so assured was he that it was but the embodiment of his dreams before him. Surely, if he quivered a fraction of an inch, the silvery shimmering of the moon-crowned head would vanish utterly into the fathomless nowhere whence it had so suddenly arisen. Dreams are good. He would go on dreaming.

"Dick, you don't understand. You see father, father——" The voice faltered, then continued brokenly: "Father died and there is no one to care now. I thought that you might still want me, Dick, and so I came."

He managed to stammer, as one addressing a pleasantly shimmering but utterly impractical dream, "The Englishman?"

She laughed. "Dick, foolish Dick! It was only a rumor. Surely you never believed?"

He stood then, his arms stretched outward in a great longing for possession, and she found her way to them.

Without a voice was raised, sweet-toned, melodious:

"My soul, my life, I love you."

On Hell-For-Sartan Creek

I had been to Hell-for-Sartain, and I had heard preaching there. If I went back now the way I had come it would take six long weary miles. That was the Old Faithful but I only had not been to the mouth of Hell-for-Sartain and had not seen the church there and while my curiosity was satisfied, my conscience wasn't, and so from sheer stubbornness I saddled Old Faithful and rode on down Hell-for-Sartan through an avenue of cucumber trees in my wife as were on that one rocky road, and had they been compensation for the whole tedious trip. Disappointment awaited me at the mouth of the creek. The church there was closed, and above its doors was not the picturesque title of the stream, but some fernlike name that was easily traceable to some shocked feminine taste from the outer world. Half a mile on I got a dinner of cold beans and cold cornbread, and joined by a 20-year-old school teacher on a big black mule, turned my face toward Jackson. This young school teacher was making money in his native mountains in order to study law outside, he had gone to school in the Bluegrass and he knew my books. Just then he was electioneering for his brother, who was running for county office and he shouted his slogan to some native playing baseball in the creek, to the porches of the houses as we passed, and when we met a rider in the road he stopped, while I rode discreetly on and he never failed to overtake me with a wink of success. I'd like to wager that the brother won. Hell-for-Sartain Creek had once deserved its name, he said, for there had been a heap of devilment done up there. There had been several fights in the schoolhouse where where I had heard preaching. But everything had quieted down there, as it was quieting down all through the mountains, except over toward Jackson. Yes, the good old times were gone!—John Fox, Jr., in Scribner.

First and Foremost.

"My wife has a great deal to say to me about her first husband."

"Nonsense, you're wife was never married before."

"I know it. That's what makes her reflections so painful."—Puck.

New Wrinkles

An Irishman desired to become naturalized, and after the papers were signed the judge turned to him: "Now, Dermie, he said, you can vote."

"Will this ceremony," inquired the new citizen, "help me t' do my duty better than it have been done for th' last tin years?"—Success.

For Sprains

"Gave Me Instant Relief"

"I fell and sprained my arm and was in terrible pain. I could not use my hand or arm without intense suffering until a neighbor told me to use Sloan's Liniment. The first application gave me instant relief and I can now use my arm as well as ever."—MRS. H. B. SPRINGER, 921 Flora St., Elizabeth, N. J.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is an excellent antiseptic and germ killer—heals cuts, burns, wounds, and contusions, and will draw the poison from sting of poisonous insects.

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Sloan's book on horses, cattle, sheep and poultry sent free. Address

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

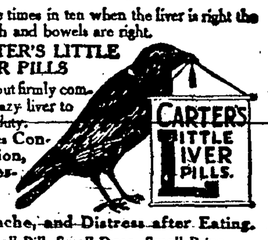
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good



REMEMBER

PISO'S

for COUGHS & COLDS

Wrong Guess.

It was exhibition day at No. 3, and as the parents of Jack Grady, the dullest pupil, were listening hopefully, the teacher tried her best to help the boy. "How did Charles I of England die?" she asked, assigning the easiest question on her list to Jack. As he looked at her, with no indication of a coming answer, the teacher put her hand up to her neck. Jack saw the movement and understood. Its meaning, as he thought, "Charles I. of England died of cholera," he announced briskly.—Youth's Companion.

A Logical Landlord.

Many a tenant will sympathize with the man in this story, from the Philadelphia Record. He was renting a small house which the landlord had refused to repair. One day the owner came to see him.

"Jones," he said, "I shall have to raise your rent."

"What for?" asked Jones, anxiously. "Have taxes gone up?"

"No," the landlord answered, "but I see you've painted the house and put in a new range and bathtub. That, of course, makes it worth more rent."

The Family Growler.

"Why are you weeping, little boy?"

"I broke de pitcher."

"Well, there's no use crying over spilt milk."

"G'wan! Dis wuz beer."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

True happiness is found in great love manifesting itself in service.—Thoreau.

When It's "What for Breakfast?"

Try

Post Toasties

Serve with cream or milk and every member of the family will say "ripping" good. And don't be surprised if they want a second helping.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd. Battle Creek, Mich.

The Last Resting Place of Florence Nightingale

THE BURIAL OF FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE.

THE funeral of Florence Nightingale, as described by a London correspondent, was an exceedingly simple one. The coffin, covered with Miss Nightingale's white cashmere shawl, was taken from South street and conveyed to Waterloo. The coffin was carried to the train by Grenadier, Coldstream and Scots guards. The procession reached East Wellow at three o'clock. Rev. S. M. Watson and Rev. T. G. Gardiner officiated at the grave. The mourners here were restricted to relatives of Miss Nightingale—Doctor and Mrs. Shore Nightingale, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Shore Nightingale, Mr. and Mrs. Vaughan Nash, Sir Harry Verney, and one who bore the honored name of Arthur Hugh Clough.

The death of this remarkable woman at the age of ninety-seven marks an era. Her intelligence was inseparable with an intense interest in the alleviation of human suffering. This, at the early age of twenty-one, led her to give attention to the condition of hospitals. Like John Howard before her, she started upon a "circumnavigation of charity," visiting and inspecting the civil and military hospitals all over Europe. With the Sisters of Charity in Paris she studied the system of nursing and management in the French hospitals, and herself went into training seven years later as a nurse in the institution of Protestant Deaconesses at Kaiserswerth. Returning to England, she put into thorough working order the sanatorium for governesses in connection with the London institution. The term of apprenticeship, which thus served as an unconscious preparation for her life work, extended over a decade of years.

When in the spring of 1854 war was declared with Russia, a British army of twenty-five thousand men embarked for the scene of the conflict. The battle of Alma was fought September 20, and the wounded and sick were sent to the rude hospitals prepared for them on the banks of the Bosphorus. These were soon overcrowded and their unsanitary condition was such that the rate of mortality far exceeded that of the fiercest and bloodiest battle itself.

It was at this great crisis that Miss Nightingale offered to organize at Scutari a nursing department upon the latest sanitary basis, and Lord Herbert, then of the war office, gladly accepted the offer. Within a week, October 21, she actually was on the way with her band of nurses, and arrived in Constantinople November 4, on the eve of Inkerman and at the beginning of the famous and terrible winter of that disastrous campaign. She found the wounded from that second battle filling the wards with 2,300 patients, and during that critical period she exhibited a devotion to her work and to the comfort of the sufferers that has passed into history as one of the most remarkable exhibitions of self oblivious love that the world has ever recorded. This grand woman stood for twenty hours out of the twenty-four to see the wounded and sick provided with every accommodation and comfort that was possible in their condition.

In the spring of 1855, while in the Crimea organizing the nursing department of the camp hospitals, her unfiring toil and uninterrupted labors brought on a prostrating fever. Nevertheless, she refused to leave her post. Slowly recovering, she stayed at Scutari until, in 1856, the British evacuated Turkey on July 28. She saved not only the health but the life of hundreds and the hands of soldiers at the price of the measure of her own health in the severe physical, mental, and especially emotional strain to which she had voluntarily subjected herself. And it is not too much to say that the result was a permanent breaking in her constitution. She became a chronic invalid.

Nevertheless, even in her enfeebled mind and heart were still busy devising means for the permanent improvement of the health of the soldier and the diminution of the awful expenses incident to war.

When the Crimean war closed there was a public sense of the indebtedness not only of the British army and nation, but of the whole civilized world to Miss Nightingale.

Surviving by all these years nearly all of her Crimean contemporaries, she has borne a fame which none of them surpassed, if indeed any of them has ever rivaled it. That war had the advantage of being chronicled by one of the most engaging historians of the century, and celebrated in song by the most popular poet of the period. It developed at least three of the most splendidly heroic warriors which war has produced in later days, and heroic deeds which will never cease to appeal to the admiration of the human race; but that great conflict was marked with the most abominable horrors which can characterize warfare, with the most disgraceful examples of incapacity and blundering in administration, and, worse than all, by what has been called a sordid scoundrelism which has greatly dimmed the luster of what some have called "the glorious war," and the verdict of intelligent observers and historians is that it was not any soldier of Balaklava, or Alma, or Sebastopol that deserves to stand first in renown, but the humble chief nurse of Scutari.

The work of Florence Nightingale during that war was like the life of Daniel in Babylon—one in which not even an enemy could find a fault. If it was exceptionally benevolent in motive, it was exceptionally effective in execution. She was devoted to her work as no Indian fakir to his sacrifices. Yet she never degenerated into a fanatic.

She ventured to antagonize former traditions and stubborn prejudices. It has been well said of her that she set herself to overthrow the fetish "It can't be done," and of the superstitiously supposed incurable. Her success was beyond words, though her task was a stupendous one. She was not only a missionary in the highest sense to the sick and the wounded, but she was a pioneer and a leader. She left the way open on the part of all that might follow her to a success like to her own. Her work has been calmly and judiciously pronounced epochal, like that of Lister and Pasteur in therapeutics. The subsequent achievements wrought in the department of military nursing and hygiene from those days on, and down to the sanitary commission in the American war, and the remarkable feats of the Japanese surgeons and doctors in the late war with Russia, are to be traced to Florence Nightingale as their real mother. Perhaps the greatest result of all has been effected in providing the impetus in the direction of the rational, sanitary and scientific care of the sick and wounded.

"Thrillers" Poorly Staged.

Undoubtedly theatrical realism should be the real thing. The New York Sun notes how efforts may be queered. The moving picture representation of an Indian attack upon the cabin of a New England settler was thrilling until one noticed that the settler was knocking over the redskins with quick firing from his repeating rifle, and then you wondered what was the matter with history, and a theatrical forgeor. There was another thriller in which a child was knocked down by an auto. A physician appeared and felt of the child's pulse without taking off his glove. He was a wonder. He inclined his head to listen to the heart beats, but in his haste put his ear to the right side. Then he shook his head in sorrow that he could not hear any heartbeats, and the child must be dead. The scene shifted and there was a schoolroom while in the background could be seen a hardwood tree with green grass and a [illegible]

White Long Considered Hoodoo.

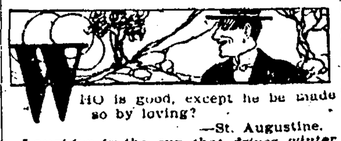
For a [illegible] time in Rhodes, [illegible] white has been considered the unlucky color for [illegible] when he was crowned.

Its Sentimental Value.

"I suppose when you gave that pretty girl a copper you meant it for a dollar as a matter of business."

"Not at all. It was a matter of feeling. It was a cent I meant."

The KITCHEN CABINET



WHO is good, except he be made so by loving?
—St. Augustine.

Laughter is the sun that drives winter from the human face.
—Victor Hugo.

Palatable Liver.

Lamb's or calf's liver is not a dish to be despised. The common method of serving it fried with bacon is very appetizing if well cooked; but one likes variety even in serving liver.

Try this way and see how choice a dish it is: Fry three slices of salt pork until brown, lay in the liver and sear well on both sides, then put into a covered baking dish with a few potatoes parboiled, a few carrots and an onion that has been fried brown in the pork fat. If you have a little broth or stock, pour it over the meat and vegetables; if not use boiling water, cover and cook for several hours until the vegetables are tender. Serve in the casserole. Season when the dish is about half cooked.

Another nice way to serve liver is to wrap a piece of bacon around each piece of liver after seasoning well and rolling in flour then bake in a hot oven until the bacon is crisp. Turn once during the cooking. Liver with curry sauce is another way to add variety to its serving. Cook the liver as usual, adding a bit of onion to the fat for flavor. Remove the liver and add two tablespoonfuls of flour, a half teaspoonful of curry powder and a cup of stock. Strain over the liver and serve with rice.

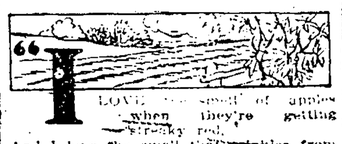
Things Worth Knowing.

When a stitch is dropped in a fine silk stocking which will cause "railroading" wet the place to arrest any further damage and then it will go no further and the place may be darned when the stocking is removed. Stockings that have been dipped in water and dried before wearing will not be so apt to drop stitches.

Try using varnished paper as covering for shelves; it is easily wiped and kept clean.

To clarify fat, add a raw potato cut in small pieces to the fat and allow it to heat gradually. When the potatoes are well browned remove them and strain the fat through a cheese cloth.

The potato absorbs any odors and collects some of the sediment, the remainder sinks to the bottom of the kettle.



"I LOVE the smell of apples when they're getting streaky red.
And I love the smell that wrinkles from the chimney lazy lead.
The earthy smell of new-turned fields is almost sublime,
But there isn't no smell that deals the smell of pickles time."

There are so many good things to prepare for the winter that it is hard to choose when one can have but a few on account of the expense. Those fortunate enough to possess a good garden may be independent of the markets.

Pickling Time.

There are so many good things to be prepared in the fall that the housewife who has not a well stocked fruit closet may well feel that she, like the butterfly, has idled the summer hours away, and the winter will find her with bare shelves. Most housewives have old and tried recipes that have been handed down from mother to daughter, so that those need not be repeated.

French Pickles.—Reject the seeds from six green peppers, cut the stem end from one head of small green tomatoes, [illegible] four medium-sized onions [illegible] mint and nasturtium seed [illegible] with one cup of salt and let stand 24 hours. Mix [illegible] dry horseradish, [illegible] white mustard seed, [illegible] cinnamon and sugar [illegible] each of ground [illegible] vinegar [illegible] with vinegar [illegible] let four hours [illegible]

Plum [illegible] the plums with [illegible] and add a cupful of vinegar [illegible] every [illegible] and as long as the juice [illegible] Add a little more vinegar [illegible] Pour [illegible] over the plums [illegible] Seal [illegible]

[illegible] a sharp knife remove a small piece from the side, take out the stone and rub the cavity with a little celery seed. Make a filling with one cupful of chopped sour apple, one tablespoonful each of white mustard seed and grated horse radish, one teaspoonful of mace and half a teaspoonful of ground cloves. Fill the peaches, replace the piece cut out, tie securely, and stand in jars cut side upward. For every quart of vinegar add one cupful of brown sugar, and one-fourth teaspoonful of cayenne; bring slowly to the boiling point, skim carefully, pour over the peaches, seal and in ten days they will be ready to use.

'TIS beauty that doth oft make woman proud,
'Tis virtue that doth make them most admired;
'Tis government that makes them seem divine.
—Shakespeare.

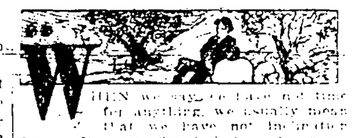
Pickles Like Mother Used to Make.

The following are old and tried recipes which are never quite outclassed by the new and up-to-date pickles:

Green Tomato Pickles—Slice one peck of green tomatoes into a jar, put a layer of tomatoes, then a few slices of onion, using half a dozen onions, sprinkle with a cupful of salt and let stand 24 hours, drain and add one quart of vinegar and choice of spices; cook until the vegetables are tender. When cold add a tablespoonful of ground mustard mixed with a little vinegar.

Ripe Cucumber Pickles—Cut ripe cucumbers in halves, cover with water, allowing two teaspoonfuls of powdered alum to each quart of water. Heat gradually to the boiling point, then let simmer for two hours on the back part of the range. Drain and chill in ice water. Make a syrup of two pounds of sugar and a pint of vinegar, with two tablespoonfuls each of whole cloves and cinnamon tied in a cloth. Remove the cucumbers and put in a stone jar; pour over them the boiling sirup. Scald the sirup three successive mornings and pour over the cucumbers. Sweet pickles of different kinds may be prepared from the following recipe: Take 3½ pounds of brown sugar, a pint of vinegar and seven pounds of fruit. Spicing is varied to suit the taste. Always put the spice in a small muslin bag, then it may be removed if the pickles are too strong with spice. Most people like one part cloves to two parts cinnamon for spicing. Crab apples are delicious pickled in this proportion, also pears and peaches.

Pickled Onions—For those who like pickled onions here is a good recipe: Select small silver-skinned onions, put them in a brine after peeling carefully. Let stand three days in a brine that will float an egg. Drain and put in a jar, making a layer three inches deep; sprinkle with horse radish, cayenne pepper or chopped red pepper, cinnamon and cloves [illegible] until the jar is full. Take vinegar to cover, add a cupful of brown sugar to a quart and pour boiling hot over the onions.



WHEN we say we have not time for anything, we usually mean that we have not inclination for it. It is sure that most persons find time for what they are bound to do.

Helpful Hints.

Closely woven goods require less starch to stiffen.

All fats except mutton can be used in cookery that has to be [illegible] the salves and [illegible]

Put the [illegible] in a very hot oven at first and after bake [illegible] lower the heat so that it will cook slowly and not [illegible]

When [illegible] a little vaseline on the lids to keep the dye from sinking in and then wash them [illegible] lower lids [illegible]

[illegible] over the carpet [illegible] will [illegible] and [illegible] brighten the carpet.

For a long stem [illegible] cut the top off of your [illegible] Set [illegible] and [illegible] as long as [illegible]

Nellie Maxwell

HARDY.

Mr. Heavyweight—Well, Willie, why do you look so studious?

Willie—I was wonderin' if you ever married sis, if I could be able to wear yer cast-off clothes.

Easy for Her.

An extremely corpulent old lady was entertaining her grandchild at luncheon when she found occasion to reprimand the little girl for dropping some food on the tablecloth.

"You don't see grandma dropping anything on the table," she said.

"Of course not," replied the child; "God gave you something in front to stop it."

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

An Exacting Personage.

"I suppose you find life easier since the summer boarders have gone?"

"Nope," replied Farmer Corntossel; "we're workin' an' worryin' just as much as ever tryin' to keep the hired man contented."

Resinol Quickly Cures Ills and Accidents the Skin Is Subject To, Also Heals Wounds.

I find occasion almost daily to recommend Resinol to some of my friends, and hear of most gratifying results. We use the ointment altogether in my family, and are never without a jar of it, for it promptly cures the ills and accidents the skin is subject to. D. M. Castle, Philadelphia, Pa.

No Hurry.

"What are you in such a rush about?"

"Promised to meet my wife at three o'clock down at the corner."

"Well, there's no hurry. It isn't four o'clock yet."

"SPOHN'S."

This is the name of the greatest of all remedies for Distemper, Pink Eye, Heaves, and the like among all ages of horses. Sold by Druggists, Harness Makers, or send to the manufacturers. $.50 and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Send for free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Old Oaken Bucket.

Doctor (to typhoid patient)—Do you remember where you drank water?

Patient (in actor)—Oh, yes! It was back on the dear old farm—twenty years ago.—Puck.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Both Unpardonable.

"Agnes says she will never have anything more to do with Gladys."

"Which did Gladys recommend?" A dressmaker or a summer hotel?—Harper's Bazar.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart. Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, 50c. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

When a [illegible] It's a pretty good sign that [illegible] ought to get married or get divorced.

Pettit's Eye Salve Restores.

No matter how badly the eyes may be diseased or injured, Pettit's Eye Salve will Restore Sight. Druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

A woman hates her enemies longer than she loves her friends.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Sirup.

[illegible] Teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Some politicians are too modest to face the nude truth.

ANOTHER WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Black Duck, Minn.—"About a year ago I wrote you that I was sick and could not do any of my housework. My sickness was called Retroflexion. When I would sit down I felt as if I could not get up. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and did just as you told me and now I am perfectly cured, and have a big baby boy."—MRS. ANNA ANDERSON, Box 19, Black Duck, Minn.

Consider This Advice.

No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made exclusively from roots and herbs, a fair trial.

This famous medicine for women has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ills, and creates radiant, buoyant female health. If you are ill, for your own sake as well as those you love, give it a trial.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

When the Liver is Out of Tune

the whole system is off the key—stomach upset, bowels sluggish, head heavy, skin sallow and the eyes dull. You cannot be right again until the cause of the trouble is removed. Correct the flow of bile, and gently stimulate the liver to healthful action by taking

BEECHAM'S PILLS

the bile remedy that is safe to use and convenient to take. A dose or two will relieve the nausea and dizziness, operate the bowels, carry new life to the blood, clear the head and improve the digestion.

These old family pills are the natural remedy for bilious complaints and quickly help the liver to

Strike the Keynote of Health

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Do it Now

Tomorrow A. M. too late. Take a CASCARET at bed time; get up in the morning feeling fine and dandy. No need for *sickness* from *over-eating* and *drinking*. They surely work while you sleep and help nature help you. Millions take them and keep well.

CASCARETS for a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month. 894

The par excellence of all razors

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE. NORTHROP & LYMAN CO. Ltd., BUFFALO, N.Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

W. N. U., CLEVELAND, NO. 44-1910.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

BOYS' SHOES, $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD

W. L. Douglas $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes are positively the best made and most popular shoes for the price in America, and are the most economical shoes for you to buy.

Do you realize that our shoes have been the standard for over 30 years, that I make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U. S., and that I LAY FOR THEM A LARGER PROFIT than any other manufacturer can on his $3.50 or $4.00 shoes, to prove this? Quality counts. It has made my shoes THE LEADERS OF THE WORLD.

You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last ones wore so well, and gave you so much comfort.

CAUTION! TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory.

W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. Douglas

American Seating Company

215 Wabash Ave. CHICAGO, ILL.

New York Pittsburg Boston Philadelphia

MANUFACTURERS PUBLIC SEATING EXCLUSIVELY FOR

Schools, Churches and Theaters

Save money by buying from the manufacturer.

ARE YOU BUILDING OR RESEATING? If you are write for Catalogue No. 47 at once, mentioning class of building.

Dealers should write Thomas M. Boyd, President, McClurg Bldg., Chicago, for our exclusive agency proposition on SCHOOL FURNITURE AND SUPPLIES.

15 TON ANCHOR FOR GIANT SHIP

Marvels of Mechanism Shown in "Hall of Ten Thousand Wheels" at Olympia

STEEL MELTED LIKE BUTTER

Bar of Wrought-Iron Five Inches in Diameter Tied When Cold Into a True Lover's Knot by a New Mechanism.

London, England.—"The Hall of Ten Thousand Wheels," into which Olympia was transformed for the Naval, Mercantile, Marine and General Machinery Exhibition, was an object lesson of the remarkable progress that has been made in all things mechanical since the last exhibition of the kind was held there three years ago.

Among the curiosities of most interest to the lay mind was the largest anchor ever made. It weighs fifteen and a half tons and has a chain of which each link weighs several hundred pounds. It is intended for the Olympic, the new giant White Star steamship, which Messrs. Harland & Wolff, of Belfast, are building. Twelve horses were required to drag it to its place in Olympia. By its side was a bar of Staffordshire wrought iron, five inches in diameter, tied by some new sort of mechanism in a true lovers' knot when the bar was cold.

A portion of a cable intended to hold a Hamburg-American steamship was close by. Every link is two feet long and weighs 200 pounds. As a contrast to this display of strength was a delicate recording instrument used on large liners which shows to a hair's breadth every motion of the vessel, even when she is hurling herself through the ocean at a speed of twenty-five knots. Another remarkable exhibit was the oxy-acetylene blowpipe, which melts armor plate like butter, and can eat a hole in a steel safe as quickly as van a morse in a cheese. The blowpipe is a long, thin nozzle of brass with a downturned burner through which a jet of acetylene gas produces a white heat. A tiny spray of oxygen forced through the centre oxidizes any metal the jet touches. Eight-inch steel can be cut through in half a minute.

Divers in helmets and outfits which make air tubes unnecessary descended into glass fronted tanks in full view of visitors and walked under the water as comfortably as through strolling in the street. A "room of death," which was filled at intervals with dense sulphur fumes, in which no unprotected man could live for an instant, was another of the sensations of the exhibition. Every now and then a man with a patent smoke helmet entered this room and took a seat. He could remain there for six hours without the slightest discomfort. It is this ingenious invention which has saved many lives in recent colliery disasters.

"Wireless" apparatus, herculean lathes which can "turn" a great gun as easily as a broomstick, and a novel instrument by which a captain in his cabin can check every turn or twist of the men at the wheel, are other marvels of the exhibition.

WOMEN CAN'T BE ARTISTS.

Boston Doctor Says Nature Has Denied Them Esthetic Sense.

Boston, Mass.—"Not one woman in a hundred has a true artistic sense, or even a genuine liking for the esthetic in any of its forms," declares Dr. John Jenks Thomas, a Boston physician and neurologist. Furthermore, nine out of every ten, when asked for a sensible criticism of anything, can't give it, he asserts, and adds that the idea of limited "as a source of culture and artistic enjoyment" consists in nothing but the associated ideas of a bevy of illiterate women.

"In the first place, woman," says Dr. Thomas, "is [illegible] unfitted for the [illegible] of things artistic. She [illegible] and balance. Her [illegible] and nine-tenths. The [illegible] of the feminine in artistic life is concentrated every minute. She shows no stability of [illegible] attention, and as artist or [illegible] of art is wretched. [illegible] does not and can not [illegible] the ultimate [illegible] woman makes [illegible] impossible factor to judge [illegible] and give an opinion of weight on the [illegible] artistic.

"Women may be successful in the business [illegible] management or even as politicians, but as artists, never."

A RACE OF VEGETARIANS.

Predicted by Horace Fletcher Within Next Ten Years.

Pittsburg.—Dr. Horace Fletcher, commenting on the increased cost of living, prophesies the passing away of meat as a common article of diet and justifies this by citing its alleged ill effects.

"It is my firm belief," he says, "that meat will cease to be eaten in America in the next ten years. By the continued eating of meat there is in time produced a condition known as auto-intoxication, which is akin to alcoholic poisoning and just as fatal in its effects. Meat is in no sense needed in the economy of the body. In every test I have made it has been found to be positively [illegible]."

Mimic Bandit Becomes Real Robber.

Dallas, Tex.—C. C. McLaughlin, the young robber who was shot while attempting to hold up Max Hermann in his store in Houston, died in a hospital. McLaughlin confessed to robbing a Houston restaurant, to robbing Galveston street car conductors and to operating [illegible]. He said he recently played the role of a bandit in a Wild West show, quitting it to become a robber in reality.

AGAINST CART WHEEL HAT

Millinery Salesmen Discuss Appeal of Cincinnati's Vice Mayor for Its Abatement.

Cincinnati.—"Drive out the big hat. It is a nuisance and adds to our vexatious problems. Can you not accomplish this?"

"Yes, we cannot!" shouted in chorus the several hundred millinery salesmen in the annual convention of the Millinery Traveling Men's Association of America, in response to Vice Mayor Galvin's appeal.

The Vice Mayor was not discouraged and continued his appeal, saying: "This unsightly thing on women's heads has aggravated the congested street car problem. It is crowding the fans out of the base ball parks of the Nation, and need I say anything about the price?"

"No, no. We all know that," shouted the millinery men, and they gave the Vice Mayor rounds of applause for speaking his mind. They went into session and the big hat problem was considered. Leopold Waldman, the principal speaker, said the "cart wheel" hat was one of the principal things the millinery salesmen were in convention to talk about.

"They don't want it," he said. "It makes the selling of millinery by samples as cumbersome a job as moving a piano, or the properties of a comic opera from town to town. Millinery has gone up 50 per cent. in the past year, and a large part of it consists of the extra freight expenses that the big hat entails." The fight was a draw.

It Does Pay to Advertise.

Winsted, Conn.—Fourteen years ago Miss Florence Woodruff, now Mrs. Florence Farmer of Winchester, Mass., daughter of James C. Woodruff, lost her pocketbook in the vicinity of Main and Union streets. She advertised for the pocketbook, but the purse did not come back. Mr. Woodruff, who is a clock manufacturer, received a letter containing $30, which was the amount the lost purse contained. With it was this unsigned note: "Herewith is $30 lost by your daughter many years ago. Please reply through the Citizen." In giving the item to the Citizen, as requested in the note, Mr. Woodruff added: "It does pay to advertise—in the long run."

POST LAWNS DOOMED.

Army in Philippines Hereafter Will Inhabit Compact Quarters of Concrete

Washington, D. C.—A love for the closely-trimmed green lawn on one hand and dread of the destructive white ant on the other, has brought about a complete change in the plans for the Philippine Army posts. The large post with its well-scattered small barracks and officers' quarters with large restful spaces of green between, was a delight to the eye, and the well-kept gravel walks afforded many pleasant promenades.

But the military architects and landscape gardeners who laid out the existing army posts in the Philippines overlooked two important facts. In the first place, especially in the rainy season, the grasses and shrubs and weeds grow up over night, not only making the lawns look like wheat fields, but invading and destroying the gravel walks. It was found that one man in every four at a post had to be assigned to "police" duty, most of them being engaged in cutting grass and weeds. The white ants were destructive in the barracks and quarters which had been hastily constructed out of American timber. It was no uncommon thing for a corner post of one of the buildings to be so riddled in a single night by these creatures as to let down the corner of the building.

Henceforth, therefore, the posts are to be small and compact, easily kept clean, with buildings of reinforced concrete, and the small barracks exchanged for structures large enough to shelter battalions.

SPRECKELS ESTATE DIVIDED.

Heirs Ordered to Share Evenly by Court in San Francisco.

San Francisco, Cal.—Judge Coffey in Probate Court by a stroke of his pen made John D. and Adolph B. Spreckels $5,000,000 poorer. In other words, he held their mother must share equally with Rudolph Claus A. and Mrs. Forriss in their father's $10,000,000 estate, although their father expressly provided in his will that the latter should be excluded because he had advanced to them large sums during his life.

The judge held that he had no right to create precedent which was against general law, that does not recognize any such matters as advance or advancements made to certain children during the life of a parent. Hence the judge held the estate must be equally divided among heirs at law. The contest called out several learned arguments from counsel, and it is one of the most noteworthy in recent years.

HER NERVE WINS BET

Logansport Girl Ascends 185-Foot Smokestack on a Wager

Logansport, Ind.—When taunted by a friend that she would faint if she ever got ten feet off the ground Miss [illegible], a young bookkeeper interested in aviation, said she would go to the top of the 185-foot smokestack at the plant of the Logansport Heating Company. The [illegible] company [illegible] not have the nerve.

She took the bet to the plant on [illegible] to the foreman and [illegible] ascend. She [illegible] and was notified [illegible] of the giant stack. [illegible] and warned [illegible] on the [illegible]. She then decided to ride in an aeroplane.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY VIRTUE of sundry writs of Fieri Facias and Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the court house in Wellsboro, Pa., on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1910, at two o'clock p. m., the following described real estate in Tioga county, Pa.:

1. All that lot of land situate in Wellsboro, Tioga County, Pennsylvania, and described as follows: Bounded Northeast by a lane running from Grant Street to Sturrock Street; Southeast by lands now or late of Ester Wivel; Southwest by lands of W. E. Champaign, and Northwest by land known now or formerly as the John Sticklin lot; being about 144 feet front on said lane and extending back the same width, more or less, to the said land of W. E. Champaign. All improved with a two story framed tenement house containing five apartments, some outbuildings and fruit and ornamental trees thereon, and premises connected with the City Water system. To be sold as the property of William Mason, suit of Harriet M. VanHorn.

2. Also—All that lot of land situate in Delmar Township, in said Tioga County, and State of Pennsylvania, and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the Northeast corner of lot No. 92 of the Pennsylvania Joint Lumber and Land Company, now or formerly, and the Northeast corner hereof; thence by lot No. 93, South 29° East, 102 8-10 rods to the Northern boundary of the right of way of the Fine Creek Railway; thence along same North 79° West, 20 2-10 rods to a post; thence along lands of F. M. Andrews, now or formerly, North 29° West, 96 6-10 rods to a post in the North line of lot No. 92; thence along said line North, 75° East, 15 8-10 rods to place of beginning. Containing ten acres. All improved with a two story framed dwelling house with shed attached, a two story framed barn and other outbuildings, some fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered. To be sold as the property of William Mason, suit of Harriet M. VanHorn.

3. All that certain lot, piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in Union township, Tioga County, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the Public road leading from Roaring Branch to Liberty; thence North thirty-seven degrees west eleven rods, to a post; thence South forty-seven degrees West fourteen rods to a post; thence South thirty-seven degrees East nine rods to a post on the West side of the public road; thence North fifty-six degrees East fourteen rods to the place of beginning. Containing one hundred forty perches. Nearly all improved with a large two-story framed dwelling house with kitchen and wood-shed attached, some outbuildings, fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered. To be sold as the property of Eleanor L. Schuars, suit of Grace M. Spalding Smith.

4. All that certain lot, tract or parcel of land situate in the township of Morris, in the County of Tioga and state of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stake at the public road known as the "Linck road"; thence North along lands of Samuel Comstock to a stake in warrant line; thence east along said warrant line to a stake corner of lands of Lois Welsh; thence south along said lands of Lois Welsh to a stake corner at said "Linck Road"; thence west along said Linck road to place of beginning, containing twenty-seven acres of land, be the same more or less, and being part of Warrant No. 1523 Hughes and Fisher warrantees, also being part of a larger tract of land conveyed by indenture of William Bache to R. H. Hartsock, the grantor of these presents and the same being recorded in the office for the recording of deeds at Wellsboro, Pa., in Deed Book No. 45 page 601 on the seventh day of June, A. D. 1870. To be sold as the property of B. G. Webb and Maud B. Webb, suit of Ettie Signor.

5. Also—All that other lot of land situate in the township of Morris, County of Tioga and state of Pennsylvania, described as follows: Beginning at a stake and stones being the northeast corner of lands of Clark Brothers in said township; thence north 5 degrees east 84 rods to a stake; thence south 85 degrees east fifty rods to a stake and stones; thence south 5 degrees west 106.5 rods to a post; thence north 85 degrees west 25 rods to a chestnut fence post; thence north 5 degrees east 14 4 rods to center of public road; thence north 69 degrees west 26 2 rods along said road to land of Clark Brothers; thence north 5 degrees East 50 rods to the place of beginning. Containing twenty-five and six-tenths acres more or less, being a portion of the land formerly of Samuel B. Comstock, deceased, and an interest therein conveyed by E. G. Comstock, administrator of Samuel B. Comstock, by order of the Orphans' Court of Tioga County for payment of debts, etc., and dated on July 19th, 1899. Excepting and reserving therefrom this last described ten acres, sold to Ellie E. Campbell by deed dated November 12th, 1900, and recorded in Deed Book No. 114, page 348, November 15th, 1900. A reference thereto had it will more fully and at large appear. Of the two lots of land last above described about thirty acres are improved with a two-story framed dwelling house, two log barns with sheds attached, a framed wash-house, a framed chicken coop, and other outbuildings, some fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered. To be sold as the property of B. G. Webb and Maud B. Webb, suit of Ettie Signor.

6. All that lot of land situate in Clymer township, Pa., and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the north-east corner of lands owned by Elliott Sensabaugh, and the north-west corner hereof; thence along the highway south 85 degrees east, 39 rods; South, 75 degrees East, 25.9 rods and south, 70 and three-fourths degrees east, 29.3 rods to the north-west corner of lands owned by Fayette Briggs; thence south 84.4 rods to a warrant line; thence west along said warrant line 76 rods to the south-east corner of Elliott Sensabaugh's land and thence north 101 rods to the place of beginning; containing 43.5 acres, more or less, and being the same land conveyed to Adelbert Guild by deed dated February 16th, 1887, and recorded in Deed Book 98 page 35. About 25 acres improved, with a one and one-half story framed dwelling house, a framed barn, some fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered by a good spring. To be sold as the property of Albert Guild or A. D. Guild, Retta Guild, Olive Guild, Carrie Mather, Frank Guild, Loren Guild, Olive Guild West, Clarence Guild and Leo Guild, suit of Jerome Bottom now for use of S. F. Channell, Administrator of Mrs. L. M. Fairman, deceased.

7. Also—All that certain lot of land situate in Clymer township, Tioga county, Pa., and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the center of the road at the south-east corner of Squire Guild lot; thence westerly along line of said road 104.07 rods to a post; thence southerly 7.08 rods to a post; thence easterly 94.7 rods to the center of said road; thence northerly 7.04 rods to the place of beginning, containing four acres of land, more or less, and being the same and conveyed to Olive Guild by C. M. Bart and wife by deed recorded in Deed Book 116 at page 88. An improved with a two story framed dwelling house, outbuildings, some fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered. To be sold as the property of Albert Guild or A. D. Guild, Retta Guild, Olive Guild, Carrie Mather, Frank Guild, Loren Guild, Olive Guild West, Clarence Guild and Leo Guild, suit of Jerome Bottom now for use of S. F. Channell, Administrator of Mrs. L. M. Fairman, deceased.

8. Also—All that certain lot of land situate in Clymer township, Tioga County, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the center of the road at the south-east corner of lands of William Bennett; thence along the line of said road north 10 1 rods to a post; thence north 23 degrees east 44 rods to a post; thence north 10 1 rods to a post; thence west one hundred nine and 4-10 rods to the place of beginning. Containing twelve acres of land more or less and being the same land conveyed to Olive Guild by Ashley H. Short and Abbie A. Short, his wife, by deed dated June 27, 1888, and recorded in Book No. 88, at page 408. About 8 acres improved and rest wild land and well watered. To be sold as the property of Albert Guild or A. D. Guild, Retta Guild, Olive Guild, Carrie Mather, Frank Guild, Loren Guild, Olive Guild West, Clarence Guild and Leo Guild, suit of Jerome Bottom now for use of S. F. Channell, Administrator of Mrs. L. M. Fairman, deceased.

LYMAN D. GOODSPEED, Sheriff.
Nov. 10, 1910.

Kitchen Cabinets for $8.00.

WE will sell for a short time only Hathaway Kitchen Cabinets, the best in the market, for $8 only. Cabinets can be seen at J. A. CUMMER'S mill.—Mar. 5-tf.

PROCLAMATION IN DIVORCE. To JOSEPH E. MASTEN: You are hereby notified that Mae Masten, your wife, has applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and the said Court has appointed MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1910, at two o'clock p. m., for hearing the said Mae Masten in the premises, at which time and place you can appear if you think proper. LYMAN D. GOODSPEED, Sheriff.
Wellsboro, Pa., Oct. 27, 1910-4t.

W. D. VEDDER, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Special attention paid to diseases of women and children and electro-therapy. Office hours, 10 to 12 a. m., 3 to 5 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays by appointment. Both 'phones. Office in Wright Block, Wellsboro, Pa.

JOB PRINTING executed with neatness and dispatch at GAZETTE office.

A Night Message

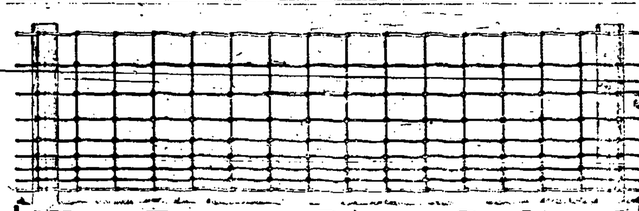
Have you ever been called to the corner telephone when your going made necessary a walk through rain or snow? The

Bell Telephone

often saves in one night the cost of service for a year. Call the Business Office today for rates.

Bell Telephone Company
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

C. E. LOVELL, Agent.



Wire Fencing Prices Reduced

Write today for a Free Copy of our New Fencing Catalogue

We have reduced our prices this year on our high grade woven wire fencing, sold in new factory connections, and the lowest prices ever known to anyone on high grade fencing is the result. We use for fencing only high grade steel wire instead of the soft wire commonly used and there is quality in every rod of it. We also sell poultry netting, ornamental wire fencing, line wrought steel fencing and all other fencing material and our prices will certainly interest you if you contemplate building a fence of any kind this fall. We have a special fencing catalogue which we will be glad to send you free if you will simply write a letter or a postal card and ask for it. Write us at the house nearest you, 10th and Campbell Streets, Kansas City, or Chicago Avenue Bridge, Chicago.

Montgomery Ward & Co., CHICAGO and KANSAS CITY

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New Fall Styles in Shoes
ARE HERE

Patents, Gun Metals and Dull Kid Leathers, Lace and Button Dependable Shoes for ladies and gentlemen

SEE OUR STYLES BEFORE BUYING

SMITH & STONE
Wellsboro's Leading Shoe Store

MAKE US PROVE IT WHEN WE SAY TO YOU

in an advertisement that we can, and will sell you better Stoves and Ranges for the money than you can get elsewhere, make us prove it. Make us "show you" when any dealer claims to give better values than someone else, make him show you what he will give you for a given sum, then come here and see the quality of our Stoves. We like to have you compare them with what you can get elsewhere. We say: Take these Stoves, match them in value if you can, and we will buy them back from you.

We expect every man of sound judgment to buy his Stoves where he can get the best actual value for the money that he pays.

Some time, some where, someone may sell you a Stove equal to the Summit. No time, no where, no one will sell you Stoves for the same money, which are better.

This is not carelessly made "brag" but a fact, which can be easily proven to your satisfaction, if you do not happen already to to know it. If you can match it anywhere for the money we will buy it back from you.

OUR MOTTO—Perfect Satisfaction or Money Back.

GARDNER & CO.

Exclusive Fall Fashions
FOR THE LADIES

IT is a pleasure to show you the smartly built, man tailored "STYLE-CRAFT" Suits and Skirts, as there is quality, style and service back of every garment sold.

¶ I have a large line of blacks and colors in sizes from 32 to 48. I have a suit designed especially for stout ladies. My line of Skirts were never prettier. Sizes from 22 to 38 waist measure. I also have a new line of modified Hobble Skirts and Dresses and Skirts, Shirt Waists and Rain Coats.

LOUISE MARCH
SUCCESSOR TO ROBINSON & MARCH
79 MAIN STREET : : UP STAIRS

IS THE WATER YOU DRINK AS PURE AS THIS?

Parity and cleanliness are the invariable rule at the Schwarzenbach brewery. Success in brewing lies in keeping out impurities.

The water must be pure, and boiled, to make it germ proof. The yeast must be pure, the malt and hops must be pure. Even the air with which the material came in contact must be pure and sterilized. Just as the secret of successful surgery lies in keeping germs away from the parts operated upon, so it is with modern brewing.

These are the days of germs. The water you are using may be contaminated, but you are always safe when you drink

Schwarzenbach Beer

AND HOW YOU WILL ENJOY IT.

The Schwarzenbach Brewing Co.
GALETON, PA.

JOHN D. SKELTON, DISTRIBUTOR, WELLSBORO, PA.

A PLEASING PROSPECT FOR THANKSGIVING

is afforded [illegible] remarkable [illegible] we have secured for the coming holiday [illegible] Hathaway [illegible] Kitchen Cabinets [illegible] at [illegible] Hathaway Kitchen Cabinets can be seen at the Cummer Lumber Co. [illegible]

Yahn & Westbrook's
[illegible] WALN ST., WELLSBORO, PA.

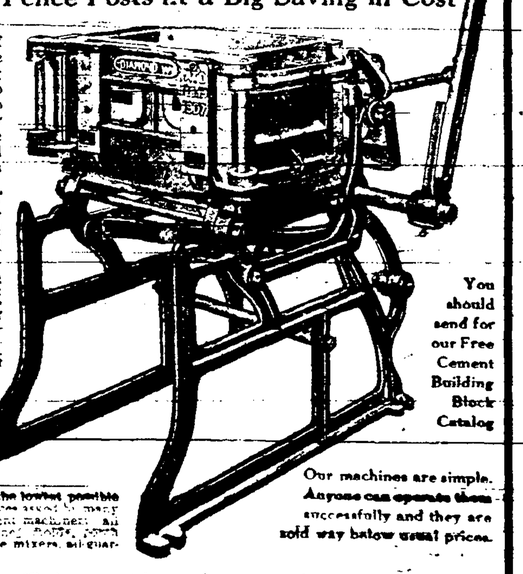
E. B. POND
PAINTING AND PAPERING
Cor. Crafton & Water Streets
WELLSBORO, PA.
Farmers Phone [illegible]

Gasoline Engine for Sale.

A [illegible] engine [illegible] Wellsboro, Pa.

Make Your Own Building Blocks, Silo Blocks, Drain Tile and Fence Posts

With Our Low Cost Machinery any Farmer Can Make His Own Building Blocks, Drain Tile and Fence Posts at a Big Saving in Cost



You should send for our Free Cement Building Block Catalog

[illegible] on a stone quarry or who lives near one or more of the [illegible] where the most that may be used as supply for the building cement is the cheapest and best building material he can use. Enough Portland Cement to make all his [illegible] costs about two or three cents. [illegible] factors the gravel or crushed stone and costs nothing at all but the hauling and the building blocks, drain tile and fence posts may be made at odd times when it is inconvenient to do other work on the farm. This enables the farmer to build farm buildings of all kinds at the lowest possible cost, frequently for much less than even on third contract prices, and could better business than he would have if he used other [illegible] material.

[illegible] cement [illegible] has become almost [illegible] on the farm, not [illegible] the farm [illegible] the [illegible] exception of [illegible] and of [illegible] cement [illegible] and their strength increases with age. Concrete fence posts are cheaper and better than wooden fence posts [illegible] and are fireproof. [illegible] cement for [illegible] and [illegible] cement [illegible] and is fireproof.

We sell cement working machinery of every kind at the lowest possible [illegible] many [illegible] in cement machinery. All kinds of building [illegible] machines, chicken fence, post molds, drain tile molds, fence post molds, concrete mixers, sidewalk molds, [illegible] composition.

Our machines are simple. Anyone can operate them successfully and they are sold way below usual prices.

Send for Our Free Catalogue. We issue a catalogue of cement working machinery of every description. It is filled with useful information for the farmer, builder and contractor. Send us a letter or postal card and say "Please send me your free Cement Building Block Machinery Catalogue" and we will forward it by return mail, postpaid. Write us at the point nearest you.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
CHICAGO AND KANSAS CITY

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